Catalogue of the Coins in the Indian Museum Calcutta

Catalogue of the Coins in the Indian Museum Calcutta

Including the Cabinet of the Asiatic Society of Bengal

Volume II

Part I. The Sultans of Dehlí

Part II. Contemporary Dynasties in India

H. Nelson Wright
I.C.S., F.R.N.S., M.R.A.S.



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PREFACE

In the recently issued volume I of this catalogue, Mr. Vincent Smith has narrated the events leading up to the inception of the work, and the division of it between himself and me.

The present volume is the first of three dealing with the coins of—

- I. The Sultans of Dehlí and their contemporaries in India.
- II. The Mughal Emperors.
- III. The East India Company and Modern India.

As indicated by the title it is divided into two parts.

Part I contains a catalogue of the coins of the six Muhammadan dynasties, who, between the years A. H. 589 (A. D. 1193) and 962 (A. D. 1555), made Dehlí their capital, and are collectively known as the 'Sultans of Dehlí'.

Part II deals with the issues of Muḥammadan rulers in various parts of India who were independent of but contemporary with the Sultans of Dehlí. It comprises eight sections, viz

- 1. Bengal.
- 2. Contemporaries of the early Sultans.
- 3. Kashmír.
- 4. The Bahmanis of Kulbarga.
- 5. Jaunpúr.
- 6. Gujarát.
- 7. Málwa.
- 8. Unidentified.

iv PREFACE

Of these, the first section (Bengal), with its introduction, is the work of Sir James Bourdillon, K.C.S.I., who has made a special study of the coins of the province in which the greater part of his Indian career was spent.

The period which this volume covers has had numerous historians, and the chronology is, except in the case of Kashmír, comparatively free from obscurity. I have therefore thought it sufficient to preface each section with a short introduction, the historical matter in which has been summarized from the most authoritative sources available.

For Part I, I am under obligations to Mr. Thomas's Chronicles of the Pathán Kings of Dehlí and Mr. Lane-Poole's introductory remarks in the British Museum Catalogue 'Sultáns of Dehlí'.

For the introductions to the sections in Part II, I have consulted Mr. Thomas's Chronicles, Miss Duff's Chronology of India, Dr. Führer's Sharqi Architecture of Jaunpur, and the various papers and books mentioned in the introductions themselves.

In cases of doubtful readings it has been a material help to be able to refer to Mr. C. J. Rodgers's catalogues.

The coins catalogued in this volume represent a selection from the two collections placed in my hands. Taking into consideration the haphazard manner in which these collections were formed, and the fact that they cover the same ground, it was necessary that there should be a large number of duplicates. Under the authority of the Trustees these and all defaced or worthless specimens have been excluded from the catalogue. The weights in grains troy and measurements in decimals of the inch have been recorded in almost every instance. Where, however, there are a number of coins of the same type differing only in date (e. g. pp. 63–5), it has not been

¹ See volume I (Smith), p. xvii.

PREFACE

thought necessary to give the weights and measurements of more than one or two specimens.

In connection with the serial arrangement of the coins, a departure from the system usually followed has been made. Where coins are issued from numerous mints—as was the case during the Súrí period (pp. 84-127)—the names of those mints are relatively more important for practical purposes than the dates. Instead, therefore, of cataloguing the coins in strict chronological order, it has been considered preferable to group together the coins from the same mint or of the same type, the mints being arranged alphabetically.

By the kind permission of the Trustees of the British Museum I have been enabled to reproduce the map of India in Mr. Lane-Poole's volume of the British Museum Catalogue illustrating the mints of the Muḥammadan rulers. Much has been done in recent years towards enlarging the list of towns in which mints were known to have been established, and endeavour has been made to incorporate all such information in the present map. In this connection I have had frequent occasion to refer to Dr. O. Codrington's list of mint towns in his Musalmán Numismatics, and a note by Dr. Taylor in the Third Numismatic Supplement to the Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal (1904), collating that list with one published by Mr. R. Burn, I.C.S. Dr. Codrington has also kindly helped me with suggestions during the preparation of the map.

The plates have been executed by the Clarendon Press from casts in plaster made by Mr. A. P. Ready of the British Museum staff.

I have to gratefully acknowledge the courtesy and readiness to assist extended to me by Mr. Grueber and his fellow workers in the medal department of the British Museum, more particularly Professor Rapson, whose absence from the Museum will be deplored by students of Indian numismatics. To

vi PREFACE

Mr. Vincent Smith and Dr. Codrington I am obliged for their advice on general matters connected with the catalogue. To Sir James Bourdillon my thanks are due for help both in cataloguing the somewhat troublesome series of Bengal coins and in the revision of proofs. And finally I desire to record my appreciation of the manner in which the Clarendon Press has done its part in the production of this volume. Its accurate composition and skill have been of material assistance to me, and have, I may be permitted to hope, to some extent made up for my own lack of experience in matters of editorial technique.

H. NELSON WRIGHT.



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- II. RAZIYA-BAHRÁM-MAS'AÚD-MAHMÚD I.
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 - V. MUHAMMAD III-BIN-TUGHLAQ.
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IN THIS

CATALOGUE

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ض	z.				, — au
ط	<u>t</u> .	1	ه —ي	u, e	,— au

ABBREVIATIONS

Æ . . copper, including bronze.

A. H. . . Hijra era.

R . . silver.

A. S. B. . Asiatic Society of Bengal.

AV . . . gold.

B . . . billon (silver and copper).

B. M. C. . Catalogue of the British Museum.

I. A. Indian Antiquary.

I. M. C. . Catalogue of the Indian Museum, by Mr. C. J. Rodgers, 1893.

J. A. S. B. . Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal.

J. R. A. S. . Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society.

L. M. C. . Catalogue of the Lahore Museum, by Mr. C. J. Rodgers, 1894.

Málda . . found in the Málda district of Bengal.

M. m. . . mint mark, ornament or monogram.

Num. Sup. . Numismatic Supplement to the J. A. S. B.

Pl. . . plate.

Rivett-Carnac . acquired from Col. Rivett-Carnac, C.I.E.

Sq. . . square.

Taylor . . . Paper on the Coins of the Gujarát Saltanat, by Rev. G. P. Taylor, D. D., published in the J. R. A. S. (Bombay), 1902.

Th. . . Thomas's Chronicles of the Pathán Kings of Dehlí, 1871.

U. Pr. . received from the Government of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Var. . variant.

W. K. . History and Coinage of Málwa, by Dr. L. White King, C.S.I.

Numismatic Chronicle, 1904.

W. Lane . . acquired from Wilmot Lane, Esq., I.C.S. retd.

PART I SULŢÁNS OF DEHLÍ

SULTÁNS OF DEHLI

	Turks	,				
		٠.			A. H.	A.D.
	Muḥammad I ibn Sám	•	•	•	589	1193
	Qutbu-d-dín Aibak .		•		602	1205
	Árám Sháh		•		607	1210
IV.	Shamshu-d-dín Altamsh	•	•		607	1210
v.	Ruknu-d-dín Fíroz I .				633	1235
VI.	Raziya			•	634	1236
VII.	Muʻizzu-d-dín Bahrám.				637	1239
VIII.	'Aláu-d-dín Mas'aúd .				639	1241
IX.	Násiru-d-dín Maḥmúd I	13.	Mi.		644	1246
X.	Ghiyásu-d-dín Balban.		440	De.	664	1265
XI.	Mu'izzu-d-dín Kaiqubád	130	1	433	686	1287
XII.	Shamshu-d-dín Kaiúmurs	•	a, J.	2 100	689	1290
	HELL A	-	3.1	3		
	\underline{Khalj}	ís.				
XIII.	Jalálu-d-dín Fíroz II .	b		14.5	689	1290
XIV.	Ruknu-d-dín Ibráhím I	•	-		695	1295
XV.	'Aláu-d-dín Muhammad II				695	1295
XVI.	Shihabu-d-din 'Umar .				715	1315
XVII.	Qutbu-d-din Mubárak I				716	1316
XVIII.	Násiru-d-dín Khusrú .				720	1320
	$\mathit{Tu} \underline{gh} \mathit{la}$	qs.				
XIX.	Ghiyásu-d-dín Tughlaq I				720	1320
	Muhammad III ibn Tughla	ıq			725	1324
	Fíroz III				752	1351
XXII.	Tughlaq II				790	1388
	Abúbakr				791	1388
XXIV.	Muḥammad IV ibn Fíroz				792	1389
	Sikandar I				795	1392

							А. Н.	A.D.
XXVI. Mah	múd II .		•			,	795	1392
XXVII. Nașr	at (Interr	egnum	ı) .			•	797-802	1394–9
XXVIII. Daul	at <u>Kh</u> án l	Lodí	•	•	•		815	1412
			Sayy	ids.				
XXIX. Khiz	r <u>Kh</u> án		•				817	1414
XXX. Mub	árak II						824	1421
XXXI. Muh	ammad V	ibn F	aríd				837	1433
XXXII. 'Álan	n Sháh .				•		849	1445
			Lod	ís.				
XXXIII. Bahl	ol .	•					855	1451
XXXIV. Sika	ındar II						894	1488
XXXV. Ibrá	bím II .	- m(a,m)Jar	17.		923	1517
	200	S. Same	~ .		(0)	/six		
	1660	(31)	Súr	18.	100	73		
XXXVI. Sher	Sháh .		•		27/10		946	1539
XXXVII. Islán	n Sháh	·	11		الما		952	1545
XXXVIII. Muḥ	ammad 'Á	dil	100	\sim	- 1	4.7	960	1552
XXXIX. Ibrál	hím III	78.	1	Ъ.	الاي		961	1553
XL. Sika	ndar III	7.33	-		-		962	1554

INTRODUCTION

The history of the Sultans of Dehlí with special reference to their coins has been chronicled by Mr. Edward Thomas, whose book, 1 published more than thirty-five years ago, still remains the standard work on the subject. The most important contributions in later years to the study of the series have been those made by the late Mr. C. J. Rodgers of Amritsar, Panjáb, India, in the form of supplements to Mr. Thomas's work published in the Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal between the years 1880 and 1896, and by Mr. Stanley Lane-Poole in the catalogue of the coins of the Sultans of Dehlí in the cabinet of the British Museum. 2

Six distinct dynasties are included in the term 'Sultans of Dehli'. To quote from the introduction to Mr. Lane-Poole's volume: 'The founder of the line of Dehli, Muhammad ibn Sam, was a Ghori Turk; and his successors, the rest of the first dynasty, were his Turkish slaves and their offspring. The second dynasty, sprung from Jalal-ad-dín Fíroz Shah, was composed of Khalji Turks. The third dynasty, that of the Taghlak Shahis, was of the race of the Jats. The fourth claimed descent from the Arab Husain, grandson of the prophet Muhammad, and called itself by the sacred title of Sayyids. Indeed, only the fifth and the sixth of the dynasties into which the kings of Dehli are divided could properly term themselves Patán or Afghan, inasmuch as Buhlol belonged to the Lodi tribe of Afghans and Sher Shah to the Súr division of the Lodi tribe.'

I do not propose to review in any detail the history of these dynasties. It will be sufficient for the purposes of this introduction to draw attention to those points in it which are illustrated by their coinage.

The majority of the 'Sultans' have no claim to the notice of posterity. They were content to lead lives of sensuous ease, leaving the control of affairs in the hands of such of their favourites and ministers as were able to keep in check the independence of the nobles

¹ The Chronicles of the Pathan Kings of Dehli, published by Trubner & Co., London, 1871.

² Published in 1884 by order of the Trustees.

and their turbulent retainers. When these got out of hand a revolution prepared the way for a change of dynasty, and for a time the fortunes of the Empire were controlled by a man with some pretensions to kingship. These qualities, however, were seldom transmitted to his successor.

Leaving out of account the Arab conquest of Sind in the eighth century and the invasion of Maḥmúd of Ghazni in the early years of the eleventh, Muḥammadan rule in India may be said to have commenced with the second battle of Tháneswar towards the close of the sixth century after the Flight.

Muʻizzu-d-dín Muḥammad ibn Sám, a prince of the ruling House of Ghor, turned his thoughts towards India soon after his appointment to the Governorship of the conquered province of Ghazni in A. H. 569. It was not, however, till twenty years later that he gained a permanent footing in Hindustán by the decisive defeat of a confederation of Hindu princes led by Prithví Rájá of Ajmír.

Muḥammad was shrewd enough to see the importance of issuing coins on indigenous lines in preference to introducing the standard of his own country. We therefore find that his currency was largely composed of the small pieces of mixed silver and copper known as Dehlíwáls, and weighing about 56 grains. These bore on the one side the familiar device of the Chauhán horseman and on the other the bull of Shiva, and the only alteration made by Muḥammad was in the legend in which his own name appeared in Nágrí characters. Similarly for his gold currency Muḥammad adopted the Qanauj device of a seated figure of Lakshmí. Arabic inscriptions appear only on a few of the smaller copper coins. The silver dirhams and gold dinars of Ghazni mintage were probably little used in Hindustán. They are seldom, if ever, found further south than Ráwalpindi. I have therefore excluded them from this catalogue.

When Muḥammad succeeded in A. H. 599 (A. D. 1202) to the throne of Ghor his Indian provinces were governed by his general Quibu-d-dín Aibak, and at Muḥammad's death in A. H. 602 the latter became de facto sovereign, but seems to have refrained from exercising the royal prerogative of striking coin in his own name.

Up to this time little headway had been made in extending the boundaries of the Dehli kingdom, and when Shamshu-d-din Altamsh (whose name is frequently spelt Altitmish or Eltitmish on the coins) deposed Aibak's son Sind and Bengal were held by independent rulers, while the Panjáb, with Láhor as its capital, was sometimes at the mercy of one prince, sometimes of another. By vigorous offensive operations Altamsh made the power of Dehlí felt beyond the borders

of Hindustán, and his supremacy was acknowledged by the Khalífa of Baghdád, Al Mustansir, in A.H. 626 (A.D. 1228-9). Doubtless in commemoration of this honour Altamsh struck the coin which has been figured by Mr. Thomas on p. 46 of the Chronicles, and which is described both in this catalogue, No. 34, and in that of the British Museum, No. 35. Mr. Thomas considered that this coin was the 'veritable commencement of the silver coinage of the Dehlí Patháns', but that this was not the case seems to be clearly shown by the existence of coins Nos. 32 and 33 of this catalogue. In the former Altamsh calls himself Al Qutbi, doubtless to show his connexion with Qutbu-d-dín Aibak, whose slave he once had been and whose daughter he had afterwards married. The coin is also similar in device and legend to the gold coin figured on p. 78 of the Chronicles, which bears on the reverse a portrait of the king on horseback after the Ghor model, and is dated A.H. 608. These peculiarities seem to indicate that the coin was issued in the early days of Altamsh's reign. Coin No. 33 bears on its obverse the name of the Khalifa Al Násir-la-dín, the predecessor of Al Mustansir on the throne of Baghdád, who died in A. H. 622. This coin also must therefore be ascribed to an earlier date than Mr. Thomas's No. 28.1

Coin No. 38 of this catalogue, the mint name of which has not been satisfactorily identified, may here be noticed in passing. Dr. Hoernle has suggested Lakhnautí, 2 Mr. C. J. Rodgers Ghor. Dr. Codrington agrees with me as to the difficulty of accepting either of these readings, and refers to Mr. Thomas's reading of the mint name, Nagor, on No. 59 of the Chronicles (p. 78). That reading, however, as Mr. Thomas himself admits, requires justification, for apart from the fact that Nágor has the initial α long, it is surprising to find a gold coin of Ghori pattern issuing from a mint in Rájputána. Unfortunately the provenance of No. 32 and Mr. Thomas's coin is unknown. These and all the silver coins of Altamsh with the exception of No. 40 are silver tankas. full weight of the tanka should be 175 grains, the weight of 100 ratis, but few, if any, of the earliest specimens weigh more than 170 grains. This standard for the silver coinage, introduced by Altamsh, was destined to survive, except for short periods, till the remodelling of the coinage by Sher Sháh.

The only specimen known of Altamsh's gold coinage is the coin of 70 grains above alluded to and figured on p. 78 of the *Chronicles*. Arabic inscriptions were in this reign more largely used on the billon currency, and an issue of minute copper coins, some weighing as little as 10 grains, was introduced.

Coins Nos. 77-9, which bear the joint names of Altamsh and

¹ See J. R. A. S., 1900 (July), p. 482.

² J. A. S. B., 1881, p. 66.

Cháhada Deva of Ajmír, may also be noticed here, as they illustrate the tendency of the Muḥammadan Sultáns, after acquiring Hindu territory, to assimilate the local coinage with very slight modification.

The mastery obtained by Altamsh is clearly shown by the acceptance as Empress, in deference to his wishes, of his daughter Raziya, the only Muḥammadan queen in her own right who ever occupied the throne of Dehlí. Her reign, however, was a short one of three years, and from a numismatic point of view is only remarkable for the establishment of an imperial mint at Lakhnautí (Gaur) in Bengal.

Her brother Násiru-d-dín Mahmúd I seems to have been the first to introduce the gold tanka (No. 133), of the same weight and pattern as the silver tanka. This Sultán was also responsible for the simplification of the copper coinage. The catalogue contains several types of his silver coinage which are seldom met with and little known.

He was succeeded by his brother-in-law Ghiyáṣu-d-dín Balban, a stern but enlightened and efficient ruler who had taken a leading part in the administration in Maḥmúd's reign. Balban's reign of twenty-two years was passed in comparative quiet, but scarce coins struck at the mints of Lakhnautí and 'the district of Sultánpúr' indicate absences of the sovereign from head quarters. Balban was the first to discard the Hindu device of the Chauhán horseman on his billon coins, substituting in its place his name in Nágrí characters. His silver and gold coins followed in type those of Maḥmúd, but the death of the last Khalífa of Baghdád in A. H. 656 rendered necessary a slight modification of the legend.

One is struck, in dealing with the coins of the period from Maḥmúd I to Mubarak I, with the scarcity of fractions of the silver tanka. Our acquaintance with these small silver pieces is limited to a few one-anna pieces of Maḥmúd I, Balban, and Fíroz II, ² a single two-anna piece of Kaiqubád, ³ and a half-rupee of the same sovereign. ⁴ Time-honoured custom was in favour of the use of billon money to the exclusion of silver, and possibly the small anna pieces were only struck for purposes of largesse.

Balban was succeeded by his grandson, Kaiqubád, but the dissolute habits of the young Sultán hastened his end, and in A. H. 689 (A. D. 1290) the Turks gave place to a dynasty of *Khaljís*, who occupied the throne of Dehlí for a period of thirty years.

¹ J.A.S.B., Num. Supp. I, 1904. See also the introduction to the coins of the kings of Malwa.

² The coin of Firoz II is in the cabinet of R. Burn, Esq.

⁸ J.R.A.S., July, 1900, p. 484.

^{*} In my own cabinet (unedited).

In the reign of the founder of the Khaljís, Jalálu-d-dín Fíroz, the first attempt was made to extend the influence of Dehlí over the south of India. The command of this venture was entrusted to the Sultán's nephew 'Aláu-d-dín, who eventually usurped the throne and assumed the title of Muḥammad Sháh. Elated doubtless with his successes in the south, this prince calls himself on his tankas 'the Second Alexander'. Otherwise Muḥammad II's coins, which are found to this day in large numbers, vary little in type from those of his predecessors. For the first time, however, a mint name from Southern India—Deogír, now Daulatábád—appears on the gold and silver coins. Others are struck at 'the abode of Islám' (دار الله الله), which is presumably a synonym for Dehlí, and a few specimens are known of a square currency in gold, an idea which was further developed by his son Qutbu-d-dín Mubárak, and extended to silver, billon, and copper.

This monarch's gold and silver coins are perhaps the finest in the whole series, surpassing even those of Muhammad ibn Tughlaq in the deepness of their relief. Though he reigned for only four years, the variety of the titles which he arrogates to himself on his coinage is remarkable. Spiritual allegiance to the Khalifate is thrown off, and الامام الاعظم خليفة ربّ العالمين Mubarak does not hesitate to proclaim himself الامام الاعظم خليفة ربّ 'the supreme head of the religion of Islam, the Khalifa of the Lord of heaven and earth.' The name of Dehli on the coins is disguised by the more pretentious titles of Hazrat Dáru-l-Khiláfat, Dáru-l-Mulk, Dáru-l-Islám, and Qutbábád. The Sultán's private character was, however, in marked contrast to his professions, and the affairs of the administration were left in the hands of a convert Hindu of low birth. The latter seized the opportunity to murder his master and proclaim himself Sultán with the title of Násiru-d-dín Khusrú, but such presumption was not to be tolerated, and Khusrú proved no match for Ghází Beg Tughlaq, to whom Mubárak had entrusted the command of his frontier. Defeating Khusrú in A. H. 720 (A. D. 1320) Tughlaq was prevailed upon to accept the throne, and became the founder of a dynasty which lasted for close on a hundred years.

One of the chief events in Tughlaq's reign was the campaign in the Dakhan under the command of the Sultán's son Ulugh Khán, which resulted in the capture of Bidar and Warangol. The latter town was renamed Sultánpúr, and became later an imperial mint town. Tughlaq was murdered on his return from an expedition against Bengal in A. H. 725 (A. D. 1325) by this same son, who succeeded his father on the throne as Muhammad Sháh III.

In the early part of this sovereign's reign of twenty-seven years the

prosperity of the kingdom of Dehlí was at its zenith. At his death the disintegration of the Empire had already commenced. Its size had made it unwieldy, and the long absences of the Sultán from his capital encouraged disaffection. Muḥammad III died during a fruitless expedition against Sind in A. H. 752 (A. D. 1351).

The annals of this period are rich from a numismatic point of view. To quote Mr. Thomas (p. 206), Muḥammad bin Tughlaq's 'mintages are instructive both in the novelty and variety of their types, admirable in the artistic perfection of their design and execution, and especially significant in their reflex of the individuality of the monarch himself, marking, as they do, the various phases of his career—his early wealth and reckless profusion, its resulting poverty, which he attempted to meet by a forced currency, and equally his ready return to money payments on its ascertained failure'.

Following in his first issues the standard set by his predecessors he was quick to initiate a new departure, a gold dinar being issued at a weight of 200 grains, while for the silver tanka was substituted an 'adli of 140 grains. The change seems to have been prompted by a fall in the relative value of gold to silver, the imperial treasury having been replenished by large quantities of the former metal as a result of the campaigns in the Dakhan. It is probable that neither of these new standards had a long life, for the latest of the heavy gold dinars is dated A. H. 729. The 'adli seems to have disappeared even sooner, the revival of the old tanka of 175 grains being accompanied by an issue of heavy coins of mixed metal approximating in weight to the 'adli (see No. 330 et seq.).

The year A. H. 730 witnessed another and equally unsuccessful experiment on the part of the Sultán in the shape of brass token money (No. 375 et seq.). Mr. Lane-Poole has shown (B. M. C., pp. xxiii, xxiv) that no correspondence can be discovered between the weights of these tokens and the coins which they were intended to represent. With the exception of Nos. 386, 388, and 400 the brass tokens bear clearly on their surface the name of the coin for which they passed. We find

 $^{\rm 1}$ The following provinces are mentioned by the historian Siráju-d-dín 'Umar as forming part of the Empire :

1. Deogir.	9. Malabár.	16. Bihár.
2. Multán.	10. Telingána.	17. Karra.
3. Kuhrám.	11. Gujarát.	18. Málwa.
4. Sámána.	12. Budáon.	19. Láhor.
5. Siwistán (Sehwán).	13. Awadh.	20. Kalánúr.
6. Uchh.	14. Qanauj.	21. Jajnagar.
7. Hánsi.	15. Lakhnauti.	22. Dwara Samundra
8. Sirsuti.		

the inscriptions make mention of 'a tanka' (=64 kánís), a 50 kání piece (the 'adli), a half piece (32 kánís), a quarter piece (16 kánís), an eight kání, a two kání, and a one kání piece (jital). This experiment of a forced currency failed on account of the ease with which the tokens could be fabricated. Some of these fabrications may be found in almost any collection of old copper coins in the bázárs of the larger towns at the present day.

When the Sultan saw that his scheme was destined to failure he lost no time in redeeming the tokens, and the year A.H. 732 saw a reversion to the old currency. The scarcity of the silver coins of this Sultan with dates later than A.H. 732 would seem to show that the imperial treasure had been exhausted by this drain upon it, and we find a prominent place in the currency taken by the smaller billon pieces (Nos. 344 and 350) answering in weight to the old Dehlivals.

In A.H. 740 the issue of coins seems to have been temporarily suspended, possibly owing to the transfer of the capital, with its entire population, to Daulatábád (Deogír), for coins of this date are seldom if ever met with.

In the following year (A.H. 741) an entirely novel series of coins was put into circulation, on which the Sultan's name no longer appears, but is replaced by that of the Khalífa Al Mustakfí b'illah. Muḥammad seems to have thought that his sovereignty was in need of external confirmation, and he bethought himself of the descendants of the Baghdad Khalífas now installed in Egypt. When the desired letters patent arrived it was found that Al Mustakfi had made way for Al Ḥakim Abu'l Abbas Aḥmad, and this Khalífa's name was borne on the coins till the close of Muḥammad's reign.

Muḥammad was succeeded by his cousin Fíroz Sháh III, whose long and uneventful reign of thirty-eight years was more devoted to internal affairs of state than military exploits. The name of the reigning monarch reappears on the coins along with that of the Khalífa of the time. Fíroz Sháh at an early period of his reign associated with himself in the government his eldest son Fath Khán, and after the latter's death his second and third sons Zafar and Muḥammad, and the names of all three are found in conjunction with their father's on the coinage.

Fíroz Sháh died in A. H. 790 (A. D. 1388), and before a dozen years had elapsed the weakness of his successors had brought the Dehlí empire to its lowest ebb. Khwája Jahán, the vazír of Mahmúd II, grandson of Fíroz III, had in A. H. 796 established an independent kingdom with Jaunpúr as its capital; Gujarát had seceded in A. H. 799 under Zafar Khán; and Diláwar Khán was preparing to wrest from

the Empire the important province of Málwa. Not even the capital was left in Maḥmúd's uncontested occupation, for in A.H. 797 another grandson of Fíroz Sháh (Naṣrat) advanced claims to the throne, and for several years the spectacle was witnessed of two kings issuing coins 'struck at Dehlí'.

Unable to preserve order in his own dominions, it is not any matter for surprise that Maḥmúd fell an easy prey to the invading army of Taimúr in A.H. 801. The flight of Maḥmúd left Dehlí at the mercy of the conqueror, and for five days the capital was put to the sack. On the retirement of Taimúr the former anarchy continued till the death of Maḥmúd in A.H. 815 (A.D. 1412) put an end to the dynasty of the Tughlags.

During the next ten years the government was left in the hands of leading nobles, who refrained from issuing coins in their own name. The dies of Fíroz Sháh III and his successors were still used, the dates only being altered, and it was not till Mubárak, the son of Khizr Khán, had occupied the premier position for some years that he ventured to put his own name on the coins.

In A. H. 855 (A. D. 1443) the Sayyid dynasty was set aside by Bahlol Lodí, an Afghán, whose strong rule restored to Dehlí much of the prestige that it had lost under the Tughlags and Sayvids. The province of Jaunpur was reannexed, and the name of that city appears now for the first time on the coins of the Dehlí series. Bahlol also gave his attention to the currency, and for the next seventy years the 'bahloli' of mixed metal, weighing about 145 grains, was the standard coin of the period. The Lodís appear to have issued no gold or pure The state of the treasury after half a century of anarchy probably prohibited the unrestricted use of the more valuable metals, and there were doubtless numbers of the gold and silver coins of the Khaljís and Tughlags still in circulation. For all practical purposes the bahloli, with its copper adjuncts, was sufficient, but the varying proportions of silver and copper contained in these coins (see Chronicles, pp. 359 and 368) must have complicated exchange and rendered the public an easy victim to the money changer. It was left for Sher Shah to put the currency once for all on a satisfactory footing.

The last and feeblest representative of the Lodís lost his kingdom on the field of Pánípat in A.H. 932 (A.D. 1525), and for twelve years Northern India was under the rule of the Chaghatai Mughals Bábar and his son Humáyún. The latter, however, did not possess the sterner qualities required for the position to which he succeeded, and was no match for Sher Khán who, at the head of a coalition of Afghán nobles, defeated him at Chaunsá and Qanauj, and drove him out of India.

The founder of the Súrí dynasty displayed in his short reign a talent for organization surpassing all his predecessors on the throne of Dehli, and rivalled only by Akbar among his successors. To him is due in a large measure the credit 'for the systemization of the revenue and fiscal departments of Indian policy which Akbar's eulogists have appropriated to their own master'. He lost no time in making sweeping reforms in the coinage. The mixed metal currency which the first Muhammad had found indigenous in his new territories, and had preserved in his own coinage, now for the first time disappears, and a new copper coin, known later as a dam, with its subdivisions of halves, quarters, eighths, and sixteenths, is issued. At the same time the silver tanka of Altamsh and his successors is given a wider circulation and its weight is altered. What the precise weights of this silver coin and the dám were intended to be has not been determined with any finality. Mr. Thomas (Chronicles, p. 405 et seq.) advances the theory that 'Sher Sháh's rupee ought to have weighed 178.25 grains of what was esteemed pure silver', and puts the weight of the dam at 323-5625 grains, the weight of the rati being calculated at 1.9375 grains. The known weights of Sher Sháh's rupee, however, so frequently exceed 178.25 grains in spite of wear and tear (cp. Nos. 615, 621, 635, 644, 658, and 676) that I feel some hesitation in accepting Mr. Thomas's deductions, more particularly when it is observed that Akbar's earliest coins (cp. No. 84 in the British Museum Catalogue, dated 963) sometimes weigh higher than Mr. Thomas's maximum. These facts would seem to point to a standard of not less than 180 grains as the professed weight of the rupee of Sher Shah. Whether that represented the weight of a tolah is not clear. In Akbar's reign the tolah of 12 mashas. as estimated by Prinsep, weighed 186 grains, and Abul Fazl gives the weight of Akbar's rupee as 11½ máshas or 178.25 grains. It does not however follow that Sher Shah's coins must be tested by the same standard, and it is possible that in Sher Shah's time the weights of the silver rupee and the tolah were identical as they are at the present day. This would make the rati equivalent to 1.875 grains (180 + 96), a weight approaching very closely to that assigned to the rati by Mr. Maskelyne. The dam of Akbar according to Abul Fazl weighed 1 tolah 8 mashas and 7 ratis = 167 ratis. Whether the dam of Sher Shah weighed the same number of ratis we do not know. If it did we should expect to find the copper coins weighing about 313 grains (167 $\times 1\frac{7}{8}$), but their average weight is much higher. Coins weighing over 320 grains are common, while some few specimens weigh as much as 325 and 326

¹ Chronicles, p. 392.

grains. If allowance is made for wear and tear a standard weight of 380 grains or 176 ratis would not be unreasonable. Mr. Thomas has himself alluded to a coin from the Hissár mint weighing 329 grains. I am however bound to admit that these deductions are not based on any data other than the known weights of a large number of coins.

Another innovation in the coinage of Sher Sháh is the presence on the coins of the names of numerous mints. The method of establishing mints at the more important centres, though not unknown to his predecessors, was largely developed by Sher Sháh, and adopted by Akbar and succeeding Mughal emperors. From this time, therefore, the Dehlí coinage acquires an added interest for students of political geography, as marking with some degree of precision the extent and influence of the Dehlí empire. The cabinets of the Indian Museum and Asiatic Society are unusually rich in the coins of the Súrís. There are described, for example, in the present catalogue, 166 coins of Sher Sháh, as compared with 68 in the British Museum Catalogue and 120 in the collection of the late Mr. C. J. Rodgers in the Láhor Museum.

The unfortunate accident which led to Sher Sháh's early death in A. H. 952 (A. D. 1545) before the fortress of Kálinjar was a great loss to the Empire. His successor did not command the confidence of the nobles, and at his death in A. H. 960 (A. D. 1552) the dissensions between rival claimants to the throne made the way easy for Humáyún's return. On November 5, 1556, a battle on the field of Pánípat again gave India to the Mughals, and, though Muhammad 'Ádil Sháh retained some authority in his eastern dominions till his death in A. H. 964, that victory marks the closing scene in the fortunes of the Sultáns of Dehlí.

While this catalogue was going through the press I received from Col. Shepherd, Indian army, a copy of a note sent by him to the Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal on the reading of the phrase on the Súrí copper coins. For الديان Col. Shepherd advocates reading الديان The former, which is the reading hitherto adopted, makes no sense, and was considered to be a blundered rendering of الدنيا. The latter is a good Arabic word, and may be translated 'the requiter', 'the subduer', 'the ruler', or 'the just'. It is a name of God, and its juxtaposition to الدين is peculiarly apposite in that both words are from the same Arabic root.

The phrase الناصر لدين الديان occurs on a Bahmaní coin—No. 2 of Section IV of this catalogue—where the possibility of blunder on the part of the engraver is remote.

The proposed reading الديان is supported by the evidence of several

coins in this catalogue,—particularly Nos. 817 and 818, where the dots under the ψ are quite distinct,—and I have incorporated it in this catalogue. I only differ from Col. Shepherd in thinking that ψ refers directly to ψ —the protector of the religion of the Requiter (i. e. God)—and is not a title adopted by the Sultan. I have to acknowledge with thanks the help of Dr. M. S. Howell, I.C.S., retired, in this connexion.

H. NELSON WRIGHT.

CLEVEDON, SOMERSET, October, 1906.

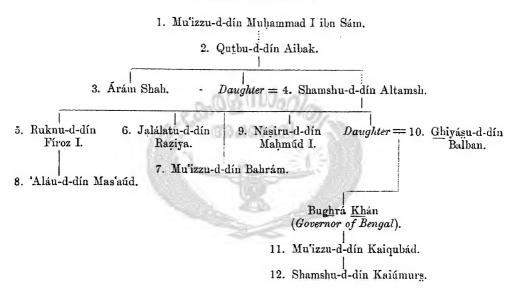


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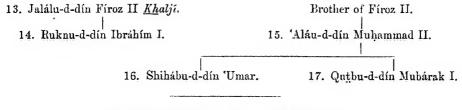
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GENEALOGICAL TREES OF THE SULTÁNS OF DEHLÍ

FIRST DYNASTY

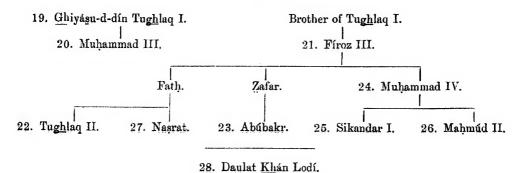


SECOND DYNASTY



18. Násiru-d-dín Khusrú vazír of Mubárak I.

THIRD DYNASTY



FOURTH DYNASTY

29. <u>Kh</u>izr <u>Kh</u>án *Sayyid*,

30. Mubárak II.

Farid.

31. Muhammad V.

32. 'Alam Sháh.

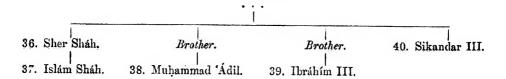
FIFTH DYNASTY

33. Bahlol Lodí.

34. Sikandar II.

35. Ibráhím II.

SIXTH DYNASTY



SULTÁNS OF DEHLÍ

I MUḤAMMAD BIN SÁM

А. н. 589-602.

A.D. 1193-1205.

No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
					OLD
1		_	Wt. 66-5 S. -8	Rude representation of the goddess Lakshmí. Rf. Th. 18. (Much alloyed.)	श्रीम इ मद्विनि साम
2 3			Wt. 64 S. ∙6	As on No. 1. Rf. Th. 19.	स्रा मद[ह] मीर मह[म] द सा म Rivett-Carnac
В				DIT	LON
4	_		Wt. 60 S. •6	In circle of dots السلطا الا عظم الا عظم محمد بن سام	In circle of dots Horseman to the left with lance at the charge.
				Rf. Th. 6.	Pl
5 6			Wt. 48·5 S. ·55	In circle of dots السلطان الا عظم معمد بن سام Rf. Th. 5.	Chauhán horseman to right, Above स्त्री हमीर:
7 8			Wts. 50–49 S. ∙55	السلطان المعظم معز الدنيا والدين	ابو المظفر معمد بن سام
				Rf. Th. 9.	A.S.B

Note.—Ghazni issues have been omitted from this series, which we will be a series.

9 10 11		-	1		
			Wts. 55-53 S. -55	Bull to left. On rump a trisúl. Around स्त्री महमद साम	Chauhán horseman to right. To right स्ती हमीर: (9 and 10) A.S.B.
12			Wt. 50 S. -6	Bull to left. Legend as on No. 9. Rf. J.A.S.B., 1883.	Chauhán horseman to right. On hind quarter جلال Above
					Pl.
13 14		-	Wts. 59-53 S. .55	Debased figure of bull to left. Trisúlonrump. Above स्ती महमद साम Under Nágrí a sword.	Narwar horseman. No legend.
			6	Rf. Th. 13.	(13) A.S.B.
			166.0	(87) 4613(2)	6.
15			Wt. 53	As on No. 13, but o under Nágrí.	As on No. 13. A.S.B.
16			Wt. 43	As on No. 13, but no mark under Nágrí.	As on No. 13. A.S.B.
Æ				COP	PER
17			Wt. 47 S. •5	In square معز الدنیا Rf. A.A. Pl. xx. fig. 14.	In square والد ين ين
18 19 20	-		Wts. 48-47-44 S.	Standing bull to left. Above सीस (?)	In rayed circle معزي
			•5	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1880.	(19 and 20) A.S.B. Pl.
21 22	_	-	Wts. 40·5-43·5 S.	Within plain and dotted circles معز	Within plain and dotted circles عدل
			∙45	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1880.	(21) A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
23	_		Wt. 37·5' S. ·5	Within hexagon formed by two triangles سام Rf. I.M.C., p. 5 (9658).	Within hexagon formed by two triangles السلطان

MAḤMÚD BIN MUḤAMMAD

В	1	(BI	LLON
24 25		Wts. 51–59 S. •55	السلطان الا عظم محمود بن محمد بن سام	Horseman to right. Above and to right सी हमीर: Below: a crescent.
	11		Rf. Th. 25.	(24) A.S.B. Pl.

ISSUES OF TÁJU-D-DÍN-YALDUZ

В		1		BIL	LON
26 27 28	-		Wts. 53-51.5 S. .55	In dotted circle السلطان المعظم ابو الفتح يلدز السلطاني	Chauhán horseman to right. Below: a star. Traces of 表記 表記(
199				Rf. Th. 24.	(26) A.S.B.
29	_	_	Wt. 51.2 S6	As on No. 26.	As on No. 26, but a crescent in place of star.
			15, .0	Rf. Nil.	Pl.
Æ				COL	PER
30 31	_		Wts. 37-43.8 S. .5	In dotted circle Standing bull to left. Above स्त्री मज	In dotted circle معز الدنیا والدین عبده یلدز
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1880.	(30) A.S.B. Pl.

ALTAMSH

IV SHAMSU-D-DÍN ALTAMSH

а.н. 607-633.

А.D. 1210-1235.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
32	?	ą.	Wt. 164·5 S. 1·1	In dotted circle السلطان المعظم شمس الد نيا والدين ابو المظفر التتمش القطبي ناصر [ا]مير المومنين	VER In circle King on horseback to left with upraised mace in right hand. Margin البلو مس س س البالية
33	2	6	Wt. 157 S. 1·1	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1881, p. 55. In circle محمد رسول الله الناصر لدين الله امير المومنين Margin	A.S.B. Pl. Pl. In circle السلطان والدين ابو المظفر التتمش السلطاني
34	ģ	Ţ	Wt. 165 S. 1-1	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1881, p. 67. In double square—scroll work in segments لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله	A.S.B. In double square within circle—three dots in each segment في عهد الا مام المستنصر امير المرنين المومنين Margin
35	<u>Q</u>	(6)30 ?	Wt. 168 S. 1·1	Rf. Th. 28. In circle لا اله الا الله مجمد رسول الله المستنصر بامر الله امير المومنين Margin التنكة في شهور سنة	ضرب ه
1			l	Rf. Th. 30.	A.S.B.

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
36	P	630	Wt. 165 S. 1·1	Legend in circle as on No. 35, but بالله in place of بامر الله Margin قلثين و ستماية	Legend in double square as on No. 35, but التتبش
37	2	632 ?	Wt. 151·5 (a piece broken off) S. 1·1	As on No. 35, but date in margin اثنى و ثلثين و ستماية)	As on No. 35, but ایلتتمش A.S.B.
38	3	633	Wt. 167-5 S. 1-15	لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله المستنصر بالله المستنصر بالله المين و ستماية المين و ستماية المين و ستماية المين المين المين و ستماية المين و ست	In double square—scroll work in segments السلطان الاعظم شمس الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر التتمش السلطان ناصر امير المومنين
39	Bilád-al- Hind	¥	Wt. 160·5 S. 1·1	In double square within circle—a single dot in each segment في عهد الامام المستنصر امير المستنصر المير Margin	Pl. Area enclosed as on obverse السلطان الاعظم شمس الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر التمش السلطان Margin (خ)راج فتوح و كو (؟)
40		_	Wt. 46 (pierced) S6	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1881, p. 66. The Kalima in Kufic characters. Rf. I.M.C., p. 10(13373).	

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse	
41	Dehlí	2	Wt.	BILLON In circle सा मुलता		
	DOM:		50·3 S. ·65	السلطان ایلتتیش Margin میلی فے دهلی فے	लि ति ति मि 	
42 48 44	_		Wts. 54–51 S. •5	Bull to left on jhúl । on hindquarter Ψ around सुरिताण स्त्री समसदिण (or दीण)	Chauhán horseman to right. Above and to right स्री हमीरः	
			a \$	Rf. Th. 42.	(42-43) A.S.B.	
45			Wt. 55	As on No. 42, but II on jhúl.	As on No. 42. A.S.B.	
46			Wt. 56	As on No. 42, but on jhal II on hindquarter	As on No. 42. A.S.B.	
47		. ,	Wt. 46	As on No. 42, but on jhúl 9 on hindquarter +	Pl. As on No. 42.	
48	-		Wt. 50·5	As on No. 42, but on jhal E on hindquarter +	As on No. 42.	
49	· <u>-</u>		Wt.	As on No. 42, but on jhúl o on hindquarter +	As on No. 42.	
50 51			Wts. 57–50 S. •6	Bull to left. Above समसदीण	Chauhán horseman to right in traces of dotted circle. Above सी ह Below horse +	
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1880.	Pl.	

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
52	-		Wt. 47·5 S. ·5	Bull to left. Below स्त्री मुख Rf. Th. 28 (b).	Chauhán horseman to right. Above स्त्री बज Pl.
53			Wt. 52 S. ·6	السلطان المعظم ايلتتيش السلطان	Horseman to right. Legend deleted.
			To common the second se	Rf. J.R.A.S., 1900, p. 482 (2).	A.S.B.
54	_		Wt. 50	As on No.53, but in a less stiff character, and التتمش for التتمش	As on No. 53.
			- J	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1880, p. 208 (9).	A.S.B.
55 56 57 58			Wts. 58-57 54-53 S. •55	شمس الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر ايلتتمش السلطان Rf. Th. 48.	Chauhán horseman to right. Above and to right सी हमीर: (55-56-57) A.S.B.
59 60	againn		Wts. 54·5–56 S. ·55	In dotted circle [شمس] الدنيا والدين ايلتنهش السلطان	Chauhán horseman to right. Legend not legible.
				Rf. Th. 47.	(59) A.S.B. Pl.
61			Wt. 55-5	As on No. 59.	As on No. 59, but type of horseman differs. A.S.B.
62 63	Dehlí		Wt. 51 S. -6	In square within circle دهلی السلطان الا عظم شمس عظم شمس الدنيا و الدين	Chauhán horseman to right. To right الستمش Above السلطان
evenue and interest passes		An a special policy and the special sp		Rf. J.A.S.B., 1880, p. 209 (10).	(62) A.S.

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
64	Dehlí		Wt. 50	As on No. 62, but دهلی in left marginal segment.	As on No. 62.
65 66			Wts. 54-49 S6	شهس الدنيا و الدين ايلتتهتس السلطان	Horseman to right; in place of rider's body a 6-rayed star. Legend indistinct.
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1894, p. 69 (26).	A.S.B. Pl.
67 68 69			Wts. 57-56- 57·7 S.	شمس الدنيا و الدين السلطان	Narwar horseman. No legend.
			∙55	Rf. J.R.A.S., 1900, p. 483.	(67-68) A.S.B.
70			Wt. 55 S. •55	السلطان الأ عظم شمس Rf. J.R.A.S., 1900, p. 483.	Pl. As on No. 67.
Æ			Man	COP	PER
71 72 73	authority.		Wts. 33·5–23 S.	In a hexagram التتمش	In a hexagram سلطان
			•5	Rf. Th. 57.	(71–72) A.S.B.
74 75			Wts. 23-26 S.	In two circles—the outer one of dots	In two circles—the outer one of dots
			•5	Kufic letters.	
		l)		Rf. Th. 55.	(74) A.S.B. Pl.
76		_	Wt. 22 S.	In rayed circle شیس	In rayed circle स्त्री सम
			.5	Rf. Th. 54.	स दी ण A.S.B.

With Cháhada Deva.

В			BIL	LON		
77 78 79	 	Wts. 51·5-51- 48 S. ·6	Bull to left trisal on hindquarter Around असावरी स्त्री समसीर्जदेव Rf. Th. 39.	Chauhán right. Around	horseman to स्त्री चाहड देव (77-78) A.S.B	
					1.	1

ANONYMOUS

(PROBABLY COINS OF ALTAMSH.)

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
80 81	Dehlí [Hazrat]		Wts. 67·5-62 S. •6	COP Within two circles—the outer one of dots عدل سلطان المعظم	PER Within two circles—the outer one of dots ضرب بحضرت دهلی
82	Multán		Wt.	Rf. B.M.C., 55. In square inscribed in a	(80) A.S.B. In a hexagon formed by
			55 S. •6	circle outside which is a dotted circle عدل عدل (sic) السلطا (Rf. Th. 49.	two equilateral triangles inscribed in a circle ضرب ضرب (sic) A.S.B.
83			Wt. 45⋅6 S. ⋅55	In dotted circle عدل السلطان * Rf. <i>I.M.C.</i> , p. 13 (12800).	In dotted circle عدل السلطان *
84 85 86	Dehlí	_	Wts. 33·7-29·2 S. ·5	In hexagon عدل Rf. J.A.S.B., 1896.	In hexagon دهلی
87 88	Dehlí [Ḥaṣrat]		Wts. 28–27 S. .55	Within octagram in- scribed in circle عدل السلطان Rf. Th. 53.	Within octagram in- scribed in circle حضرت دهلی دهلی
89		_	Wt. 10.8 S. .35	عدل Rf. Th. 52 (but of different weight).	PI. السلطان

v RUKNU-D-DÍN FÍROZ SHÁH I

а.н. 633-634.

A.D. 1235-1236.

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				SIL	VER
90	?	634	Wt. 169·3 S. 1·1	In double square within circle—three dots in each segment لا اله الا الله الله محمد رسول الله المستنصر بالله المستنصر بالله المرافقين المومنين المومنين Margin illegible. Rf. J. R. A. S., 1900	In double square within circle—one dot in each segment السلطان الا عظم ركن الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر فيروز شاه بن السلطان اربع وثلثين وستماية Pl.
B 91 92	_ (> ^		Wt. 55·5 S. •55	(variant). Bull to left on jhúl ।।। around सुरितां सी रुकण दोण	LON Chauhán horseman. Around 装用 表刊文:
				Rf. Th. 89.	(91) A.S.B. Pl.

VI

JALÁLATU-D-DÍN RAZIYA

	A. H	. 634–637	. А.Д. 1236-	-1239.
Æ			SILV	ÆR.
93	635	Wt. 159 S. 1·1	In double square within circle—one dot in each segment في عهد الأمام المستنصر امير المومنين Margin ضرب هذ شهور سنة	السلطان الاعظم جلالة الدنيا و الدين ملكة التنجش ابنت السلطان نصرة امير المومنين
			Rf. Th. 90.	<i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
94 95			Wts. 55·5-54·4 S.	السلطان المعظم رضية	LON Chauhán horseman.
			-55	الدنيا و الدين السلطان	Pl.
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1880. ¹	11.
96		_	Wt. 53.8 S.	السلطان الأعظم رضية الدنيا و الدين	Chauhán horseman to right. Around स्ती हमीरः
			-6	Rf. Th. 91.	Pl.
97	_	_	Wts. 55–53	السلطان الأ	Chauhán horseman to
			S. •55	عظم رضية الدنيا و الدين	Legend deest.
			All I	Rf. Nil.	(97) A.S.B.
99	-		Wt. 51 S.	 رضية الدنيا و الدين	Narwar horseman. No legend.
And the second			.0	Rf. Nil.	A.S.B.
Æ				COF	PER
100 101		_	Wts. 43-38 (2)	Bull to left. Above स्त्री समन्त [देव]	In rayed circle رضیه
102			-36 S. ⋅5	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1880.	(101–103) A.S.B. Pl.
104			Wt. 45·5	Standing bull (?). No legend.	As on No. 100.
			S. •54	Rf. Nil.	A.S.B.
105 106		_	Wts. 47-47.2	As on No. 100.	As on No. 100, but letters inverted.
100			S45	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1894.	(105) A.S.B. Pl.

Wrongly ascribed by Thomas to Ruknu-d-din Firoz (see Rodgers, J.A.S.B., 1880).

VII MUʻIZZU-D-DÍN BAHRÁM SHÁH

а.н. 637-639.

A.D. 1239-1241.

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
107	Dehlí		Wt. 50.8 S. .55	دهلے دهلے السلطان الاعظم معز الدنیا و الدین Rf. Th. 93.	LON Chauhán horseman to right. Above بن سلطان
108	-		Wt. 55 S. ∙55	السلطان الا عظم معز الدنيا و الدين Rf. Th. 96.	Chauhán horseman to right, Legend deleted. (108) A.S.B.
110 110 (a)	_		Wt. 58∙5 S. •55	Bull to left on jhal II on hindquarter U Above #; E Rf. Th. 95.	Chauhán horseman to right. Legend deleted.
111 111 (a)	_		Wt. 54 S. •55	Bull to left on jhúl ह on hindquarter + Around सुबतां स्त्री सुग्रज	Chauhán horseman to right. Legend deleted.
112 113 114 115	_		Wt. 55·7 S. •55	Rf. Th. 94. ابو المظفر [به]برامشاه [الـ]سلطان	Narwar horseman.
		s		Rf. Th. 26.	(112–113) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.

Note on Nos. 112-115.—These coins have hitherto been ascribed to Áiam Sháh, but more complete specimens leave no doubt that the word before יאנאם on the obverse is not راء. It is probably אינאם.

VIII 'ALÁU-D-DÍN MAS'AÚD SHÁH

а. н. 639-644.

A.D. 1241-1246.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
1161	3	4	Wt. 142 (much worn) S. 1.0	In double square within circle—loop and two dots in each segment في عهد الأمام المستنصر بالله امير المومنين	VER In double square السلطان الا عظم علا الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر شاة سلطان مسعود بن
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1881, p. 68 (27).	A.S.B. Pl.
117	q	640	Wt. 168·3 S. 1·0	In double square within circle—three dots in each segment في عهد الامام المستنصر امير المستنصر امير المومنين المومنين Margin	In double square as on obverse السلطان الا عظم علا الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر مسعود شاة ابن السلطان
				Rf. Th. 97.	Pl.
118	q	ą	Wt. 144 (much worn) S. 1.05	As on No. 117. Margin wanting.	In double square السلطان الا عظم علا الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر مسعود شاء بن سلطان Margin wanting.
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1881, p. 68, No. 28.	A.S.B.
119	ą	q	Wt. 163 S. 1·1	Area enclosed as on No. 117 في عهد الأمام المستنصر بالله امير المومنين لله Margin wanting.	As on No. 116, but area enclosed in double square within circle, scroll work in segments.
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1881, p. 68 (27).	A.S.B. Pl.

¹ Dr. Hoernle in the J.A.S.B. for 1881, p. 68, in describing this coin reads ها عالمونين I can find no traces of such letters, though there is a word which looks like احمد.

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
120	ş	ş	Wt. 164 S. 1.05	In double square within circle—three dots in segments في عهد الأمام المستعمم امير المومنين Margin illegible.	In double square within circle—three dots in seg- ments السلطان الا عظم علا الدنيا وا الدين ابو المظفر مسعود شاء بن السلطان Margin obliterated.
				Rf. Th. 98.	A.S.B.
121	7	64-	Wt. 170	As on No. 120. Margin اربعین و ستمایة	As on No. 120. Margin obliterated.
В				BILI	LON
122 123		641	Wt. 57 S. ∙5	Bull to left on jhûl 9 on hindquarter ३٠٠¹ Around सुरिताण स्ती ऋजावदिण	Chauhan horseman to right. Traces of स्री हमीर:
				Rf. Th. 101.	(122) A.S.B. Pl.
124 125		_	Wts. 59 & 56 S. •55	Bull to left. Above प्रजादि ण	Chauhán horseman to right. On the right स्री हमीरः
e de la constitución de la const				Rf. Th. 105.	A.S.B. Pl.
126 127	-		Wts. 59 & 50 S. ∙55	Bull to left. Around स्ती अलावदी सुरिताण	Chauhán horseman to right. On the right सी षजीप
				Rf. Th. 100.	A.S.B. Pl.
128	_	_	Wt. 50 S.	As on No. 126, but bull to right.	As on No. 126.
and the same of th			·55	Rf. Not previously published.	A.S.B. Pl.

¹ 1300 Samvat equals 641 A. H.

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
129	_	_	Wt. 50·7 S. •55	السلطان المعظم علا الدنيا و الدين	Chauhán horseman to right. Legend deleted.
130 131 132	-	_	Wts. 56–57– 58·7 S.	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1880. السلطان الا عظم علا الدنيا و الدين	Chauhán horseman to right. Above مسعود شاء
			•55	Rf. Th. 99.	(130-131) A.S.B.

IX NÁṢIRU-D-DÍN MAḤMÚD

А. D. 1246-1265.

а. н. 644-664.

A			18.62	(310,4361) (317) GC	LD
133	[Dehlí]	3	Wt. 168-5 S. 1-1	In double circle قى عهد الامام المستعصم امير المومنين Margin فى شهور سنة	In double circle السلطان الا عظم ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر محمود بن السلطان مصرب هذا
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1886.	Rivett-Carnac. Pl.
Æ 134	_		Wt. 164 S. 1·1	Area enclosed in double	Area enclosed as on obverse, ornamental scroll in segments السلطان الا عظم ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر محمود شاء بن سلطان No margin.
				Rf. Th. 60. B.M.C., 85.	A.S.B. Pl.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
135	Dehlí <i>Ḥazrat</i>	3	Wt. 164 S. 1·1	Area enclosed in double square within circle—three dots in each side segment and a loop in the top and bottom من عهد الأمام المستعسم امير المونين المونين Margin Rf. Th. 106.	Area enclosed as on obverse السلطان الا عظم ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر محمود بن السلطان Margin deest. (Crude lettering.)
136	,,	65	Wt. 169·3 S. 1·1	Same, but finer lettering. Margin ضرب هذه	Same. Margin deest.
			100	Rf. B.M.C., 87 (fig.).	A.S.B.
137	"	661	Wt. 163-3	As on No. 136. <i>Margin</i> بحضرت دهلی فی سنة احدی و ستین	
138	Lakh- nautí	655	Wt. 170 S. 1∙23	Same, but segments blank. Margin ضرب هذه تنكم بلكنوتي في صفر سنة خمس و خمسين و سيماية	Pl. Same, but ornamental scroll in all four segments. No space for margin.
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1881, p. 69.	A.S.B. Pl.
139	27		Wt. 169 S. 1-1	Same, but two dots in each segment. Margin ضرب هذه تنكه بلكنوتي في	In double square within circle. In segments خرب Top بلاد Left Bottom ? Right هند
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1881, p. 60.	A.S.B. Pl.

Æ. No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
140	Lakh- nautí (?)	65-	Wt. 140 S. 1-1	As on No. 135, but segments blank. Margin ضرب بلك خمسين و ستماية	السلطان الأعظم ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر محمود بن السلطان يوز بك (١) A.S.B.
в				BILI	ON
141 142	_		Wt. 54 S6	Within square السلطان الا عظم ناصر الد نيا و الدين	Chauhán horseman. Above محبود To right श्री हमीर:
				Rf. Th. 107.	A.S.B. Pl.
143 144	-		Wts. 55–48 S.	السلطان الا عظم ناصر الد نيا و الدين	Narwar horseman.
			All o	Rf. Th. 108.	A.S.B. Pl.
144 (a)		_	Wt. 18·7 S.	As on No. 141. Rf. I.M.C., p. 38 (9012).	As on No. 141. (Much cut.)
Æ			•45	COPI	ER
145 146	-		Wts. 13-12.5 S. .4	In circle ناصر عدل عدل Rf. Th. 109.	In circle حضرت دهلی Pl.

X <u>GH</u>IYÁSU-D-DÍN BALBAN

	o. 1265–1287.
\boldsymbol{X}	GOLD
147 Dehlí Hazrat 673 Wt. 168 الأمام المراهم ا	السلطان الا عظم السلطان الا عظم غياث الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر بلبن السلطان السلطان السلطان السلطان السلم بحضرت محضرت ستماية و ستماية السلم ا

No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
148	Dehlí <i>Ḥaṣrat</i>	677	Wt. 168	As on No. 147.	As on No. 147.
AR 149	,,	664	Wt. 166.5 S. 1.1	In double square within circle الامام المستعصم امير المومنين المومنين Margin ضرب هذه الفشة بحضرت دهلي في سنة اربع و ستين و ستماية	VER In single square within circle—annulets in top and bottom, and three dots in side segments السلطان الأعظم غياث الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر بلبن السلطان Margin as on obverse,
150	"	666	Wt.	Rf. Th. 112. As on No. 149, but	but portions only visible. As on No. 149.
151	1,	667	165 Wt. 164	ست As on No. 149, but سبع	As on No. 149, but in double square. A.S.B.
152	**	669	Wt. 168	As on No. 149, but تسع	As on No. 149.
153	"	673	Wt. 169.5	ک As on No. 149, but ثلاث و سبعین	Pl. As on No. 149. <i>A.S.B.</i>
154	Lakh- nautí	?	Wt. 169·5 S. 1·15	As on No.149, but margin (۱) ضرب هذه الفضة بخطه لکهنوتی فی	As on No. 149. A.S.B.
155	,,	667[19]	Wt. 169·7	As on No. 149. Margin ضرب هذه الفضة	As on No. 149—in margin ضرب هذه الفضة بخطه (۱) لك A.S.B.
B 156 157	-		Wts. 56–53.5 S. .65	BILI إلسلطان الأ عظم غياث الد نيا و الدين	
				Rf. Th. 113.	A.S.B. Pl.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				COP	PER
158			Wts.	Within circle	Within circle
159			71.5-67	السلطان	غياث الدنيا
			S6	السلطان الا عظم	غياث الدنيا و الدين
				Rf. Th. 114.	A.S.B.
160	Dehlí		Wt.	عدا.	In hexagram بعضرت دهلی
	Hazrat		31	عدل غياثي	بعضرت
	•		S.	-	دهلً.
]			-55	Rf. Th. 115.	G

XI MUʻIZZU-D-DÍN KAIQUBÁD

		A, I	ı. 686–689	A.D. 1287-	-1290.
AV		1	į.	GO	LD
161	Dehlí <i>Ḥaẓrat</i>	688	Wt. 166 S. 1.1	الامام الامام المستعصم امير المومنين <i>Margin</i> ضرب هذه السكم بحضرة دهلي في سنة ثمان و ثمانين و ستماية	In circle السلطان الا عظم معز الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر كيقباد السلطان Margin deest.
				Rf. B.M.C., 123.	A.S.B. Pl.
Æ				SILV	ÆR
162	,,	686	Wt. 165 S. 1·2	As on No. 161, but area enclosed in double square within circle. Margin الفضة لمحضرة دهلي في سنة ست و ثما	As on No. 161, but area enclosed as on obverse.
3				Rf. Th. 116.	A.S.B.
163	27	687	Wt. 166	As on No. 162, but date	As on No. 162. A.S.B.
В				BIL	LON
164 165	_		Wt. 54 S. .6	Within border السلطان الا عظم معز الد نيا و الدين	Within dotted circle کیقباد स्री सुखतां मु: युदीं
			-	Rf. Th. 117.	A.S.B. Pl.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
166			W 66-5 S. -65	(COP: السلطان الا عظم Rf, Th. 118.	PER معز الدنيا و الدين Pl.
167	_	_	Wt. 45	As on No. 166.	As on No. 166. A.S.B.
168 169	Dehlí <i>Ḥaẓrat</i>	_	Wts. 27·5-23 S. ·5	Within hexagonal border عدل معزی	Within hexagonal border بحضرة دهلي
			.9	Rf. Th. 119.	A.S.B.

XIII JALÁLU-D-DÍN FÍROZ II

		A.,	H. 009-090	. A.D. 1250-	-1490.
A.			08	GO	LD
170	Dehlí <i>Ḥazrat</i>	690	Wt. 167 S. ·1	الأمام الأمام المستعصم امير المومنين فرب هذه السكم الحضرة دهلي في سنة تسعين و ستماية	In circle السلطان الا عظم جلال الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر فيروز شاه السلطان Margin as on obverse.
3				Rf. J. A.S.B., 1883, p. 62.	W. Lane.
171	"	691	Wt. 167-6	As on No. 170, but احدی و تسعین	As above. A.S.B. Pl.
1721	"	694	Wt. 168 S. 1.1	As on No. 170, but امير in third line and اربع و تسعين in margin.	Ason No.170, but without any margin.
			7.	Rf. Num. Chr., 1885.	W. Lane. Pl.
173 174	37	695	Wts. 170–169 S.	As on No. 172, but خېس و تسعین	As on No. 172.
		,	∙95		(173) A.S.B. (174) Rivett-Carnac.
]		1	l	Rf. Th. 120.	Pl.

¹ The later type of the gold and silver coinage differs from the earlier type in having no margin on the reverse. Nos. 173 and 174 are of inferior workmanship, and were possibly struck in the Deccan.

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				SIL	ver
175	[Dehlí <i>Ḥaṣrat</i>]	689	Wt. 165	In double square within circle	In double square within circle
			S. 1.15	الأمام المستعصم امير المومنين Margin	السلطان الأعظم
			1.15	المستعصم أمير	جلال الدنيا و الدين
				Marain	ابو المظفر فيروز شاء السلطان
				تسع و ثمانین	No margin visible.
				Rf. B.M.C., 142.	
176	,,	690	Wt.	As on No. 175, but	As on No. 175.
			166	فی سنه تسعین و ستمایة	A.S.B.
177	22	691	Wt.	As on No. 175, but	As on No. 175.
			166	احدی و تسعین	Traces of margin.
				0.0.000	A.S.B.
178	Dehlí	693	Wt.	As on No. 175, but in	As on No. 175, but with-
	Ḥaẓrat		169 S.	margin ضرب هذه الفضة بحضرت دهلي	out margin. (Later type.)
			1.15	في سنة ثلث و تسعين و ستماية	(Later type.)
		1-		Rf. Th. 121 (fig.).	9
179	,,	694	Wt.	As on No. 178, but	As on No. 178.
			169	اربع	Rivett-Carnac.
					Pl.
180	,,	695	Wt. 167	As on No. 178, but	As on No. 178.
В			107	خبس PIT.	LON
181			Wt.	السلطان الأ	In square
182			53	عظم جلال الد	»اش
1			S. ·65	نياً و الدين	- فيروز Around
					त्राव्यात त्रीः सुसतां जसासुदीं
				Rf. Th. 122.	(181) A.S.B.
				M. In. 122.	(161) A.S.D. Pl.
Æ				COPI	
183	_		Wts.	السلطان	جلال الد
184			68·5–64 S.	الا عظم	نيا و الدين
			.6	Rf. Th. 123.	(183) A.S.B.
1					Pl.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
185 186 187	Dehlí <i>Ḥaṣrat</i>		Wt. 32·5 S. ·55	In hexagon عدل شاه فيروز	In hexagon ب ح ضرت دهلی
188	"	_	Wt. 32·5	Rf. Th. 124. As on No. 185, but in square.	As on No. 185, but in square.

XIV RUKNU-D-DÍN IBRÁHÍM SHÁH

		A. H.	695.	A. 1	D. 1295.	
В				BILLON		
189	Managedia	_	Wts. 46.5–50 S. .65	السلطان الأ عظم ركن الد نيا و الدين	ابراهیم شاه بن فیروز شاه	
				Rf. Th. 127.	(189) A.S.B. Pl.	

'ALÁU-D-DÍN MUḤAMMAD SHÁH II

		A. H.	595–715.	A.D. 12	295 – 1315.
A					OLD
191	Dehlí <i>Ḥazrat</i>	699	Wt. 168 S. 1.05	السلطان الا عظم علا الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر محمد شاه السلطان	Area in circle سكندر الثانى يمين الخلافة ناصر امير المومنين مرب هذه السكم بحضرة دهلى في سنة تسع و تسعين و ستماية
				Rf. Th. 130.	A.S.B.
192	,,	704	Wt. 170	33	اربع و سبعماية Date
193	"	705	Wt. 170	"	A.S.B. Date خوس و سبعمایة A.S.B.

No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
194	Dáru-l- Islám	707 *	Wt. 170 S. •95	As on No. 191.	As above, but in margin ضرب هذه السكه بدار الاسلام في سنة سبع و سبعاية
				Rf. B.M.C., 159.	A.S.B.
195	"	710	Wt. 168-5	30	Date عشر و سبعماية Pl.
196	į)	712	Wt. 169·5	"	اثنی عشر و سبعمایة Date
197	į	713	Wt. 170 S. .95	21	ثلاث عشر و سُبُعْماية Date A.S.B.
198	Deogír <i>Fort</i>	714	Wt. 167·5 S. 1	MANAGO SA	As on No. 194, but بقلعہ دیوگیر فی سنة اربع عشر و سبعمایة
				Rf. J. R.A.S., 1900.	Pl.
199	21	715	Wt. 168		خمس عشر و سبعماية Date A.S.B
200	ş	3	Wt. 167 S. 1	As on No. 191, but in double square. Rf. I.M.C., p. 46 (10813).	As on No. 191, but in double square within circle as on silver coins. Margin obliterated.
Æ				SIL	VER
201	Dehlí <i>Ḥaṣrat</i>	696	Wt. 168.5 S.	As on No. 191, but area in double square.	As on No. 191, but area enclosed in double square within circle, and in margin
			1.15	Rf. Th. 132.	ضرب هذه الفضة بحضرة دهلي بي سنة ست و تسعين و ستماية
202	"	702	Wt. 164	39	اثنی و سبعمایة Date
			Wt.		A.S.B
208	***	703	Wt. 167.5	35	Date مربعهاية

AR. No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
204	Dehlí <i>Ḥaẓrat</i>	704	Wt. 170	As on No. 201.	*As on No. 201. *Date اربع و سبعماية *A.S.B
205	33	705	Wt. 169	n	Date خمس و سبعمایة (U.Pr.)
206	3)	709	Wt. 167	,,	ا المع و سبعماية Date المعارية (U.Pr.)
207	,,	710	Wt. 168	υ	Date عشر و سبعماية A.S.B.
208	,,	711	Wt. 168	na mono	احدی عشر و سبعمایة Date
209	,,	712	Wt. 169	അക്കാദ്വി	اثنی عشر و سبعمایة Date
210	"	713	Wt. 171.5		ثلاث عشر و سبعماية Date
211	22	714	Wt. 168	n	اربع عشر و سبعماية Date
212	"	715	Wt. 167	n	عمس عشر و سبعماية Date خمس عشر و سبعماية (U.Pr.)
213	Dáru-l- Islám	702	Wt. 168 S. 1.	39	As on No. 201, but in margin فربت هذه الفضة بدار الاسلام في سنة اثنى و سبعماية
				Rf, Th. 133.	في سنة اتني و سبعماية
214	"	706	Wt. 168	79	Date " Mare a mass a mass a series a s
215	íì	707	Wt. 167-5	"	A,S,B. Date سبع و سبعهایة

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
216	Dáru-l- Islám	710	Wt. 168-5	As on No. 201.	As on No. 201. Date عشر و سبعماية
217	"	711	Wt. 166	2)	", Date مشر و سبعمایة
218	Deogír <i>Fort</i>	714	Wt. 171	33	Same, but بقلعہ دیوگیر اربع عشر و سبعمایة Date
				Rf. Th. 134.	A.S.B.
В					LON
219	-	701	Wt. 56	السلطان الا عظم علا الد	ابو المظفر محمد شاه
			S. •65	عظم علّا الد نيا و الدين	السلطان ٢٠١
			e 81	Rf. Th. 135.	Pl.
000		702	18.6	അക്കാദമി	
220	_	102		"3/3/3	" "
221		703			3)
					4.S.B.
222		704		"	12 V 16
					A.S.B.
223		712		"	27 ∨ ₹
					A.S.B.
004		710			
224	_	713		,,	v ["
					A.S.B.
225		714		,,	À [le 33
					A.S.B.
226		715		,,	99
]	v10

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
227		700	Wt. 55 S. ⋅6	السلطان الأ عظم علا الد نيا و الدين	Area within double circle sla المحيد Margin श्री: सुसतां श्रसावदीं ७००
				Rf. Th. 136.	A.S.B
228		701		"	%09 A.S.B
229		702		"	" 90 २ <i>A.S.B</i>
230		703		ng Mana	%03 Pl
231		704		അക്കാദമി	%08 A.S.B.
232		705			" %ou
233		706		11	<u></u> లంక
234	_	707		59	,, %0% A.S.B
235	-	708		"	" 90 年
236		709		33	90°Q
237	derane	710		25.	" 990 A.S.B.
238	-	711		"	999 A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				COL	PPER
239	******		Wt.	السلطان	علا الد
240			70-62.5 S.	السلطان الا عظم	علا الد نيا و الدين
			-6	Rf. Th. 137.	(239) A.S.B.
241	Dehlí	_	Wt.	عدل	بيجهرت
	Hazrat		24·6 S.	عدل معمد شاه	ب ع فرت دهلی
			•5	Rf. Th. 138.	Rivett-Carnac.

XVI SHIHÁBU-D-DÍN 'UMAR

			А. н. 715.	A. D. 1315.	
B 242	_	715	Wt. 55 S.	BILLON ابو المظفر السلطان الا عمر شاء عظم شهاب السلطان ١٠٥٠ الدين	
			•65	Rf. Th. 141.	Pl.

XVII QUTBU-D-DÍN MUBÁRAK SHÁH I

		А. н. 7	16-720.	A. D. 1316-1320.		
N				G	OLD	
243 sq.	Hazrat Dáru-l- khiláfat	71-	Wt. 166 S. ·88	الامام الاعظم خليف خليفة ربّ العالمين قطب الدنيا و الدين ابو الدين ابو المظفر مباركشاء Rf. I.M.C., p. 51.	السلطان ابن السلطان الواثق السلطان الواثق بالله امير المومنين بالله امير المومنين فريت هذه السكه المحضوت دار الحلاقة في سنة عشر و سبعماية	

Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
			SIL	VER
Dehlí <i>Ḥaṣrat</i>	717	Wt. 170 S. 1·1	السلطان الأعظم قطب الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر مباركشاء السلطان بن السلطان	In circle اسكندر الزمان يمين الخلافة ناصر امير المومنين Margin
				هذه الفضة بحضرت دهلي سنة سبع
			Rf. Th. 143.	(U.Pr
Dáru-l- mulk	"	Wt. 165.5 S. 1.1	الامام الا عظم قطب الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر خليفة الله	In circle مباركشاة السلطان ابن السلطان الواثق بالله امير المومنين
		e de la companya de l	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1875.	Margin ضربت هذه الفضة
22	719 %	Wt. 168·5	As on No. 245.	As on No. 245. ا تسع
Ḥazrat Daru-l- khilafat	717	Wt. 168-3 S.	As on No. 245.	As on No. 245, but بحضرت دار الخلافة
		1.1	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1880.	Rivett-Carnac
Dáru-l- Islám	,,	Wt. 165 S. •9	الامام الا عظم خليفة ربّ العالمين قطب الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر مباركشاه	Within square السلطان ابن السلطان الواثق بالله امير المومنين Margin بدار الاسلام في سنة
			Rf. Not previously published.	يبع عشر
Ḥaẓrat Dáru-l- khiláfat	718	Wt. 168·8 S. •9	As on No. 248.	As on No. 248. Margin ضربت هذه السكه بحضرت دار لخلافة في سنة ثمان عشر و
	Dehlí Hazrat Dáru-l- mulk " Hazrat Dáru-l- khiláfat Dáru-l- Islám	Dehlí Hazrat Dáru-l- mulk ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Dehli 717 Wt. 170 S. 1-1	### Dehlí ####################################

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
					LLON
250 sq.		718	Wt. 74 S. .65	الأمام الأعظم قطب الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر ۱۸۰	In circle خليفة الله مباركشاه Around السلطان الواثق بالله امير المومنين
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1875.	A.S.B
251 252		719	Wt. 83	As on No. 250.	As on No. 250.
					(251) A.S.B Pl
253 254		_	Wt. 55 S. •65	خليفة رتب العالمين قطب الدنيا و الدين	ابو المظفر مباركشاة السلطان ابن السلطان الواثق بالله
			1663	Rf. B.M.C., 223.	A.S.B
255	_	716	Wt. 55 S. -6	السلطان الا عظم قطب الد نيا و الدين	ابو المظفر مبارك شاه السلطان ۱۲۷
				Rf. Th. 147.	A.S.B Pl
256		716	Wt. 55 S. •65	السلطان الأ عظم قطب الد نيأ و الدين	Within circle مبارکشاه السلطان بن السلطان ۱۱۰
				Rf. Th. 148.	A.S.B
257	-	717		21	" *1*
258		"	Wt. 55 S. ⋅6	الامام الا عظم قطب الدنيا و الدين ١١٧	ابو المظفر مباركشاه السلطان بن السلطان
				Rf. Th. 149.	A.S.E
259		718		" *1^	,, A.S.E

		and size	Obverse	Reverse
	719		As on No. 258.	As on No. 258. A.S.B
	720	Wt. 50	27 VP•	v
	717	Wt. 55 S. ·65	خليفة ربّ العالمين قطب الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر ٧١٧	مبارکشاه السلطان ابن السلطان الواثق بالله امیر المومنین
			Rf. Th. 150.	<i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
	718	Wt. 57 S. ·55	Area within square قطب الدنيا و الدين In corners خليفة الله ابو ا المظفر	مبارکشاه السلطان ابن السلطان ۱۸
		166	Rf. Th. 151.	<i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
	719	Wt. 55	,	" *! 1
	720	Wt. 56	n	" YFO
-	719	Wt. 51·5 S. ·55	الا مام الا عظم قطب الد نيا و الدين	خليفة الله مباركشاة السلطان ابن السلطان ٢١٩
	11		Rf. Th. 152.	
	720	Wt. 54·5	"	" YF.
			COR	Pl.
	_	Wt. 55·2 S. ·7	الامام الا عظم قطب الدنيا و الدين	In circle مبارکشاه السلطان
	3		Rf. J.A.S.B., 1886.	Pl.
Hazrat Dáru-l- khiláfat	-	Wt. ●33·2 S.	عدل مبارکشاه	بحضرت دار الخلافة
•	Dáru-l-	— 717 — 718 — 719 — 720 — 720 — 720 — — —	- 717 Wt. 55 S65 - 718 Wt. 57 S55 - 720 Wt. 56 - 719 Wt. 51.5 S55 - 720 Wt. 54.5 - Wt. 54.5 - Wt. 55.2 S7	- 720 Wt. 50

XVIII NÁŞIRU-D-DÍN <u>KH</u>USRÚ

А. н. 720.

A. D. 1320.

No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
					OLD
270	Dehlí <i>Hazrat</i>	720	Wt. 170 grs.	Within double square السلطان الأعظم	Area within circle
	1,2 00,000		S.	نامر الدنيا و الدين	خسرو شاة السلطان الواثق بنصر الرحمان
1			.95	ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر	ولے , امیو المومتین
				2 /	Margin ضرب هذه السكه بحضرة دهلي في سنة عشرين و سبعماية
		İ			ضرب هذه السكه بعضرة دهلي
		ĺ			في سنة عشرين و سبعماية
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1886.	A.S.B.
Æ				sm	LVER
271	[Dehli]	99	Wt.	As on No. 270.	As on No. 270.
			147·5 S.	06 (11)00/a	Margin imperfect. [Still unique.]
			1	Rf. Th. 155.	A.S.B.
В			156	The same and section in the same and the sam	LLON
272		-	Wt.	السلطان الأ	In circle
273			57	عظم ناصر الدنيا	»اش
			S. ·6	السلطان الأ عظم ناصر الدنيا و الدين ٧٢٠	خسرو
			.0	(A)	خسرو Margin السلطان ولى امير المومنين
				Rf. Th. 156.	(272) A.S.B.

XIX

GHIYÁSU-D-DÍN TUGHLAQ I

		A. E	r. 720–725.	A. D. 132	0-1325.
A			1	G	OLD
274	Dehlí Hazrat	721	Wt. 169 S. 1	In double square السلطان الغازی غیاث الدنیا و الدین ابو المظفر	تغلق شاه تغلق السلطان ناصر السلطان ناصر المومنين المير المومنين ضرب هذه السكد بعضرة دهلي في سنة احدى و عشرين و سبعماية
				Rf. Th. 159.	A.S.B. Pl.

TUGHLAQ I

M No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
275	Dehlí <i>Ḥaẓrat</i>	724	Wt. 167	As on No. 274.	As on No. 274. Date ربع و عشرين و سبعماية
276	19	725		17	رس و عشرين و سبعماية Date
277	Dáru-l- Islám	3	Wt. 170-1 S.	As on No. 274, but in single square.	As on No. 274, but <i>Margin</i> بدار الاسلام في سنة
			1	Rf. Not previously published.	Rivett-Carnac
Æ				SIL	VER
278	Dehlí	722	Wt.	As on No. 274.	As on No. 274, but
	Ḥaẓrat		166.5 S. 1	Rf. Th. 161.	اثنی وعشرین و سبعهایة Date A.S.B.
				ng manz	
279	21	723	Wt. 171	my corecal strain	ثلاث
				അക്കാദവ	A.S.B.
280	37	724	Wt. 169	-	اربع
281	Deogír	721	Wt.	,,	As on No. 274, but in
	Fort		169·2 S.		بقلعه ديوگير margin
			1·15	Rf. Th. 160.	Pl.
В				BILI	*
282		720	Wt. 56	السلطان الغازى	ابو المظفر
			s.	غياث الدنياً و الدين	تغل <i>ق</i> شاء ً السلطان ۲۰۰
			∙6	Rf. Th. 164.	Pl.
283		721	Wt.	29	"
			56		vr I A.S.B.
284		722		,,	"
					ver A.S.B.
285	_	723		,,	
				"	y FF
					A.S.B.

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
286		724	Wt. 57	As on No. 282.	As on No. 282. Date vre
287	_	725	Wt. 60∙5	3 3	A.S.B.
288	-	726 (!)	Wt. 56	"	A.S.B.
289		27		"	Pl. "
290		727 (!)	Wt. 57	"	A.S.B.
291		3	., e.8	OG WILLIAM SO	Pl.
292	_	,,		10102-013(312)	", v
293 294		720	Wt. 56 S. ∙65	As on No. 282, but at end of third line	A.S.B. In circle شاء تغلق Around स्ती सुलतां गयासुदी
				Rf. Th. 163.	A.S.B. Pl.
295	-	721		,, yrı	,, A.S.B.
296 297	_		Wts. 56-5-58 S. -6	السلطان الا عظم غياث الدنيا و الدين	In double circle شاه تغلق Around, traces of Arabic letters.
				Rf. B.M.C., 257.	A.S.B.

Note on Nos. 288-292.—It is difficult to account for the dates on these coins. Dr. Hoernle (Proc. A. S. B., June, 1893) thought the coins were posthumous. Mr. Thomas (p. 191, footnote) considered them the work of an ignorant artificer. I incline to the latter view, as coins are found bearing dates 716 and 717 as well as 726 and 727.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
298	*****		Wts.	COPP: تغلق	ER هاه
299			54–45 S. ∙5	Rf. Th. 165.	A,S.B,

XX MUḤAMMAD III BIN TUGHLAQ

A. D. 1325-1351.

А. н. 725-752.

					.90
A			1	GC	OLD
					A. ory of his father
300	Daulatá- bád Town	726	Wt. 173 S. 1	السلطان السعيد الشهيد الغازي غياث الدنيا و الدين	In circle ابو المظفر تغلق شاہ السلطان انار الله برهانہ Margin
				Rf. <i>J.R.A.S.</i> , 1900, p. 773. Cf. also Th. 158.	ضرب هذه السكة في بلده دولت اباد سنة ست و عشرين و سبعهاية Pl.
	6			7. 1	
301	Dehlí <i>Ḥaṣrat</i>	725	Wt. 169 S. .95	In circle لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله رسول الله	s own name ابو بكر المجاهد في جم سبيل الله به محمد بن تغلق شاة محمد بن تغلق شاة
			-	ضربت هذه السكه بحضرت دهلی فی سنه خهس و عشرین و سبعهایه و سبعهایه	
802	Dáru-l- Islám	,,	Wt. 168 S. .8	As on No. 301. <i>Margin</i> السلام في سنة خيس و عشرين و سبعهاية	As on No. 301,
				Rf. Th. 172.	A.S.B.

AZ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
303	Dehlí <i>Ḥazrat</i>	726	Wt. 199·5 S. ·9	اشهد ان لا اله الا الله و اشهد ان محمد عبدة و رسولة	الواثق بتايد الرحمن مجمد شاء السلطان <i>Margin</i> ضرب هذا الدينار بحضرت دهلى سنة ست و عشرين و سعماية
				Rf. Th. 171.	,
30 <u>4</u>	> >	727	Wt. 195	"	As on No. 303, but سبع A.S.B.
305	Sultánpúr	(1)	Wt. 198 S. .8	" Rf. Th. 175.	As above, but margin لطانپور سنة و عشرين و
306	Dehlí <i>Ḥaṣrat</i>	727	Wt. 198 S. .7	In circle The Kalima. Margin هذا الدينار بحضرة دهلي في سنة سبع و عشرين و سبعماية	In double circle ضرب في زمن العبد الراجي رحمة الله محمد بن تغلق
307	Deogír Ḥaṣrat	"	Wt. 197 S. .7	Rf. Th. 173. In circle The Kalima. Margin هذا الدينار في قبة الاسلام عني حضرة ديوكير ٢٢٧ Rf. Th. 174.	A.S.B
308	27	728	Wt. 198	,, vra	,, A.S.B Pl
309		729	Wt. 197·6 S. ·8	In sixfoil border within circle فرب في زمن العبد في زمن العبد الراجى رحمة الله محمد	السلطان السعيد الشهيد تغلق شاة سنة تسع و عشرين و سبعماية
				Rf. Cf. Th. 179, but this weight is unusual.	A.S.E

No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
310		733	Wt. 169.8 S.	As on No. 309, but inscribed in double pentagon.	As on No. 309, but date in last line ثلث و ثلثين و سبعماية
			•1	Rf. Th. 179.	W. Lane.
311	_	734		,,	As on No. 310, but
312	Dehlí <i>Ḥaẓrat</i>	736	Wt. 170 S. •7	و الله الغني و انتم الفقر <i>اءُ</i>	In circle فے عهد ^م حمد بن تغلق
			. 0	Rf. Th. 176.	Margin بعضرة دهلى سنة ست و الثين و سبعماية
313)) #	737	Wt. 171	അക്കാദ്യമി	As on No. 312, but سبع A.S.B.
314 1/2			Wt. 99.4 S. .65	^م عبد بن تغلق شاه	محى سنن خاتم النبيين
				Rf. Th. 177.	Rivett-Carnac. Pl.
315	Dehlí	742	Wt. 168 S. •8	Struck in the name of ضرب هذا الدينار للخليفت في الدهلي في شهور سنة اثنى واربعين و سبعماية	the Khalifa Al Mustakfi في زمان الا مام المستكفى بالله امير المومنيين ابوالربيع سليمان خلد الله خلافتة
	0.	:		Rf. Th. 212.	W. Lane.
316	,,	743	Wt. 168	As on No. 315, but ثلاث	" A.S.B.
317	,,	744	Wt. 169	As on No. 315, but	M. m. 1.

AY No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
318	 -		Wt. 170 S. .75	Struck in the name of t Within cinquefoil في زمان الأ مام امير المومنين المام المراد Rf. Th. 213,	he Khalifa Al Ḥákim II Within cinquefoil الله ابو العباس احمد خلد ملكة
319			Wt. 168	As on No. 318, but without ciuquefoil.	As on No. 318, but without cinquefoil. M. m. 2.
320		_	Wt. 169	"	الله س ابو العبا احمد خلد ملكة Pl.
Æ 321	Dehlí <i>Ḥaṣrat</i>	725	Wt. 166 S. 1	الله In circle The Kalima. Margin ضربت هذه السكه بحضرت دهلي في سنة خبس و عشرين و سبعاية و سبعاية Rf. J.R.A.S., 1900, p.	VER ابو بكر المجاهد في المجاهد في سبيل الله اله محمد بن تغلق شاه A.S.B.
322	Dáru-l- Islám	,,	Wt. 168.7 S.	As on No. 321, but بدار الاسلام Rf. I.M.C., p. 59(13116).	2)
323	Dehlí <i>Ḥaṣrat</i>	726	Wt. 141.5 S. .95	As on No. 303. Rf. Th. 180.	As on No. 303, but in margin ضرب هذا العدلي
324	Satgáon	729	Wt. 170·5 · S. ·95	Ason No. 321, but margin ضربت هذه السكه بستگانو في سنة تسع و عشرين و سبعماية Rf. Th. 185.	As on No. 321.
325	27	730	Wt. 170-5	ثلثين و'سعماية Date	,, A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
326	Dehlí Hazrat	732	Wt. 170·3 S. ·85	In double circle و الله الغنى و انتم الفقراء	فی عهد فی عهد محمد بن تغلق تغلق <i>Margin</i> بعضرت دهلی سنة اثنین و لثین و سبعمایة
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1876.	Rivett-Carnac Pl
327	Satgáon	733	Wt. 168	As on No. 324, but Date ثلاث و ثلثين و سبعماية	As on No. 321.
328	Lakh- nautí	(?)	Wt. 167·5 S. ·95	As on No. 321, but in margin بشهر لکهنوتی فی	>>
				BIL	LON
-			100	The second secon	A.
В		500	777	Struck in memo	ory of his father ابو المظفر
329		728	Wt. 54.5 S. .5	السعيد الشهيد الغازى غياث الدنيا و الدين Rf. Th., p. 213 (note).	ابو المطفر تغلق شاه السلطان انار الله يرهانه ۲۸۰
				3	3
				Struck in hi	
330	***************************************	"	Wt. 134·7 S. -75	Within sixfoil ضرب في زمن العبد الراجى رحمة الله محمد بن	السلطان السعيد الشهيد تغلق شاه سنة ثمان و عشرين و سبعماية
				Rf. Th. 182.	
331		729	Wt.		
301		1 23	140	23	but تسع <i>A.S.B</i>

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
332	 	730	3)	As on No. 330.	As on No. 330, but ثلثين A.S.E
333	_	732	Wt. 142	21	اثنی ['] ثلثین but اثنی 'ملثین A.S.E P
334	_	734	Wt. 136·5	33	اربع و تثنين
335 336	*	725	Wts. 57-50 S. •55	In eirele المجاهد في سبيل الله	In circle مجمد بن تغلق شاء vro
				Rf. Th. 190.	A.S.I. P.
337 338		726	Wts. 57–53 S. •55	In circle السلطان العادل Rf. Th. 189.	In circle مجمد بن تغلق شاء تــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
339 340		727	Wts. 56-55	,	"
341	- American	728	Wt. 50	39	" '
342	_	727	Wt. 55·2 S. ·55	في زمن السلطان العادل محمد بن تغلقشاء Rf. Th. 192.	دامت سلطنته فی سنة سبع و عشرین و سبعمایة Rivett-Carna
343		730	Wt. 53 S. •55	Within circle الواثق بنصر الله بنصر الله	P Within circle محمد بن تغلق شاه
			Topological Control of the Control o	Rf. Th. 210.	A.S.I

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse		Reverse	
344		732	Wt. 55 S. •55	In circle الملك و العظية لله Rf. Th. 193.	In cir	cle عبد الراجى محمد تغلق ۷۳۲	A.S.B
345		733	Wt.				A.D.D
		100	56.5	23		^hh.	
346		734					A.S.B
940		734		,,		^lule	
							<i>A.S.B.</i> Pi.
347	***	735	Wt. 57	,,		» vro	
			. 8	naganian jan		VI 0	A.S.B.
348	-	736	18h	(8026032)		19	
				3131		, km4	A.S.B.
849	_	738		,,		22	
						٧٣٨	A.S.B.
350	-	733	Wt. 54	الرّاجي		محمد بن ای سنة ثلنا	
			S. ·6	الرَّاجي رحمة الله الكريم	ي اية	ق سنة تلك بن و سبعما	تغا ثلثي
			-0	Rf. Th. 194.			
351	secondrum	734	Ŵt.	,,		"	
			55		but	اربع	400
							A.S.B. Pl.
352	-	735	Wt. 54	29	but	".	
			34		Dut	حسن	A.S.B.
353		737	Wt.	"		22	
T			56		but	سينع	
				-		Rivet	t-Carna

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
354 355 356			Wts. 52·5-49 S. •45	الراجى رحمة الله الكريم	Within double circle محمد تغاق Margin, traces only visible.
				Rf. L.M.C., p. 93 (27).	(354) A.S.B. Pl.
					0
				Struck in the name of t	
357	Dehlí	74-	Wt.	الأمام الأعظم	In circle
	Ḥaẓrat		143 S.	خليفة الله في العالمين	المستكفى
			.75	العالمين	بالله امير المو
					Margin
					ضربت هذة السكة بعضرت
					منین <i>Margin</i> ضربت هذه السکه بحضرت دهلی اربعین و سبعمایة
				n.0./11/0-22/	
			08	Rf. I.M.C., p. 60 (7387).	Pl.
358	"	74-	Wt.	(87) 4613(3,0)	" but only
	**		139-5	2012	in margin اربعین و سبعماید
359	(1)	745	Wt.	" but below	In circle
000	(1)	140	146	yeo	المستكفر
			S.	Walter Company	المستكفى بالله أمير
			.7		بالله امير المومنين Margin ضرب هذ
					Margin
1					ضرب هد
				Rf. Th. 215.	Pl.
					D
					he Khalífa Al Hákim II
360	-		Wts.	Within quatrefoil	Within quatrefoil
361			138-139-	الله	احمد
362			141	الحاكم	ا العباس
- 1			S. -65	بامر	بو ¹
			.93	Rf. B.M.C., 336.	(360) A.S.B. Pl.
363		_	Wt.		
			55	,,	**
			S. •55	Rf. B.M.C., 341.	A.S.B.

¹ On the obverse of these coins to the left of y, are what may be figures—on one o on another 1.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				COP	PER
364		_	Wt.	Within double circle	Within double circle
			65 S.	السلطان	محمد بن
			.6	ظل الله	تغلقشاه
				Rf. Th. 209.	A.S.E Pi
365	-		Wt.	Within double circle	Within double circle
			56	حسبي	معمد بن
1			S6	رتے	تغلق
			.6	Rf. B.M.C., 317.	A.S.B
366 367	-	730	Wts.	Within circle	Within circle
,07			50-5-48 S.	حسبے	عبد
			.5	ربتی ۳۳۰	محمد بن تغلق
				Rf, Th. 200.	(366) <i>A.S.B</i> Pl
888		732	Wt.	الملك	Area, within double circle
369			53	و العزة لله	محمد
ı			S. •55	E (3 III)	تغلق
					Margin
				Rf. Th. 208.	
				Mi. 111. 208.	(368) Rivett-Carnac (369) A.S.B.
370	-		Wts.	Within double circle	Within double circle
71			54-55.5	محمد	تغلقشاه
			S. ·5	Rf. Th. 211.	(370) A.S.B.
				Struck in the name of t	
372	-	_	Wt.	الله	و الخليفة المستكفى
			52 S.	الكافي	المستكفى
			.5	Rf. I.M.C., p. 66 (12928).	
				Struck in the name of the name of the law الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	ne <u>Kh</u> alífa Al Ḥákim II
373		749	Wt.	aul	Within circle
			125	الحاكم تيرَ	ابو
			S. ·7	بامر	العباس
			.,		
					M. m. 3 after
		110			M.m. 4 after
				Rf. Th. 218.	Rivett-Carnac
1		ļ	[P

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
374		749	Wt. 55 S. •55	Within circle الحاكم بامر الله بامر الله	Within circle ابو العباس احمد
				Rf. Th. 219.	A.S.B
				FORCED C	
375	Dehlí <i>Ta<u>kh</u>tgáh</i>	730	Wt. 137 S. -75	Area in circle من اطاع السلطان فقد اطاع الرحمان Margin در تختگاه دهلی سال بر	مهر شد تنک رائج در روزگار بندی امیدوار محمد تغلق
			All a	Rf. Th. 195.	A.S.B
376	,,	731	Wt. 138	Same, but in margin سال بر هفید سی یك	,, A.S.B
377	,,	732		Same, but سى دو	,, A.S.B
378	Dáru-l- Islám	73 0	Wt. 141 S. -8	Same, but in margin در دار الاسلام سال بر هفصد سی	21
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1883, p. 62.	A.S.B Pl
379 380 381	Dhár [Pass of]	731	Wts. 147-124 S. •75	Same, but in margin درة دهاراً سال بر هفصد سي يك يك Rf. L.M.C., p. 90, No. 6.	,, A.S.B
382	Lakh- nautí [<i>Iqlím</i>]	,,	Wt. 142 S. •75	Same, but in margin در اقلیم لکهنوتی سال بر هفمد سی یك	33
	and the second			Rf. J.A.S.B., 1883, p. 62.	A.S.B

¹ Is also spelt, als.

Satgáon Tughlaq- púr 'wrf	730	Wt. 143 S.	As on No. 375, but in margin در عرصة ستگانو	As on No. 375.
		•8	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1883, p. 62.	
Tirhut	731	Wt. 140 S. •8	Same, but in margin اقلیم تغلقبور عرف ترهت Rf. J.A.S.B., 1883.	,, Pl.
Daulat- ábád <i>Ta<u>kh</u>tgáh</i>	**	Wt. 141 S. .75	Same, but in margin در تختگاه دولت آباد سال بر هفصد سی یك Rf. Th, 196.	instead پنجاء کانی Same, but پنجاء کانی instead of رائج in second line. A.S.B. Pl.
	730	Wts. 113·5- 110 S. ·65	من اطاء السلطان «عمد ۳۰۰ Rf. Th. 197.	فقد اطاع الترحمان تغلق (386) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
_	"	Wt. 112 S. .7	اطيوا الله واطيوا الرسول واولى الامر منكم محمد ٧٣٠ Rf. Th. 198.	لا يولا السلطان كل الناس بعضهم بعضا تغاق A.S.B.
Daulat- ábád	"	Wt. 109·5 S. ·7	ضرب هذا النصفے فی زمن العبد الراجی رحمة الله رحمة (a <i>Nisfe</i>). Rf. Th. 204.	محمد بن تغلق بحضرة دولت اباد سنة ثلثين و سبعماية A.S.B.
Dehlí Hazrat	,,	Wts. 82–80∙5 S. ∙55	ضرب الدرهم الشرعى فى زمن العبد محمد بن تغلق	بجفرة (1) دهلى ف سنة ثاثين و سبعماية (2) في سنة
			Th Dr 200	ثلثين و سبعماية (390) A.S.B.
	ábád Takhtgáh Daulat- ábád Dehlí	ábád Takhtgáh 730 Daulat- ábád Dehlí "	Daulat- abád Takhtgáh 730 Wts. 113.5- 110 S65 "Wt. 112 S7 Daulat- ábád "Wts. 139.5 S7	Daulat- هُوهُوْل " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "

Æ No.	Mint	Date *	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
392 393	Dehlí Hazrat	732		As on No. 390.	As on No. 390, but في سنة اثنين و ثلثين و سبعماية (392) A.S.B
394 394	Dehlí <i>Dáru-l-</i> mulk	730	Wts. 81-75 S.	22	Same, but بدار الملك
(a)	newsk		-65	Rf. Th. 202.	دهلی
395	Dáru-l- Islám	32	Wt. 83-5 S.	"	Same, but بدار الاسلام بعضرة دهلي vice
			•6	Rf. Th. 202.	A.S.B.
396	Daulat- ábád <i>Ḥazrat</i>	,,,	Wt. 79 S. ∙6	" Rf. Th. 202.	Same, but ب خ ضرة دولتاباد A.S.B
					Pl
397	_	,,	Wt. 67 S. .6	Within double circle محمد بن تغلق	Within double circle ضرب الربعي نسب
				Rf. Th. 199.	A.S.B
398		"	Wt. 70	^{محمد} بن تغلق	,, A.S.B Pl
399		732	Wt. 68	As on No. 397.	-, \r
1					Rivett-Carnac

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
400			Wt. 66 S. ·6	Within double circle محمد تغلق Around, parts of श्री: मोहमद	سکہ زر سکہ زر جائز در عهد بندہ امیدوار مجمد تغلق
				Rf. Th. 201.	A.S.B.
401 402			Wt. 56 S. ∙5	Within double circle محمد تغلق Rf. Th. 205.	Within double circle عدل مشت کانی A.S.B.
403 404	_		Wts. 35-24 S. •45	Within circle محمد تغلق Rf. Th. 206.	Within circle سکه دو کانی دو کانی (403) <i>A.S.B</i> . Pl.

GHIYÁSU-D-DÍN MAḤMÚD (Pretender) 752.

		А. н. 752			A. D. 1351.
AV		1		GO	LD
405 406	-	752	Wt. 170 S. •775	يعين امير المومنين غياث الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر	معمود شاه بن معمد شاه بن تغلقشاه السلطان vor
				Rf. B.M.C., 342.	(405) A.S.B. Pl,

XXI FÍROZ SHÁH TU<u>GH</u>LAQ

A.D. 1351-1388.

А. н. 752-790.

A				G	OLD
407	-		Wt. 170 S. •85	In eightfoil ضربت هذه السكه فے زمان الامام ابو العباس احمد خلدت خلافته	In eightfoil واثق بتاید یزدانی فیروزشاه سلطانی
		To the state of th		Rf. Th. 223.	A.S.B. Pl.

No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
408 409	(3)	759	Wts. 169–170 S. •9	In circle في زمن الامام امير المومنين ابو الفتح خلدت خلاتنه Margin تسع و خمسين Rf. Th. 224.	السلطان الا عظم سيف امير المومنين ابو المظفر فيروز شاة السلطاني خلد مملكته (409)
410			Wt. 169 S. ∙85	ضربت هذه السكم فى زمن الامام امير المومنين ابى الفتح المعتضد بالله خلدت خلافته	v
				Rf. Th. 225.	A.S.B.
411	Dehlí <i>Ḥaṣrat</i>	766	Wt. 169·5 S. ·85	فى زمن الأمام أمير المونتين أبى عبد الله خلدت خلافته معادت علاقته معادت دهلى منة ست و ستين و سبعماية	,,
				Rf. Th. 226.	Pl.
412	_	785	Wt. 173 S. -85	سلطانے فیروز شاہ Rf. Th. 227.	المومئين نائب امير ۷۸ <i>۰</i> Pl.
413		789	Wt.	"	19
			170	,	v.9
B 414	Dehlí	760	Wt.	BILI لخليفة امير	LON فيروز شاه
247	Hazrat	700	140 S. •75	المومنين خلدت خلافته ٧٢٠	سلطانی ضربت بحضرت دهلی
				Rf. Th. 228.	A.S.B.
415	, 33	761		" **!	" A.S.B.
416	1)	762		" YTF	" A.S.B.

FÍROZ III

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse	
417	Dehlí <i>Ḥaẓrat</i>	763		As on No. 414, but	As on No. 414.	4 0 70
	1, w, w			,		A.S.B
418	,,	764		" ***	,,	A.S.B
419	***	765		" v 10	,,,	A.S.B
120	,,	766		,, V11	"	
421		767				A.S.B.
121	217			,, VKV	,,	A.S.B. Pl.
422	,,	768		39	As above, but	
				AFV.	وز شاه	
			100	managal 9	ليسر	A.S.B. Pl.
423	,,	769		,,,	"	
ŀ			1000		V	A.S.B.
124	12	770	Wt. 142	", VV•	,,	A.S.B.
125	,,	771		,,	27	
				VYI		A.S.B.
126	"	772		" ∀∨Ľ	,,	A.S.B.
127	33	773		99		21.0.22.
-	"			v~r	"	A.S.B.
128	39	774		,, ∧∧f _e	"	
				V VF		A.S.B.
129	37	775		¥40	"	A.S.B.
130	"	776	Wt. 142)) WY	,,	
131		777	- 44	***		A.S.B.
EOI	"	""		" ***	"	A.S.B.

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
432	Dehlí Hazrat	778	Wt. 143	As on No. 414, but	As on No. 422.
400		770			4.8.1
433	"	779		" Y V 9	;;
					A.S.I
434	"	780		,,	"
				٧٨٠	A.S.1
435	**	781		**	***
		1		YAI	A.S.1
436		782			11.0.1
700	**	104		**************************************	>1
1					A.S.I
437	,,	783		**	35
				٧٨٣	A,S.J
438	**	784	Wt.	As above, but	>>
•			140.5	الخليفة ابو	
			08	عبد الله ۲۸۴	A.S.
			100	(B) 460(30)	P
439	**	785	Wt.	29	"
			142.5	VAO	A.S.1
440	; ;	786	Wt.	- i - i	,,
			141	YAY	
441	,,	787		"	7 7
				VAV	A.S.
442		788	Wt.		
	"		142	,, YAA	,, A.S.1
		1			A, \mathcal{O}, I
443	"	789		,, PAY	2.7
				*^ ,	A.S.
444	,,	816	Wt.	As above, but	,,
			138.5	الخليفة أمير	
			S. ·65	المومنين -	
			-05	(Posthumous.)	
			Ì	Rf. Th. 238.	A.S.
				IU. III. 200.	A.D.
445			Wt.	للخليفة	فيروز شاه
	27	ľ	52	امير المومنين	يارر سلطاني ضربت
		-	8.	خلدت خلافته	بمحضرت دهلي
		-	∙55	Rf. B.M.C., No. 371.	A.S.

¹ Struck by Daulat Khán Lodí.

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
446	Dehlí Hazrat		Wt. 55	As on No. 445.	As on No. 445, but وز شاه فیسر 4.8,B.
447	"		Wt. 55·5 S. •55	but ابوعبد الله Rf. I.M.C., p. 68 (12943).	" Pl.
448 449	_		Wts. 56-52.5 S. .55	الحليفة ابو الفتح خلد خلافته Rf. Th. 229.	فيروز شاه سلطانى خلد مملكته (448) <i>A.S.B.</i>
450 451			Wt. 85 S. •6	Within circle خليفة ابو الفتح Rf. Th. 236.	Within circle فيروز سلطانے سلطانے (450) A.S.B.
Æ 452 453	Dehlí <i>Dáru-l-</i> <i>mulk</i>		Wts. 71–66 S. ∙55	وز شاة وز شاة فيسر سلطائع Rf. Th. 233.	PER دار الملك دهلي دهلي A.S.B.
454	,,		Wt. 60 S. .55	As on No. 452, but legend in circle.	As on No. 452, but legend in double circle. A.S.B.
455	"	—	Wt. 62 S. .55	As on No. 454, but وز شه فیسر Rf. Nil.	,, A.S.B. Pl.
456	_		Wt. 56 S. .55	In sixfoil الحمد العباس ابو Rf. Th. 235.	In sixfoil فيروز شاء سلطانے A.S.B.
457	Dehlí Hazrat		Wt. 52-5 S5	سلطانی فیروز Rf. Th. 231 (but weight differs).	دهلی دهلی ب ح ضرت <i>A.S.B.</i>

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
	Dehlí <i>Ḥaẓrat</i>		Wt. 34 S. ·45	فیروز سلطانے	ت ح <i>ضر</i> دهلی
				Rf. Th. 234.	Rivett-Carnac. Pl.
				Pos	sthumous ¹
459	Dehlí <i>Dáru-l-</i> <i>mulk</i>	824	Wt. 67	As on No. 452. Rf. Th. 239.	As on No. 452, but below
460	;;	827	Wt. 68	5)	,, arv Pl.
461	"	828	Wt. 67	27	,,, AFA

FÍROZ SHÁH WITH FATḤ KHÁN

AV		1	rete	(810 461)(3(2)) GO	LD
462	(1)	[76]1	Wt. 169·2 S. ·8	In circle في رمن الأمام امير المومنين ابى الفتى المعتشد بالله خلدت خلافته Margin illegible.	In circle شاه شاه فتحخان فيروز جل الله ظلاله جلاله جلاله Margin illegible, except
				Rf. Th. 240.	Pl.
в				BIL	
463 464		-	Wts. 142–141	Legend as on No. 462, but no margin.	Legend as on No. 462, but no margin.
			S7	Rf. Th. 241.	A.S.B.
465 466	_	_	Wts. 142-141 S.	As above, but البي عبد الله in place of ابي الفتح	"
			.7	Rf. Th. 242.	A.S.B. Pi.
467 468	_	_	Wt. 54	As on No. 463.	As on No. 463.
200			54 S. •55	Rf. Th. 243.	

¹ Struck by Mubárak II.

FÍROZ SHÁH WITH ZAFAR

No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				GO	LD
469	(?)	(3)	Wt.	In circle	السلطان الاعظم
			169 S.	فے زمن الامام	فيروز شاه ظفر
			-85	امير المومنين	ابن فيروز شاه
				ابي عبد الله	السلطاني
				خلدت خلافته	
				Margin illegible.	
				Rf. Th. 245.	A.S.B.
			_ 0	ng moon	Pl.
В			15/10	അക്കാദവി BIL	LON
470	\mathbf{Dehl} í	791	Wt.	لخليفة ابي	فيروز شاه
471	Ḥaẓrat	at	134–133 S.	عبد الله خلدت	ظفر سلطانی ضربت
			∙65	خلافته ۹۹۰	بعضرت دهلی
				Rf. Th. 247.	(470) A.S.B.
Æ				COP	PER
472	-		Wt.	للخليفة	In circle
			109-3 S.	ابو عبد الله	»اش
			-55	خلدت خلافته	فيروز Margin
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1886.	[ظفر بن] فيروز ٠٠٠
473		_	Wt. 54·5	"	فيروز
			S5		شاہہ ظفر سلطانی
				Rf. Th. 249.	Pl.

XXII TUGHLAQ SHÁH II

А. н. 790-791.

A.D. 1388.

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse	
				BILLON		
474		791	Wt. 149·2 (much worn) S.	سلطانے تعاق شاہ	المومنين نائب امير ۷۹۱	
		l	-8	Rf. Th. 251.		
475 476			Wt. 79·1 S. ·6	الله ا بو عبد خادت خلافته Rf. Th. 252.	تغانی شاہ سلطانی خلد مملکتہ	PI.
~			200	COPPER		
Æ 477	Dehlí <i>Dáru-l-</i> mulk	_	Wt. 63 S.	تغلق شاہ سلطانے	دار الملك دهلي	
			•55	Rf. Th. 254.		
478	Dehlí <i>Ḥaẓrat</i>		Wt. 55 S. .55	الخليفة امير المومنين 	تغلق [شاه] سلطانے ضربت ب ع ضرت دھلی	

XXIII

ABÚBAKR SHÁH

А. н. 791-792. А. р. 1388-1389.

A I		ì	ı	1	GOLD	
479	(3)	(2)	Wt. 169 S. ·8	In circle في زمن الأمام امير المومنين ابي عبد الله خلدت خلافته Margin obliterated.	السلطان الا عظم ابوبكر شاة بن ظفر بن فيروز شاة السلطاني	
			San Carlotte Control of the Ca	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1889.		Pl.

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
480	Dehlí <i>Hazrat</i>	791	Wt. 136 S. ·7	BILI الجليفة ابو عبد الله خلدت حلافته ١٩١ خلافته Rf. I.M.C., p. 72 (12967).	ON ابوبکرر شاہ بن ظفر بن فیروز شاہ سلطانے حضرت دھلی Pl.
481 482	_	792	Wt. 139-3 S. -65	الخليفة ابو عبد الله خلدت خلافته ۷۹۲ Rf. Th. 255.	ابوبکر شاه بن ظفر بن فیروز شاه سلطانی Pl.
Æ 483			Wt. 165 S. •8	COPI ابوبکر شاہ ظفر بن فیروز شاہ سلطانے Rf. Th. 259.	ناڻب امير المومنين خلد خلافته
484	_	792	Wt. 102-7 S. -7	In square هاه ابوبکر <i>Margin</i> بن ظفر بن فيروز شاه سلطاني R£ Th. 257.	In circle المومنين امير نائب ۱۲۰ <i>Rivett-Carnac</i> .
485 486		-	Wts. 54–53 S.	الخليفة ابو عبد الله خلدت خلافته Rf. Th. 260.	ابوبکر شاہ طفر سلطانی سلطانی (485) <i>A.S.B</i> .

XXIV MUḤAMMAD SHÁH IV

А. н. 792-795.

A.D. 1389-1392.

Pl.

A				GOLD	
487	-	 Wt. 169 S. ∙75	فے زمن الامام المومنین امیــــر خلدت خلافتہ		السلطان الأعظم شاء شاء مجمد فيروز سلطاني خلدت مملكته
			Rf. Th. 263.		•

ÆR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
488			Wt. 167 S. -85	SILT في زمن الأمام امير المومنين خلدت خلافته ننن Rf. Th. 264.	السلطان الأعظم ابو المحامد مجمد شاه فيروز شاه سلطاني A.S.B. Pl.
B 489 490		790	Wt. 129 S. •65	BILI الحليفة ابو عبد الله خلدت خلافتة ۷۹۰ خلافتة Rf. Th. 265.	سلطانے فیروز شاہ محمد شاہ (489) A.S.B.
491	_	793	Wt. 141·5	Λ dl	" Pl.
492		794	Wt. 134	", ^9¢	,, A.S.B.
493	_	795	Wt. 138	,, v1o	27
494	vanna.		Wt. 54 S. -55	الحليفة ابو عبد الله خلدت خلافته Rf. Th. 269.	سلطان فيروز شاء محمد شاء P1.
Æ 495	Dehlí <i>Hazrat</i>	793	Wt. 132 S. •65	COP. In circle الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	PER المومنين نائب امير ۱۹۳
496	37	794	Wt. 136	Margin illegible.	", v ^q f [¢] A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
497			Wt. 68 S.	سلطانے محمد شاہ	بن فيروز شاء ¹ سلطانے
			∙55	Rf. Th. 262.	Rivett-Carnac. Pl.
498	Dehlí Dáru-l- mulk	793	Wt. 68 S. ∴5	سلطانی معمد بشاه	دار الملك دهلي ۱۹۳۰
				Rf. Th. 267.	A.S.B.
499	,,		Wt. 69 S.	,,	As on No. 498, but no date, and legend in circle.
			-55	Rf. Nil.	A.S.B.
500	3 3		Wt. 71	س <u>اطانے</u> but	,, A.S.B.
501	[Dehlí Ḥaṣrat]	794	Wt. 55 S. ∙5	As on No. 495. In margin سلطان Rf. J.A.S.B., 1880.	As on No. 496.

$\mathbf{X}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{V}$

SIKANDAR SHÁH I

а. н. 795.

A.D. 1392.

502 508 504	Dehlí <i>Ḥaṣrat</i>	795	Wts. 148·2- 132- 130 S. ·65	In circle شاه سکندر Margin ضربت ^ب عضرت دهلی Rf. Th. 273.	المومنين نائب امير ۷۹۰ Pl.
505 506	Dehlí <i>Dáru-l-</i> <i>mulk</i>	795	Wts. 68-5-67 S.	سلطانے سکندر شاہ	دار الملك دهلي ۱۹۰
				Rf. Th. 274.	(505) A.S.B. Pl.

¹ To the right of فيروز on the reverse is a portion of a letter which seems to be the ن of بن

XXVI

MAHMÚD SHÁH II

А. н. 795-815. А. д. 1392-1412.

No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
507			Wt. 174 S. •75	GO فے زمن الامام امیر المومنین خادت خلافتہ	السلطان [الأعظم] ابو ^{المح} امد محمود شاة محمد شاة فيروز شاة سلطاني
508 509		80–	Wt. 169·5 S.	Rf. cp. Th. 276, but not published in gold.	A.S.B. ابو المظفر but
			-8	Rf. B.M.C., 431.	(508) A.S.B. Pl.
Æ				SILV	/ER
510		806	Wt. 159	, ,	,,
			S.	A-1	
			•9	Rf. Nil.	Pl.
Æ				COP	PER
511		798	Wt. 136 S. -6	In circle شاھ محمود Margin deleted.	المومنين ناتب امير ۷۹۸
				Rf. Th. 278.	A.S.B.
512	_	800	Wt. 127	»	" A.••
513	Dehlí <i>Dáru-l-</i> <i>mulk</i>	795	Wt. 67 S.	سلطانے محمود شاہ	دار الملك دهلي ۷۹۰
				Rf. Th. 280.	
514 515	,,	797	Wt. 69·5	"	,, v9v
					(514) A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
516	Dehlí <i>Dáru-l-</i> mulk	800		As on No. 513.	As on No. 513, but ^ A.S.B.
517	"	801	Wt. 70	'n	
518	,,	815	Wt. 71	"	,, ^ 0
					Pl.
519	,,	816	Wt. 68•5	,, (Posthumous.)	" ************************************
520	"		Wt. 56·3 S. ·5	Legend in circle. ,,, Rf. I.M.C., p. 76 (12978).	but legend in circle and no date.
521	,,		Wt. 63 S. -6	In circle شاه محمود Rf. <i>I.M.C.</i> , p. 76 (12636).	دار الملك دهلی

XXVII NAȘRAT SHÁH

A. H. 797-802 (1). A. D. 1395-1399 (2)

		4	A. H. 191-0	U2 (1). A.D. 1395-13	99 (?).	
Æ	T) 11/			CC	PPER	
522	Dehlí <i>Dáru-l-</i> <i>mulk</i>		Wt. 133 S. •65	شاه نصرت سلطانے	دار الملك دهلي	
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1896.		A.S.B.
523	"	797	Wt. 60.8 S.	"	but below viv	
			∙55	Rf. Th. 284.		
524	,,	798	Wt. 65·5	23	,, v9A	
525	"	-	Wt. 65.3	22	"	
			S57	Rf. Th. 283.	No date.	

XXXMUBÁRAK SHÁH

А. н. 824-837. А. р. 1421-1433.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
526	Dehlí <i>Ḥaṣrat</i>	833	Wt. 165 S. -7	CO: In circle مبارك مبارك <i>Margin</i> بعضرت دهلی Rf. Th. 288.	المومنين ناثب امير ۸۳۳
527	"	77	6.8	" Margin سلطان ضربت	,, Rivett-Carnac.
528	,,	835	Wt. 167·5	" Margin سلطان … بعضرت دهلی	», «» (²)
529	Dehlí <i>Dáru-l-</i> <i>mulk</i>	832	Wt. 78·5 S. ·6	مبارك شاة سلطان Rf. Th. 289.	دار الملك دهلی ۱۳۰ A.S.B. P1.
530	,,	833	Wt. 86	"	but ATT A.S.B.
531 532	,,	835	Wt. 83	"	,, ^~0
533	,,	837	Wt. 79	"	,, ^L^V

MUḤAMMAD V

XXXI MUḤAMMAD V BIN FARÍD

а. н. 837-849.

A.D. 1433-1445.

A/ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
534	_	841	Wt. 174·8 S. ·75	قع زمن الأمام المومنين امسيسر خلدت خلافتة ۱۹۲۸	السلطان الأعظم ابو المحامد محمد شاه [بن فر]يد شاه شاه بن خضر
B 535	Dehlí <i>Hazrat</i>	846	Wt. 126·5 S. ·65	Rf. Th. 291. [سلطان] محمد شاه فريد [شاه] [خشر] شاه اجفسرت دهلي	Pl. الخليفة امير المومنين خلد خلافته ۴۲۸
536	Marcha.	848	Wt. 139·5	Rf. Th. 293.	,, ^p^ A .S.B.
Æ 537	Dehlí Dáru-l- mulk	841	Wt. 70·5 S. •55	COP! محمد شاه سلطان Rf. <i>I.M.C.</i> , p. 78 (10008).	دار الملك ER. دهلي دهلي ۱۳۰
538	doguma	842	Wt. 80	22	›› አዮr
539	Dehlí Dáru-l- mulk	843	Wt. 82 S. •55	م <u>ج</u> مد شاه سلطانے Rf. Th. 295.	دار الملك دهلي دهلي ۴۳ A.S.B.
540		844	Wt. 87	23	,, ,, ,,e,e
541	_	845	Wt. 84	,,	., .,
1					A.S.B.

XXXII 'ÁLAM SHÁH

А. н. 849-855. А. д. 1445-1451.

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
542		852	Wt. 129·2 S. ·71	BII الخليفة امير المومنين خلدت خلافتة ۸۵۲	سلطان عالمشاہ بن معبد شاہ
				Rf. Th. 297.	PI
Æ				co	PPER
543	_	850 }	Wt. 136 S. ·6	In circle عالمشاه Margin deleted.	المومنين نائب امير ٥٠٠
į			All a	Rf. Th. 300.	NA.
544	Dehlí Dáru-l- mulk	852	Wt. 70 S. •5	عالمشاه سلطان Rf. Th. 301.	دار الملك دهلي مهر
545	_	853	Wt. 69·7	n	»,
					Pl

XXXIII BAHLOL LODÍ

А. н. 855-894. А. д. 1451-1488.

B				BILL	
546	Dehlí <i>Ḥaṣrat</i>	857	Wt. 146 S. ∙7	في زمن امير المومنين خلد خلافته ۸۵۰	المتوكل على الرحمن بهلول شاء سلطان بحضرت دهلي
ic .				Rf. Th. 311.	Pl.
547	>>	858	Wt. 147.5	"	25

BAHLOL

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
548	Dehlí <i>Ḥaẓrat</i>	859	Wt. 145·5	As on No. 546, but	As on No. 546.
549	"	860	Wt. 142	, kV	,,
550	,,	862	Wt. 143	" ATF	"
551	"	863	Wt. 141	74L.,	* 33
552	"	875	Wt. 136	,, VA	17
553	"	877	Wt. 144	" ***	* **
554	"	881	Wt. 143·5	AAI	"
555	"	885	Wt. 146	,, AAQ	"
556	33,	886	Wt. 139.5	rc PAA	"
557	7)	887		29 AAY	,, A.S.B.
558	17	888	Wt. 133	,,	,, A.S.B.
559	,,	889	Wt. 140)3 AA9	"
560	22	892	Wt. 142·5	,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	", A.S.B.
561	,,	893		√ d	23
562 563	"	_	Wts. 58–56 S. ·55	لخليفة إمير المومنين خلدت خلافته	. <i>A.S.B.</i> بهلول شاة سلطان ب _خ ضرت دهلي
				Rf. Th. 312.	(562) A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				COPP	ER
564	[Dehlí <i>Ḥaẓrat</i>]	867	Wt. 137-8 S. •7	In circle بهارل شاء Margin obliterated.	المومنين ناڻب امير ۸۲۷
				Rf. Th. 315.	
565	,,	868	Wt. 134	"	,, ^1^
566	"	871		"	» ^*1
567	32	873	Wt. 134	"	" ^*
568	"	875	وي	OG MINOTO	13 AYO
		71		(810,461)(3/2)	Rivett-Carnac.
569	Dehlí <i>Ḥaẓrat</i>	878	Wt. 138	,,, but in margin حضر]ت دهلي	77 AVA
					A.S.B.
570	[Dehlí <i>Ḥaṣrat</i>]	889	Wt. 150	No margin.	», ************************************
					A.S.B. Pl.
571	27	894		,,	22 491°
					Rivett-Carnac.
572	Dehlí <i>Dáru-l-</i> mulk	857	Wt. 82 S. -5	بهلول شاه سلطان	دار الملك دهلي ۷۵۰
				Rf. Th. 313.	Pļ.
573	_	863	Wt. 72	,,	37 A41 ^m
					A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
574	Dehlí Dáru-l- mulk	865		As on No. 572.	As on No. 572.
					A.S.B.
575	39	866		**	,, YYA
					A.S.B.
576	33	867	Wt. 70	33	,, AYV
577	22	868	Wt. 71	"	,, AYA
578	,,	877	Wt. 66·5	35	,,
579	Jaunpúr	888	Wt. 67 S. •55	بهلول شاه سلطان	شهر جونپور ۸۸۸
				Rf. B.M.C., 493.	A,S.B.
580	12	889	Wt. 69·3	'n	,, ^^1
581	22	893	Wt. 60.5	n	,, ^9m
					A.S.B. Pl.

XXXIV SIKANDAR SHÁH II LODÍ

A.D. 1488-1517.

A.S.B. Pl.

B	1 1				
582	 896	7374		BILLON	
	890	Wt. 143 S. •7	فی زمن امیر المومنین خلدت خلافتهٔ ۸۹۲		المتوكل على الرحمن سكندر شاه بهلول شاه سلطان
			Rf. Th. 316.		سميان

А. н. 894-923.

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse	
583		897	Wt. 144	As on No. 582, but	As on No. 582.	
						A.S.B
584		898	Wt. 135·5	?? ^9^	"	
				***		A.S.B
585		899	Wt. 143	"	"	
			143	A99		A.S.B
586	******	902	Wt.	"	. ,,	
			141	9.1		A.S.B
587	-	903		"	,,	
			e 8	108 man/9/		A.S.B
588		904	Wt.	(B) 493(3))	"	
			128	1.10		A.S.B
589	-	905	Wt.	"	17	
			144	1,0		A.S.B
590		906		29	,,	
				9.4		A.S.B
591		907		29	22	
				9.v		A.S.B
592	gamaniani	908		37	"	
				9.4		I.M
593	B190.510	909	Wt.	,,	. 37	
			142	7.9		A.S.B
594	_	912		33		
				417		A.S.B

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
595		913	Wt. 141	As on No. 582, but	As on No. 582.
					A.S.B
596		914		31 4 14º	73
				111	A.S.E
597		915		"	>>
				910	A.S.E
598	-	916		,,	,,
				917	A.S.B
599		917		nG(II)3407	33
			186	manangal 93%	A.S.E
800		918		n ∋ \ (€)	,,
ĺ				A LA	A.S.B
601	Marrie	919		n	» ,
				111	A, S . B
602		920		,,	,,
				år.	I.M
603	-	901	Wt.	" (curtailed).	" (curtailed).
			55 S. •55	9 - 1	,
				Rf. Th. 317.	
804		902	Wt.	22	,,
			56	7.8	
605	-	908	Wt. 51.5	», 9•A	3 3
1					P

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
606 607			Wts. 32·5-31 S.	Portions of similar legends.	Portions of similar legends.
			-35	Rf. Nil.	A.S.B.
608	-	898	Wt. 17·5 S. ·35	Parts of سکندر بهلول	 خلافته ۸۹۸
		1		Rf. I.M.C., p. 85 (12649).	

XXXV IBRÁHÍM SHÁH II LODÍ

А. н. 923-937. А. д. 1517-1530.

В		1 1	0.9	BILL	ON	
809	_	925	Wt. 77 S. .55	Portions of فی زمن امیر المومنین خلدت خلافته ۶۲۰	Portions of المتوكل على الرحمن الرحمن الراهيم شاه سكندر شاه سلطان	
				Rf. Th. 318.		Pl.
610		926	Wt. 88-5); 171	,,	A.S.B.
611		925	Wt. 42·5 S. ·45	nro Rf. Th. 320.	37	
612	-	926	Wt. 43	,, 911	2.	Pl.
613		927	Wt. 39·5	" irv	'' F 2	
					F 2	

XXXVI SHER SHÁH

А. н. 946-952. А. д. 1540-1545.

No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				GO	OLD
614	1	?	Wt.	In circle	In circle
į			(looped)	The Kalima.	شاء ن
- 1			S.	Margin deleted.	شير سلطا
ŀ			-95		خلد الله ملكة
					و سلطانه
					Margin deleted.
				Rf. J.R.A.S., 1900, p. 778.	_
				0.0.000-00	
Æ			0.0	SIL	VER
615	Ágra	948	Wts.	In square	In square
616			179-173-5	لا اله الا الله	91° A
1			S.	محمد رسول الله	سلطـــان
1			1.2		شیسر شاه
				100	خلد الله ملكه
					स्रीसीरसाह
				Margins	Margins
				عمر الفاروق Left	السلطان العادل Left
		İ		عثمان العفان Top	ابو المظفر فريد Top
				على المرتضى Right	
					الدنيا و الدين Right
				ابابكر الصديق Bottom	ضرب اً گره Bottom
			/	Rf. Th. 345.	A.S.B.
			٧		Pl.
617	,,	949	Wt.	**	
			175	"	9164
					467
618	"	949	Wt.	As on No. 615.	As on No. 615, but 199
			172 S.	2	sideways on left of area
			1.1		ملكة تَّ
				Rf. B.M.C., 538.	
					A.S.B.

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
619	[Bhán- púr]	949	Wt. 174 S. 1	As on No. 615.	In square السلطان شير شاه شير شاه خلد الله ملكه خلا الله ملكه خالو الله ملكه خالو الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ا
				Rf. Th. 353.	Málda.
620	Fathábád	949	Wt. 173 S. 1	In square The Kalima. Below السلطان العادل Margins Top علی Left علی Rf. J.R.A.S., 1900, p. 491 (variant).	In square هاه هاه شير السلطان خلد الله ملكة ١٩٩٩ الله ملكة ١٩٩٩ शि स्वाहि Margins Bottom وتحاباد Right ريد الدنيا الو المظفر Top
621 622	Gwáliar	949	Wts. 179-174 S. 1.2	In square The Kalima.	In square سلطــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				Margins عمر الفاروق عمر الفاروق Top عثمان العفان Right على المرتفى Bottom ابابكر الصديق Rf. I.h., 1888 (1).	स्तियसाह Margins Iseft السلطان العادل ادو المظفر فريد Right الدنيا و الدين ضرب كوالير ضرب كوالير (621) A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
62 3	Gwáliar	951	Wt. 173 S. 1·1	As on No. 621.	As on No. 621, but date sideways to left of area
				Rf. B. M. C., 539.	A.S.B.
624	,,	,,	Wt. 172	"	As on No. 621, but مسلطان ۹۵۱ شیر شاه
625	77	952	Wt. 170	"	As on No. 621, but ملکه تِّ
626	[Jahánpa- náh] ¹	946	Wt. 172 S. 1	In square The Kalima. Below السلطان العادل Margins Top ابوبكر علی Left علی Right عمر Rf. Ind. Ant., 1888 (2).	In square شاه ن السلطا شير السلطا خلد الله ملكه وود و الله عليه الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ا
627	Jahánpa- náh	947	Wt. 174 S. 1	Rf. B.M.C., 530.	In square شاه ن السلطا شير السلطا خلد الله ملكه و سلطانه ١٩٤٧ و سلطانه ١٩٤٧ و سلطانه ١٩٤٧ المافرة المعانيناه المعانيناه المعانيناه المعانيا المعانيا المعانيناه المعانيناه المعانيناه المعانيناه المعانيناه المعانيناه المعانين المعانين المعاني المعاني المعانية المع
62 8	,,	948	Wt. 172-5	,,	91°∧
629	:,	,,	Wt.	,,	A.S.B.
629	59	,,	Wt. 172	"	سلطان of ن of سلطان of ملطان A.S.I

¹ A part of Dehlí.

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
630 631	Jahánpa- náh	948	Wts. 170- 177-5	As on No. 626.	As on No. 628, but m. m. 6 in سلطان of سلطان (631) A.S.B.
632	,,	"	Wt. 174	,,	but m. m. 7.
633	,,	949	Wt. 164·4	"	but 9149
					Rivett-Carnac. Pl.
634	32	ь	Wt. 173 S. 1·2	In circle لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله M. m. 6. Margin السلطان العادل ابابكر عمر عثمان على M. m. 2 and 8.	In circle شاة السلطان شبــــر خلد الله ملكة و سلطانة ١٩٠٩ M. m. 7. Margin فريد الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر جهانپناة
				Rf. Th. 349a.	A.S.B.
835	Kálpí	949	Wt. 179 S. 1	In double square لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله ضرب كالبى * ضرب كالبى * البابكر الصديق Margins البابكر الصديق Top عمر الفاروق Right	In double square شاه سلطان خلد الله ملكه سنة ۱۴۹۹ سنة Margins مريد الدنيا Top و الدين
				Bottom على المرتفى	Bottom श्रीसरसाही
				Rf. Th. 354.	A,S.B. Pl.
836	"	950	Wt. 175 S.	27	but Nágrí in area and date
			1	Rf. Nil.	Máld a. Pl

838 Satgáon 950 Wt. 175 Ss. 1 In circle The Kalima. Margin المسلطان خلد الله الله المسلطان خلد الله المسلطان خلال الله المسلطان	Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
838 Satgáon 950 Wt. In circle 175 S. 1 Margin الما الما المان خلد الله Rf. Ind. Ant., 1888 (11). 839 Sharif- ábád 840 Wt. In square 176 S. 1 Margins Rf. Ind. Ant., 1888 (11). Rf. In square المان خلد الله المعان خلد الله	637		950	166 S.	لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله Margins عمر الخطاب عمر الحفان العفان Top عثمان العفان Right	السلطان شير شاء خلد الله ملكة श्रीसेरसाह خ M.m. 9 over خ Margins ابو المظفر فريد Left الدنيا و الدين Right
M.m. 8 after العادل الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر الدنيا العادل الدائي العادل الدائي العادل الدائي العادل الدائي العادل ا	638	Satgáon	950	175 S.	In circle The Kalima. <i>Margin</i>	Pl. In circle داش شیر
الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله					العادل and عثمان M.m. 8 after عادل عادل	ملکه و سلطانه
Rf. B. M. C., 526.	639		946	176 S.	لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله السلطان العادل Margins عمر عمر Bottom عثمان عثمان Left	شير شير السلطان خلد الله ملكه شريفاباد ١٤٠٦ शिंर साही Margins فريد Right الدنيا Left
640 , 948 Wt. , 174 ", 174 ", 174	640	,,	948		Rf. B. M.C., 526.	

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
641	Sharíf- ábád	949	Wt. 174·5 S. 1	In double circle لا الد الا الله محمد رسول الله Margin السلطان العادل ابوبكر عمر عثمان على * Rf. Th. 349.	बेर्द्ध विश्वासा हो निष्या है। श्रीसेरसाही १९९१
				Mi. 111. 549.	A.S.B. Pl.
642	Shergarh	947	Wt. 177 S. 1	In square لا اله الا اله محمد رسول الله السلطان العادل Margins Left على Top ابودكر Right عصر عثمان	In square علد الله ملكة خلد الله ملكة علا الله ملكة علا الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ا
				Rf. B.M.C., 532.	A.S.B.
643	27	948	Wt. 178	"	91 6 7
644	>2	27	Wt. 178·5 S. 1	In double square لا اله الا اله محـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	In double square شاء سلطان شير خلد الله ملكه Margins Left स्वीसरमाही Top قريد الدنيا و Right الدين ابو المظفر ضرب شيركره ١٩٥٨ أو in lower right corner
				Rf. Th. 346.	A.S.B.

ÆR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
645	Shergarh	948	Wt. 174	As on No. 644.	As on No. 644.
					Málda Pl
646)	949	Wt. 173	1)	8 te 8
					Málda.
647	,,	,,	Wt. 176	* in area.	* in area.
648 649	Shergadh 'wrf Shakk-i- Bakar	950	Wt. 175 S. 1	In looped square The Kalima. Margins Left عبر الخطاب عمر الخطاب عمان العفان العفان Right ابابكر صديق Bottom	In looped square السلطان شاه خلد الله ملكه خلد الله ملكه عافريد الدين والد Top نيا ابو المظفر Right اضرب شيرلده عرف [شق] بكر ١٠٠٠ A.S.B. Pl.
650	"	951		33	71. 901
651	Shergarh 'urf Hazrat Dehlí	949	Wt. 172 S. 1	In square The Kalima. <i>Margins</i> Top الفاروق عثمان Right العفان على المرتضى	In square As on No. 619. Margins Left ابو المظفر فريد Top الدنيا و الدين
				Rf. Th. 344.	Málda.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
652	Shergarh 'wrf Hazrat Dehlí	951	Wt. 172 S. 1.1	In square The Kalima. Margins Left ابابكر الصديق عمر الفاروق عثمان Right على Bottom السلطان العادل	In square السلطان السلطان شير شاه خلد الله ملكه خلا الله ملكه خلا الله الله (sic) Margins Bottom ابو المظفر فريد الدنيا و الدين خرب شيرگره عر قب جفرت دهلي
				Rf. Th. 344 (variant).	Pl.
653	Ujjain	949	Wt. 172·5 S. 1·1	In circle لا اله الا الله محمد رسو*ل الله محمد رسو*ل الله Margin السلطان العادل ضرب اجين ابابكر عمر عسمان (sic) على After اجين and على على m. m. 8 inverted.	In circle شاة سلطان شير الله ملكة و سلطانة Margin فريد الد (a) نيا و الدين ابو المظفر جهانيناة (b) عام At (a) and (b) m. m. 8 inverted.
				Rf. I.A., 1888 (9).	A.S.B.
654	(3)	(1)	Wt. 174 S. 1-1	In double circle The Kalima, but الرسول for رسول Traces of usual marginal legend.	Pl. In double circle السلطا شاء شير شير خلد الله خلافته Traces of usual marginal legend.
				Rf. J.R.A.S., 1900, p.779.	Pl.

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Roverse
				Squar	mint name e areas ar. α
655		946	Wt. 174 S. 1	In square لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله السلطان العادل Margins Top ابوبكر Right عمر Bottom علی Left	In square شير شير السلطان خلد الله ملكة ١٤٠٢ الله ملكة सिरसाही Margins Top ابو المظفر Right فريد Bottom الدين الدين
			A. C.	Rf. Th. 351.	Rivett-Carnac. Pl.
656		948	Wt. 175	"	" 94 A.S.B.
657	_	949	Wt. 175	,,	7, 91°9
658	Name of State (3)	Wt. 179 S. 1	As on No. 655, but a small circle to left of على in margin.	As on No. 655, but date confused. A.S.B. Pl.	
				Va	r. β
659 660	***************************************	946	Wt. 171	As on No. 655.	As on No. 655, but شير in two lines only.
					Malda. Pl.
661 662	Warrange .	947	Wt. 176	29)) ¶₽∨
663	-	948		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Pl.
				(looped.)	9144

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
864		948	Wt. 173 S. 1	As on No. 626. Rf. J.A.S.B., 1904, Num.	In square شير السلطا شير السلطا خلد الله ملكة خلد الله ملكة و سلطا ١٩٥٨ نه Margins Top المظفر البو المظفر Right فريد Bottom الدنيا و الدين
				Sup. II.	Pl.
665	_	950	Wt. 174 S. 1·1	In square The Kalima. Margins Right ابوبكر الصديق Bottom عمر الفاروق Left Top } obliterated.	In square المطان الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال
				Rf. Not previously published.	A.S.B. Pl,
666	-	25	Wt. 176·5 S. 1·2	In circle لا اله الا الله محمد رسو*ل الله Margin السلطان العادل (a) ابابكر	r areas In circle شه ن الله ملكة خلد الله ملكة و سلطانه Margin فريد الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر (a) المظفر (b) At (a) and (b) m. m. 8 inverted.
				Rf. B.M.C., 553.	Rivett-Carnac. Pl.

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
667		950	Wt. 174·5	As on No. 666.	As on No. 666, but 40. and after ابو m. m. 11.
					A.S.B.
668		949	Wt. 174 S. 1-3	In circle الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	In circle شاه السلطان شيــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				00.002-02	At (a) m. m. 8, at (b) m. m. 2, at (c) m. m. 6.
				Rf. B.M.C., 552.	A.S.B.
669		,,	Wt. 176	As on No. 668, but only m. m. 8 and m. m. 6 in margin.	As on No. 668, but only m. m. 8 and m. m. 6 in margin.
					Málda. Pl.
670		950	Wt. 175	As on No. 668.	As on No. 668, but 30. A.S.B. Pl.
671	_	951	Wt. 174	As on No. 668.	As on No. 668, but
					A.S.B.
672		949	Wt. 173 S. 1	In circle The Kalima. Margin ابنابكر عمر عثمان (a) على السلطان العادل (b) At (a) and (b) m. m. 8.	In circle شير سلطان شير سلطان خلد الله ملكه و سلطانه Margin فريد الد (a) نيا و الدين ابو المظفر (b) شيا و الدين ابدو At (a) and (b) m. m. 8.
-				Rf. Th. 348.	A.S.B.

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
673		950	Wt. 174·5	As on No. 672.	As on No. 672, but
					A.S.B.
674		951	Wt. 174	,,	but 901
					Málda.
675		,,	Wt. 173	25	but m.m. 12 before date.
					A.S.B. Pl.
676	_	948	W.t. 179.5 S. 1.1	In circle لا الع الا الله سو*ل الله محمد ر محمد ر Margin ابوبكر (a) عمر (b) عسمان (b) على السلطان العادل (a) At (a) m. m. 8, at (b) m. m. 13.	شار السلّطان شير السلّطان خلد الله ملكة خلد الله ملكة وسلطانة Margin (أن (a) عاملاتا و الدين (b) (a) عاملاتا و الدين (b) (a) عاملاتا و الدين (b) (a) عاملاتا و الدين (b) (a) عاملاتا و الدين (b) (a) عاملاتا و الدين (b) (b) (a) عاملاتا و الدين (b) (b) (a) عاملاتا و الدين (b) (b) (a) عاملاتا و ال
				Rf. Not previously published, but cp. J.R.A.S., 1900, p. 778, Pl. II (16).	A,S,B. Pl.
677		949	Wt. 178 S. 1·1	As on No. 676, but no marginal ornaments.	As on No. 676, but date in margin after المظفر. No marginal ornaments.
			1-1	Rf. Not previously published.	A.S.B. Pl.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
					PER
678	Abú ¹	951	Wt. 303 S. .9	In looped square في عهد (sic) لامير الحامي ٩٥١ الحامي Margin Right ١٥١ and m. m. 8.	In looped square سلطان شاء شير م ضر ابو ضر ابو سلطان Margins سلطان Right
				Rf. I.M.C., p. 93 (13049).	Pl.
679	Ágra ²	950	Wt. 315 S. .9	In looped square فے عہد (sic) لا میر الحامی ۹۵۰ Margin السلطان	In looped square سلطان شاه شیر ضرب آگره ضرب آگره Margins ابو المظفر Bottom خلد الله Top
				Rf. Th. 356.	Pl.
679 (a)	,,	,,	_	" <i>Margin</i> Left العادل	Margins obliterated. A.S.B.
680	,,	951	Wt. 317	As on No. 679, but in last line الله اميه هم	As on No. 679. **Margins** Right ملكة و Bottom سلطانه Rest illegible. **A.S.B.
681	,,	37	Wt. 318	hut الله من اوه الله الله الله الله الله الله الله	" Margins Left الله Right و سلطانه ابو المظفر Bottom

¹ Abú was a fortress on a hill, situated in long. 78°, lat. 25°. Mál Deo, Rájá of Jodhpur, shut himself up in the fort when driven out of Jodhpur by Khawás Khan, one of Sher Sháh's nobles (Dorn's History of the Afghans, p. 140). The double date is remarkable.

2 The full margins read: Obv. ابو المظفر خلد الله ملكة و سلطانة Rev. الدين الديان السلطان العادل

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
682	Alwar	950	Wt. 315 S. .9	As on No. 679. Margins Top الدين Right	As on No. 679, but ضرب الور Margins و سلطانه Right ابو المظفر Bottom
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1880.	A.S.B.
683	23	952	Wt. 319	י, ۱۰۶ Margin العادل [*] Left	>>
684	Biána	950	Wt. 316 S. .9	فريد الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر الساطا العال ن د	In dotted circle خلد الله سلطان ملکه شـاه
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p.161.	شــير ضرب بيانه سنة ١٥٠ Pl.
685	19	951	Wt. 317 S. •9	In dotted circle في عهد امير العادل ابو المظفر فريد الدنيا و الدين	" 901
				Rf.J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 161.	A.S.B.
686	**	,,	Wt. 319	,, but فرید in last line.	" Pl.
687 688	Chunár	950	Wt. 316 S. •9	As on No. 679, but الله in third line. * over ح Margins Bottom الدنيا الدين الدين Top العادل م Right 10. [m. m. 8]	In looped square شاء سلطان شير خلد الله خلد الله Margins Bottom ملكة Left وسلطانه ابو المظفر Top
				Rf. Not previously published.	A.S.B. Pl.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
689	[Chunár]	951	Wt. 319 S. •9	In square فيعهد الميرة الخاكم الخاكم سنة Margin Right عمل	In square سلطان شير شاه خلد الله Margins obliterated.
690 1/2	,,	(?)	Wt. 149 S. ∙7	In square في عهد الأ ميرة الأكم # over الماكم Margins obliterated.	In square شير ن شاه سلطا خلد الله ملكه خلد الله ملكه ابو المظفر Top ابو المظفر A.S.B.
691 ½	33	950	Wt. 151 S. •7	In square فيعهد الأميرة الماكم الماكم Wargin Right	In square سلطان شاد * شير خلد الله Margins obliterated.
692 1/2	,,		Wt. 153 S. •7	Margins obliterated.	33 a
693	Gwáliar	950	Wt. 314 S. .9	As on No. 679, but الحال مه مع Margin Bottom السلطان Rf. Th. 358.	As on No. 679. ضرب گوالیر Margins illegible. A.S.B.
694	33	951	Wt. 319·5 S. •9	As on No. 679, but الحا ا مى ه ا Margins الديان Right السلطان Bottom	Margins illegible. A.S.B.
695	27	"	Wt. 315	As on No. 679, but	Margin '' Right ماطانه
696	27	12		" " Margin العادل العادل	Margin " Top "

697			and size	Obverse	Reverse
	}wáliar	95-	Wt. 315 S. .95	As on No. 679, but الحالج Margins Bottom الدين Left الديان Right همان Rf. Nil.	As on No. 679, but * to left of شير Margins Bottom خلد الله Left [m.m. 8] Right و سلطانه A.S.B. Pl.
697 (a)	17	(<i>i</i>)	Wt. 308	Area as above. Margins illegible.	but top margin ابو المظفر A.S.B.
698	Ḥissár	950	Wt. 314·5 S. ∙95	في عهد امير الحام [فر]يد الدنيا و الد Rf. <i>I.M.Ç.</i> , p. 96.	ابو المظفر شير شاه خلد الله ملكه ۹۰۰ حصار ضرب
699	77	(1)	Wt. 317 S. .95	As on No. 679, but in third line النائم and m.m. 11 over مرسم Margin Top العادل Rf. Th. 357.	As on No. 679, but ضرب حصار Margins ابو المظفر Top خلد الله Bottom خلد الله لملكة Left ملكة و سلطانه A.S.B.
700	,,	(1)	Wt. 317	33	but * to left of شير A.S.B.
701	,,	(3)	Wt. 318	but * over ح Margin Bottom الدين	No star. "
702	>>	(¹ / ₂)	Wt. 317	Margin " الديان Left	,, A.S.B.
703	27	(1)	Wt. 157 S. •74	but m. m. 11 over – Margin Top	Margins obliterated.
					A.S.B

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
704 ½	Ḥissár	(3)	Wt. 154	As on No. 703. Margin Bottom الدين	As on No. 703.
705	Kálpí	949	Wt. 306 S. ·8	السلطان العادل ابو المظفر شير شاه سلطان Rf. <i>J.A.S.B.</i> , 1890.	خلد الله ملكة ضرب بلا كالپے ۱۹۶۹
706	,,	12	Wt. 305	,,	but without cross.
707	,,	950	Wt. 316 S. -9	میر	السلطان ابو المظفر شير شاه العادل
708	37	,,	Wt. 314 S. .95	As on No. 679, but in third line الحام * over ح Margins Bottom الدين Left Top العادل Right 10 Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890.	As on No. 679, but ضرب كالهي <i>Margins</i> Right خلد الله Bottom [m. m. 8] و سلطانة ابو المظفر Top
709 1/2	25	> 7	Wt. 150 S. .75	Margin "Right 90.	Margin " ابو المظفر Top
710	27	(3)	Wt. 316	but no star.	,, A.S.I
711	"	(3)	Wt. 153 S. •8	but المائد Margins Bottom الدين Left الديان Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890.	Margin '' Right خلد الله A.S.E

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
712 1/2	Kálpí	95-	Wt. 155·5	As on No. 708, but × over الله Margins Left الديان Right	As on No. 708. Margins ابو المظفر المحلكة Bottom ملكه Left و سلطانه
713	Lakhnau		Wt. 319 S. .9	ف عهد الأمير الحاكم الدنيان الدين فريد و قريد و Rf. I.M.C., p. 97.	ابو المظفر شاه سلطان شــــير ضرب خلد الله لكهنو ملكة P1.
714	Malot	950	Wt. 315 S. 1	As on No. 679, but الليل	As on No. 679, but ضرب ملوت Margins Bottom خلد (a) الله Top المظفر (a) الم و سلطا (a) نه Right فه At (a) m. m. 2.
715	,,	951	Wt. 307 S. 1	Rf. I.M.C., p. 97 (8671). "" but no m. m. in area. Margins Bottom % 101 Rest obliterated. Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 157.	Margin Top ? Malis ?
716	7 7	(3)	Wt. 321	As on No. 679, but in third line لللله Margins Right الد (a) ين Top العادل At (a) m. m. 2.	As on No. 679, but ضرب ملوت Margins ابو المظفر Top ابو المظفر و سلطانه Bottom
717	??	(1)	Wt. 320·5	"	Margin Right (a) (b) At (a) m. m. 8, at (b) m. m. 2.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
718	Malot	(3)	Wt. 313	As on No. 716.	As on No. 716. Margins Top ابو المظفر خلد (a) الله At (a) m. m. 2.
719 720	Nárnol	950	Wts. 322–321 S. .9	but الخالخ * over ح * over ح * over ح الدين Bottom الدين الديان Left الديان العادل Top العادل عود Right so. [m. m. 8]	but نارنول ضرب * to left of شرب * to left of خلد الله * Margins Bottom خلد الله Left ملكه Top ابو المظفر Right «نارنوالم
			- 2	Rf. Th. 358.	A.S.B.
721	,,	951	Wt. 320	but in right margin 401	No star. "A.S.B.
722	,,	952	Wt. 321.5	nor	"
723	Sambhal	950	Wt. 326 S. -85	As on No. 679, but الحادث وم م Margins Bottom الدين العادل	As on No. 679, but سنبهل ضرب <i>Margins</i> جلد الله Right ابو المظافر
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1880.	A.S.B.
724	,,	951	Wt. 321	but 901 Very crude lettering. Margins illegible.	Margins illegible. A.S.B.
725	,,	,,	Wt. 317.5	Margins " و الدين Left السلطان ? Top	Margin " حلد الله Right

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
726	Sambhal	951	Wt. 317	As on No. 723. Margin Bottom فريد الدنيا	As on No. 723. Margin Left سلطانه
72 7	Shergarh	12	Wt. 323·5 S. 1	but in third line للامي Margins Top العادل Right ۱۵۱ *	ال المنظفر Pl. but شيرگره ضرب ضرب Margins Top المظفر Pl. Right المطفر
728	Shergarh <i>'wrf</i> Dehlí	950	Wt. 317-5 S. .9	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 157. As on No. 679, but النا ١٥ هـ Margins Bottom الديان Left الديان Top السلطان Right	Pl. As on No. 679, but ب شير ضرگره ضرگره Margins Right خلد الله Bottom ملکه عر
729	;;	951	Wt. 317	Rf. Th. 358. As on No. 679, but لاما ١٥٥ هـ Margins Left الديان Top	Margin '' Bottom ملكة عر A.S.B.
730	> ?	,,,	Wt. 311.5	"," Margins Lower الدين الديان الديان	" Margin ن دهلی Left
731	>>	"	Wt. 318 S. -85	", Margin Lower الدين	Margins ابو المظفر Top جلد الله Right جلد الله A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
732	Shergarh 'urf Dehlí	952	Wt. 315	As on No. 729.	As on No. 728.
733 734 ¹	Shergarh Fort	951	Wts. 316-302 S. -85	السلطان العادل شــــاه شـــاه خلد الله خلافته Rf.J.A.S.B.,1890,p.162.	قلعة دار الفرب شيرگرة ٩٥١ (733) <i>A.S.B.</i>
785	??	952	Wt. 302·7	"	,, Sor
736 737	Shergarh Fort 'wrf (?)	(3)	Wts. 318-309 S. .95	In square الأمير الغازي غيد غيد Margins Top (؟) عرف ببول Left سنة Bottom Right قلعة شيراًرة Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 158.	In square الطان عادل شاه شاه Margins حاد الله ملكة و سلطانه Left ابو المظفر؟ Right Pl.
738 739	72	(?)	Wt. 319·6 S. ∙95	", but thicker lettering. **Margins** Right (1) ببول عرف Rest obliterated. Rf. J. A.S.B., 1890, p. 158.	الطا مادل عادل شير شاء شير شاء To left of عادل m. m. 8. Margins يون الدنيا والد ين خلد الله Right ملكة و سلطانة
740	33	951	Wt. 323 S. •9	Margins Bottom ۱۵۱ Left	Pl. ,, Margins obliterated.

¹ This coin and No. 654 are almost certainly from the same mint.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				1	nint name
				Ty_{I}	oe A
741		947	Wt.	فے عهد	ابو المظفر
ł			315	الامير لجام	شاء ن
			S. •85	الدين الديان	شير السلطا
1				1	خلد الله ملكه
				dteA	* to right of sla
				DE 7 4 G B 1000 - 100	_
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 160.	Pl.
742		,,	Wt.	97	,,
$\begin{array}{c} 742 \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$			156		but خلد ملكه in last line.
			S. ·7	Df 7 4 9 P 1000 - 100	Rivett-Carnac.
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 160.	niven-Carnac.
743	_	948	Wt.	ng (11)2-07_	, ,,
1/2			156	91ev	خلد الله ملكة
			166.0	അക്കാദവ	A.S.B.
			HE Y	3/19/1	
744	_	949	Wt.	-,-	,,
1			307	died	but * in ن of
				The state of the s	A.S.B.
745		950	Wt.	,,	,,
745 ½			150	90.	* to right of sla
					A.S.B.
					A.D.D.
					pe B
746		948	Wt.	فے عهد	ابو المظفر
			318 S.	في عهد الامير للحام	[شاء] السلطا
			.9	الدين الديان	
				diev	شــير خلد الله ملكة
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, Pl. VII (9).	A.S.B. Pl.
747	demokrati	951		"	,,
				901	A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				Type C	
748 749		951	Wts. 317-314 S. 1	As on No. 746, but ولداين (sic) الد[يا]ن ۱۹۱	ابو المظفر شاہ السلطان شیر خلد اللہ ملکہ
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p.160.	(748) A.S.E
				Type D	
750		950	Wt. 318 S. .95	في عهد الامير الحامي فر ١٥٠ الدنيا يد الدين و	ابو المظفر شــــاه شـــــبر السلطان خلد الله ملكه
			de la	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, pp. 160, 161.	A.S.B
751	_	72	Wt. 317	M.m. 11 below 90.	
752		"	Wts. 309–316	", ω (α) ω الدين ۹۰.	•
				At (a) m. m. 11.	P
753	-	951	Wt. 317	فر ۱۵۱ الدنيا but يد (۵) و الدين	,,
				At (a) m. m. 11.	Pl
754 14			Wt. 77 S. ·6	فے عهد <u>الامبر الحا</u> مے الدین ا	ابو المظفر شـــالا شـــير السلطان خلد

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
755 756		949	Wts. 318–315 S. .95	ت Type في عهد الأمير الخامي الأمير الخامي الأمير الخامي الدين و الدنيا الدين و الدنيا الكاركات المكاركات الكاركات الكار	ا بو المظفر سلطان شير شاة الله ملكة خلد
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 159.	(755) <i>A.S.B</i> Pl
757	_	949	Wt. 310 S. •9	"	ابو المظفر شير شاه سلطان الله ملكه خلد
			8.9	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 159.	<i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
758		949	Wt. 311·5 S. •9	ت عهد فع عهد الأمير لفاكم لدين الديان ۱۴۹ Rf. Not previously figured.	ابو المظفر شاة ن شير سلطا خلد الله ملكة
759		950	Wt. 310	11	,, A.S.B.
760 761		951	Wts. 315–316	901	,, (761) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
762 1/2	-	,,	Wt. 155	17	"
763		949	Wt. 315 S. .9	غ عهد في عهد الأمير الحاكم الديان الديان 1929	ابو المظفر شاہ * ن شیر سلطا خلد الله ملکہ
		To the state of th		Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 158.	A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
764		95-		As on No. 763.	As on No. 763.
				90-	A.S.B.
765		952	Wt. 323 S. ∙85	" 9or	but m. m. 8 over in second line.
					A.S.B. Pl.
				Typ	pe I
766		950	Wt. 316	As on No. 763, but and	As on No. 763, but star to right of ala and omitting
			S. •95	äim	lub right of see and omitting
			•90	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, pp.	Pl.
767	-	951		158, 159.	
768			Wt. 154	but 901	3>
2			S. ·75	سنة	400
					A.S.B.
769			Wŧ.	1,740,07	oc J المظفر
100			320	في عهد الامير الجام	ابطهر ابو (a) شاه
			S. •85	فريد الد	آشــير
				•••••	سلطان خلد الله ملكة
					At (a) m.m. 2.
				Rf. Not previously figured.	A,S.B.
					e K
770	-	951	Wt. 319	In square في العهد	In square سلطان
			S. •9	می اسهد امیر +	هاه
			-5	للا ١٥١ مے	شير
				Margin illegible.	ابو المظّفر .Margins illegible
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 158.	A.S.B.
67.07			****		Pl.
771		"	Wt. 321	23	Margin '' و سلطانه Right

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
772		951	Wt. 313 S. .9	In square فے عهد لامير+ الحا ۱۹۱م	As on No. 770. Margin Bottom و سلطانه Pl.
				Smalle	r Coins
773		947	Wt. 45 S. •45	شير العادل ۹۴۷ Rf. <i>J.R.A.S.</i> ,1900, p. 496.	الزمان خليفة
774 18		948	Wt. 42 S. •5	سلطان شاء شير العادل ۱۳۶۸	but below السلطان
			1000	അക്കാദരി	Pl.
775 776 18		949	Wts. 41-38 S. ·45	سلطان شاه شير ۹ العادل ۱۳۹	الزمان خليفة السلطان
				Rf. B.M.C., 585.	A.S.B.
777		9	Wt. 30 S. •4	شاہ شیر السلطان	In scolloped border خليفة الزمان الرمان
				Rf. J.R.A.S., 1900, p. 496.	A.S.B. Pl.
778		946	Wt. 21 S. •4	شاہ شیر سلطان	[خليفة] الزمان ۱۹۴۹
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1896.	$Rivett ext{-}Carnac.$
779		947	Wt. 19·7	12	,, 94°v Pl.

ISLÁM SHÁH

XXXVII ISLÁM SHÁH

А. н. 952-960. А. д. 1545-1552.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
		-		SIL	VER
780	Ágra	952	Wt. 176 S.	In square The Kalima. Star in area.	In square شاہ بن اسلام
			1.1		سلطان ه
				Margins ابابكر المديق Bottom	شير شا خلد الله ملكه ع
				عمر الفاروق Left	श्रीद्रसलमसाह
				عثمان العفان Τορ	
				على المرتفى Right	Margins Bottom ضرب أكرة Left السلطان ابن السلطان
			. 8	ong mono	جلال آلدنیا Right
			166	Rf. Th. 360.	A.S.B. Pl.
781	"	955	Wt. 175.5	- "	"
					M. m. 8 in area. Margin
					ابو المظفر Right
					Málda.
782	Biána	953	Wt. 176.5 S.	No star.	Area as on No. 780, but in third line
			1		سلطان شاه شيـــر
description of quantum property.					Margins Bottom ۹۵۳ مرب بیانة حلال الدنیا
and section to the section of the se				Rf. J.R.A.S., 1900, p. 784.	A.S.B. Pl.
783	- 59	,,	Wt.	"	,,
			174 S.		but ۹٥٣ in area to left of شير Margins
			1		جلال الدنيا Left
				Rf. J.R.A.S., 1900, p. 783.	و الدين Top A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
784	Chunár	953	Wt. 175 S. 1·1	As on No. 780, but in left corner المردة (sic). Margins Top الموبكر Right على المرتفى Bottom عمر الفاروق	In square شاء سلطان اسلام شير شاء خلد الله ملكة خلد الله ملكة خلا الله الملكة مام خلا الله الملكة مام خلال الدنيا Bottom
				Rf. J.R.A.S., Oct., 1900, Pl. III (33).	Málda. Pl.
785	[Chunár]	955	Wt. 175 S. 1	,, ۱۰۵ Margins Top بکر (a) ابو Left	Margins obliterated. Malda,
				M. m. 8 at (a).	111 at at at at at at at at at at at at at
786	Gwáliar	952	Wt. 171 S. 1	As on No. 780.	As on No. 780, but شاء سلطان شير شير Margins فرب كوالير Bottom ين ابو المظفر Right ين ابو المظفر Others obliterated.
				Rf. Tb. 360.	
787	37	955	Wt. 175	27	بر ۱۰۵ Margin Left السلطان ابن السلطان
					Málda.
788	,,	956	Wt. 174	"	but 🥞 "
789	23	957	Wt. 176	۰,	but 🕏 "
790	"	958	Wt. 177	,,	but 💈 "
					A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
791	Gwáliar	959	Wt. 171.5	As on No. 786.	As on No. 786, but
792	"	960	Wt. 175	"	but ₹ "
793	Jahán- panáh	955	Wt. 177·5 S. 1	In square The Kalima. In lower left corner ۹٥٥ Margins Bottom عثمان عفان	In square اسلام اسلام شير شاء خلد الله ملكة عاد الله ملكة عاد الله الملاة عاد الله الملاة الم عاد الله الملاة الم المظفر المداد الملائد الملا
				Rf. J.R.A.S., 1900, p. 786.	A.S.B. Pl.
794	Kálpí	953	Wt. 169.5 S.	As on No. 780. * in area.	As on No. 780, but قرب كالبي and قرب
			1	Rf. J.R.AS., 1900, p. 784.	A.S.B.
794 (a)	33	954	Wt. 176	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	but 🥰 "
795	Nárnol	960	Wt. 174 S. 1	As on No. 780.	As on No. 780, but ضرب نارنول and شرب نارنول A.S.B.
796	Satgáon	952	Wt. 175 S. 1·2	Rf. I.A., March, 1888. In circle The Kalima. Margin ابابكر صديق عمر خطاب عثمان عفان على مرتفى السلطان	المادة المادة
				Rf. J.R.A.S., Oct., 1900, Pl. III, 32.	Málda. Pl.

AR No.	lint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse									
797 Sai	gáon	957	Wt. 171 S. 1·1	In square The Kalima. الاب المرابع المحتونة Margins Bottom المابكر صديق عمر خطاب حمر خطاب Top عفان عفان Right على مرتض	In square اسلام شاء ابن شير شاء سلطان خلد الله ملكة و سلطانة خلا الله ملكة و سلطانة خلا و سلطانة خلا و سلطانة خلال الدنيا الدين المناه									
				Rf. B.M.C., 613.	Málda Pl									
1 %	ergadh wf kar]	955	Wt. 172 S. 1	As on No. 780. Margins obliterated.	In square ماه بن ١٥٥ اسلام شاه سلطان شاه سلطان خلد الله ملكه عاد الله ملكه عاد الله ملكه عاد الله ملكه									
				Rf. J.R.A.S., 1900, p. 782.	A.S.B									
799 '4	rgadh <i>urf</i> akar	959	959	959	959	959	959	959	959	959	959	Wts. 175–176 S. 1	As on No. 780.	As above, but ٩٥٩ and m.m. 2 instead of m.m. 11 Margins Left جلال الدولت Top و الدين ابو المظافر Right [٤]
				Rf. J.R.A.S., 1900, p. 783.	[عرف سق بكر] (799) <i>A.S.B</i> Pl									
	rgarh ehlí	952	Wt. 173 S.	In square, as on No. 780.	In square, as on No. 780 Margin									
			1	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1904, Num.	فرب شیرگره دهلی Bottom <i>Málda</i>									

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
801	(3)	952	Wt. 175 S. 1·15	In double square The Kalima. Por Margins obliterated.	In double square ا شاء سلطان ا شاء سلام سلام شاء شاء خلد الله ملكم خلد الله ملكم सीदसलामसाह M. m. 11 in area. Margin
				Rf. I.M.C., p. 101, No. 8705.	السلطان Top <i>Malda</i> , Pl.
802	(3)	956	Wt. 169	you M. m. 6 in area.	"
803	-	954	Wt. 176 S. 1-25	Without r In circle The Kalima. Margin البابكر عمر عثمان على السلطان العادل M. m. 8 after عثمان عادل	mint name In circle اسلام ابن شیر شاه سلطان و سلطانه خلد الله ملكه و اعلى امره Margin
004				Rf. B.M.C., 620.	सीद्सलमसाहि १०४ न्सी النيا و الدين ابو المظفر M. m. 12 before جلال A.S.B.
804	_	952	Wt. 176.5 S. 1.25	In square The Kalima. Margins Bottom ابابكر الصديق عمر الفاروق عمر الفاروق Top عثمان العقان Right على المرتفى	In square اسلام شاه ابن شير شاه سلطان عدد الله ملكة Por علد الله ملكة Below श्रीद्सलामसाहि Margins Right جلال الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر Left السلطان العدد
805		054	777	Rf. Th. 359.	M. m. 12 in top margin.
305	Marrows	954	Wt. 172	,,	d Ole

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
806	*****	955	Wt. 174	As on No. 804.	As on No. 804, but
					A.S.B.
807		956	Wt.	13	,,
			171		A.S.B.
808		957	Wt.	12	,,
			171		nov A.S.B.
000		0.70	****		
809	Propertion	958	Wt. 172	>>	904
810		959	Wt. 172	,,	,,
			1,2	a (1 (11)12- a)2	101 A.S.B.
811		960	Wt.	1015 11000010V	
311		900	174	അക്കാദവ	" 17.
				3/12/13	A.S.B.
812 sq.	articina	954	Wt. 174.5	The Kalima.	In square as on No. 804. Traces of topmargin only.
24.			S.		
			.9	Rf. Th. 362.	A.S.B. Pl.
813		959	Wt.	As on No. 780.	As on No. 780, but the
814			176 S.		date ماه is also placed over the خلد of خلد
			-95		Margins obliterated.
			manufacture and the second sec	Rf. Not previously published.	(813) A.S.B. Pl.
8141		_	Wt.	لا الد الا الله	اسلام شاه سلطان
(a)			166 S.	محمد رسول الله	بن شير شاه سلطان
			-95	غوث (٤) الأسلام و	خلد الله ملكة
					و سلطانه
				Rf. B.M.C., 619.	(Mutilated.)

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ This coin was found in a heard with some Bengal coins. It is probably from some mint in Bengal.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse	
				COPPER		
815	Alwar	955	Wt. 316	111 111	۰۰۰۰۰ شاھ	
			S.	الامير للحام		
l			•95	الدين الديان	اسلام سلطان	
					بن شير شاه	
1			:		خلد الله ملكه	
					ضرب الو[ر]	
				Rf. I.M.C.,p.104(10059), where mint was not read.	Pl.	
816	Kálpí	952	Wt.	فے عصد	ابو المظفر	
			317 S.	الأمير لحام	بن اسلام شاه	
			85	۱۵۲ ن الدین الدیا	شير ۽ ن شا سلطا	
			250	Service Committee of the Service Committee of	شا سلطا	
			1660	(310/09/3/3/3/1	ضرب کال[پی]	
				Rf. L.M.C., p. 42.	A.S.B.	
817	Malot	952	Wts.	فے	ابو المظفر	
818			309·5- 313	عهد	اسلام شاء بن	
			S.	الامير لمكام	شاه سلطان	
			•9	الدين الديان	شاه سلطان شیر خلد الله ملکه	
				ضرب ملوت	خلد الله ملكة	
				907		
				Rf. I.M.C., p. 105.	Pl.	
819	2)	(3)	Wt.	,,	"	
			305	and to في and to left of عهد	,	
820	Nárnol	956	Wt.	As on No. 816, but date	******	
			308 S.	907 at bottom.	•••••	
			.9		شير شاہ سلطان	
					خلد الله ملكة	
	5 10 1				ضرب نارنول	
1				Rf. L.M.C., p. 42.	A.S.B.	

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
821 822 823	Sháhgarh	959	Wts. 317-302- 321.5 S. .85	As on No. 816. Below مرب شاء گره ۱۹۹	ابو المظفر اسلا*م شاه سلطان بن شير شاه خلد الله
				Rf. vide <i>J.R.A.S.</i> , 1900, p. 498.	(821–822) <i>A.S.B</i> Pl
824	27	(1)	Wt. 326·5	,,	Without star.
825	Shergarh Qanauj	955	Wt. 317·3 S. ·95	في عهد الأ مير لخامي الأ مير لخامي مود و مود الدين الديان الديان الديان الدين الديان الدين ابو المظفر اسلام شاہ بن شیر سلطان ضرب شیرگرہ عرف قنومے ملکہ خلد الله	
				Rf.I.M.C., p.104(13060).	Pl.
826	233	, 33	Wt. 315.5	but only one bar across the coin.	29
827 ½	"	95-	Wt. 152 S. ⋅55	Rf. I.M.C., p. 104 (13063).	"
828	,,	956	Wt. 315·5	rof	ابو المظفر اسلام شاه سلطان خلد الله گره ملکه شیر قد
829	,,	,,	Wt. 317 S. •95	ف عهد الأمير الخام الدين الد ۱۹۵۲ Double bar and knot.	ابو المظفر اسلام شاہ شیر[شاہ] سلطان گرہ قن[وج] ضرب شیر
				Rf. L.M.C., pp. 40-41.	A.S.B. Pl.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
830	Shergarh Qanauj	957	Wt. 312	As on No. 829, but	As on No. 829.
831	,,,	(1)	Wt. 326	No date.	but قنوج in bottom line belowشیر
832 833 834 835	(1)	957	Wts. 320-312- 308-324 S. .85	دار الضرب عهد الملك فــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	الواثق بتائيد الرحمن ابو شــــاه المظفر اسلام سلطان خلد الله ملكة و سلطانه 832) A.S.B
836 ¹ / ₂	(2)	(1)	Wt. 151 S. .75	,, Rf. <i>I.M.C.</i> , p. 106 (13065).	
837		952	Wt. 308 S. 1·2	Without 1 غے عهد (sic) امیر لخامے جلال الدین و الد سنة	mint name ابو المظفر بن اسلام شاه شير شاه سلطان خلد الله ملكه
				Rf. I.M.C.,p. 103(13054).	
838		952	Wt. 319 S. .95	ترس الله عهد الأمير الحام الدين الديان ۱۹۵۲ سنة	ابو المظفر اسلام شاہ بن شیر شاہ سلطان شید الله ملکہ
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 164, II (1).	A.S.B
839		954	Wt. 319	nor ·	,, A.S.B
840		955	Wt. 319	,, 100	,,

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
841		956	Wt. 307	As on No. 838, but	As on No. 838.
					A.S.B.
842		957	Wt.	27	"
			317.5	900	
843		958	Wt.	,,,	,,
			319	904	A.S.B.
844		960	Wt.		
044		900	317.7	99 9 Y •	>>
845	-	953	Wt.	,,	,,
1/2			155 S.	but (sic) جلالدين و الدنيان	,
			.75	۹۰۳ سنة	Pl.
			1000	Rf. I.M.C., p.103 (13056).	
				3/16/31	
				Type	\boldsymbol{c}
846	********	952	Wt. 312	As on No. 838, but * to left of في	م ابو ا
			S. .9		ابعو المسلا لمظفر السلا لمظفر
					×
					شـــــير سلطان
				Rf. Not previously pub-	Pl.
				lished.	
				Type	ת
847		954	Wt.	As on No. 838, but	[ابو المظفر]
			315 S.	d o iz	هاه
			-9		اسلام سلطان
1					بن شير [شاء]
					خلد الله ملكه
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, pp.	A.S.B.
				164–165, II (4).	

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				Type	e E
848		955	Wt. 315	As on No. 838, but ۹۰۰ الدین	اسلام شاه سلطان شاه شیر بنالله خلد ملکه
					Pl.
849		956	Wt. 318·5	As on No. 838, but	As on No. 838.
850	_	958	Wt. 300	904	In poor condition.
				Type	e F
851	_	952	Wt. 316 S. -85	As on No. 838.	ابو المظفر اسلام شاہ سلطان ہ شیــر شا خلد الله ملکہ
852 1/2		95-	Wt. 155	Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 164, II (2). but date above الدين	A.S.B. Pl. ,,
				Type	
853		(3)	Wt. 313 S. ·8	As on No. 838, but date obliterated.	ابو المظفر اسلام شاه بن سلطان شاه
					A.S.B.
854		95-	Wt. 319·5 S. ·85	As on No. 838.	ابو المظفر اسلام شاہ سلطان * بن شیر شاہ خلد الله ملکہ

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
855	-	95-	Wt.	Ty. As on No. 838.	pe J
			319 S.	2.0. 300.	ابو المظفر اسلام شاہ
			•85		الطا شاء شير خلد الله ملكه M. m. 17 in third line.
					A.S.B.
856		(3)	Wt. 325	As on No. 838. Date obliterated.	As on No. 855, but m. m. 3 and third line سلطان شاء
					A,S.B.
857 1/2		955	Wt. 159 S.	103 m 100 00 1	M.m. 17 in second line.
			.7	(8046)30	A.S.B.
858 1 2		_	Wt. 153 S.	No date.	M. m. 17 in third line.
			.7		A.S.B.
050		0.70	1171		oe K
859 1/2	_	953	Wt. 152 S. •75	As on No. 838, but for above الدين	بن م اسلا شاه شیر ن شاه سلطا
				Rf. I.M.C., p.103 (13057).	شیر M. m. 18 after
				Ty_{l}	oe L
860 861		_	Wts. 316–319 S. •85	العادل السلطان في عهد الأمير الحام الدين و ن	ابو المظفر شاہ اسلام سلطان شیر شاہ ملکہ خلد الله
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 166, III.	(860) A.S.B.

Æ No.	\mathbf{Mint}	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				Ty_{I}	pe M
862		953	Wt. 316 S. .9	In square في عهد الأمير الخامي (sic) الدين الدين الدين (Margin Lower ۹٥٣ Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 163,	In square شاء سلطا اسلام ن شير شاء خلد الله خلد الله ابو المظفر Lower
- 13				I.	
200			****	Ty_{j}	pe N
863			Wt. 297 S. ·85	As on No. 838.	 اسلامشاه شاه ن
			-95	og moof	سه ن شير سلطا خلد الله
			166	(810416)3(3(2)	Thick lettering.
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 165, II (6).	A.S.B.
864		959	Wt. 302	لدين ١٥٩ but in third line	21
					Rivett-Carnac.
				Ty_1	oe O
865		952	Wt. 151.5 S. .7	As on No. 838.	ابو المظفر اسلامشاہ بن شیر شاہ سلطان
				Rf. I.M.C.,p.103 (13055).	•••••
				T_{ab}	pe P
866			Wt. 314 S. 85	In square as on No. 838. Margins illegible.	In square as on No. 863, but last line reads خلد الله ملكة
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 163, I (variant).	st in top right corner. A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
867			Wt. 157 S. 75	As on No. 866.	As on No. 866.
868 869			Wts. 283-306 S. .85	22	but m. m. 16 in place of *. Thick lettering. A.S.B.
			-	Tun	oe Q
870 1/2		953	Wt. 157 S. •75	As on No. 838, but sor above الدين	ابو المظفر اسلام شاء شير شاء
			166	Rf. I.M.C., 1893, p. 103 (8788).	خلد الله
871		953 (1)	Wt.	في عهد	$pe\ R$ ابو المظفر $ $
			300 S.	الامير للام	اسلام شاه
			.9	لد والد ۱۰۳	اسلام شاه بن شیر شاه سلطان ملکه سلطان ملکه
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 165 (var. 7).	
				Smalle:	r pieces
872		-	Wts.	الله الله	الزمان خليفة
873 874			37–36–39 S. ∙5	اسلام شیر شاہ سلطان	خليفة العادل
				Rf. Th. 364.	(872–873) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.

MUḤAMMAD 'ÁDIL

XXXVIII

MUḤAMMAD 'ADIL SHÁH

А. н. 960-964. А. р. 1552-1556.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
					VER
875	Ágra I	962	Wt. 173 S. •95	In square The Kalima. M. m. 11 in lower left corner.	سلطان مجمد شاه عادل خلد الله ملكة م
				Margin عمر الفاروق عمر	Margins Bottom اگرة Bottom السلطان السلطان
				Rf. Not previously published.	
876	Gwáliar ?	961	Wt. 176·8 S. •95	In square The Kalima. In lower left corner five dots forming pentagon.	In square سلطان مجمد شاہ خلد الله ملکہ ﷺ
				Margins Bottom ابوبكر الصديق عبر الفاروق Rf. I.M.C., p. 107 (9090).	स्रोमहमदसाहि Margin Bottom [ضر]ب گر[بوالير]
877	Jháṇsí	964	Wt. 170 S. .95	In square The Kalima. In lower left corner [3] 112 Margins	In square سلطان مجمد عادل خلد الله ملكة ضرب جهوسي स्रोमहमदसाह
				ابابكر الصديق Top عمر الفاروق Right عمر الفاروق Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890.	M. m. 8 over خلد Margins obliterated.
878	Nárnol	961	Wt. 174 S. .95	In square The Kalima. Margins Bottom ابابكر الصديق على المرتفى	In square شاء سلطان محمد عادل خاد الله ملكه ـَــُـ सीमहमद्साह Margin
				Rf. I.A., March, 1888.	Margin Bottom ضرب نارنول

AR. No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
879		961	Wt. 173 S. 1·2	In square The Kalima. Margins Bottom ابابكر الصديق عمر الفاروق Top عثمان العفان عثمان العفان Right على المرتفى	In square ملطان محمد عادل خلد الله ملكة خلد الله ملكة و سلطانة اعلى امرة अोसुरतामह मद (a) At (a) m. m. 12. Margins Top مبارز الدنيا و الدين Left البو المظفر Right
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1886.	
Æ 880	Gwáliar	(?)	Wt. 312 S. ⋅85	In square في عهد الأمير الأمام اللامير الدين Margins Bottom الدين الديان	PER In square سلطان محمد شاه ضرب گوالير ضرب گوالير Margin Bottom
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 168.	Pl.
881	Jaunpúr	963	Wt. 305 S. -85	في عهد الامير <u>الحام</u> الدين الديان ۱۹۳۶ جونپور Rf. Not previously pub- lished.	ابو المظفر بتايد الرحمن محمد (a) شاء At (a) m. m. 19.
882	Sháhgarh	961	Wt, 317 S. 85	ن الديان شاًدگرة ۹۲۱ Rf. I.M.C., p.109(13067).	ابو المظفر بتايد الرحمن محمد شاہ ع P1.
883 884	77	,,	Wt. 316 S. ⋅85	في عهد الأمير ^{الح} ام الدين الديان شاءكرة ٩٦١ شاءكرة Rf. I.M.C. (p.109),13069.	بتايد الر عا محمد (a) شاء دل سلطان At (a) m.m. 19. (883) Rivett-Carnac

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
885 886		961	Wts. 319-315 S. ·8	في عهد الأمير الحا _م ي ۱۹۲۱ الدين الديان Rf. J.A.S.B., 1890, p. 167.	ابو المجاهد سلطان مجمد شاه خلد الله ملكه A.S.B
887	_	962	Wt. 307	יידף	29
888	-	964	Wt. 313	3.1to	33
889		963	Wt. 317 S. •8	As on No. 886, but	ابو ^{المج} اهد ن شاه د سلطا محمد عال الله
890		37	Wt. 319·5 S. ·9	,, Rf. <i>I.M.C.</i> , p.109 (13071).	ابو المظفر محمد * شاة سلطان Pl.
891 892		962	Wts. 315- 318·3 S. ·9	% و من المعادة المعاد	ابو المظفر * محمد شاة سلطان خلد الله ملكة Pl.
893 894 1/2		,,	Wts. 156–152 S. •7	917 Rf. <i>L.M.C.</i> , p. 48.	,, A.S.B.
895	-	963	Wt. 312	4.1h 3.	n

XXXIX IBRÁHÍM SHÁH SÚRÍ

а. н. 962.

A. D. 1554.

A. D. 1554.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse	
896 897	_	962	Wts. 315–320 S. .85	وفي عهد في عهد <u>الأمير لخام</u> ۱۹۲۳ ن الدين الديا Rf. J.A.S.B., 1876.	PER ابو المظفر سلطان ابراهيم شاة خلد الله ملكة	Pl.

XL SIKANDAR SHÁH SÚRÍ

А. н. 962.

AR		1 1		SIL	VER
898	(3)	(1)	Wt. 172 S. 95	In square The Kalima. <i>Margin</i> Lower عبر الفاروق	In square ن شاه سلطا سکندر سور اسماعیل Margins obliterated.
				Rf. Th. 369.	Rivett-Carnac. Pl.
Æ				COP	PER
899		962	Wt. 316 S. •85	في عهد الأمير للام ١٩٦٢ ن الدين الديا	المتوكل على الرحمان سكندر شاء سلطان
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1880 (variant).	Pl.

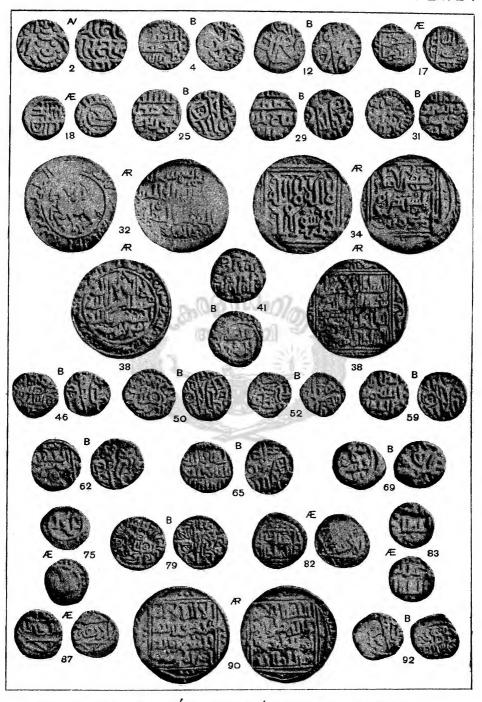
128

A. TABLE OF ORNAMENTS FOUND ON THE COINS OF THE SULTANS OF DEHLÍ.

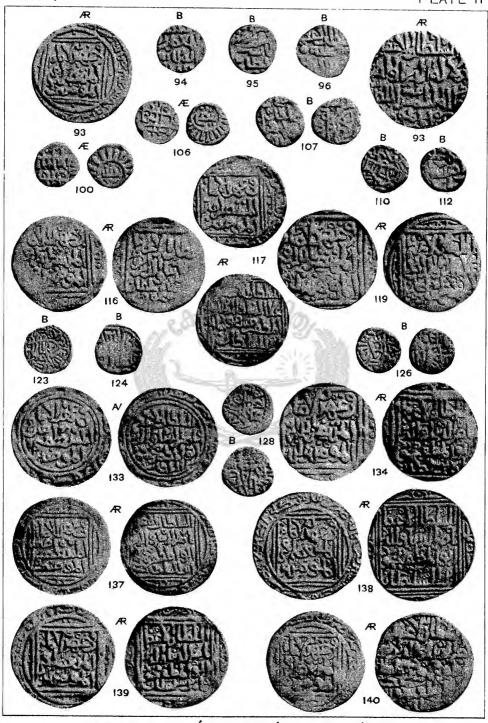
x	²	3 J	4 ⊕
* *	$\mathring{\mathcal{X}}$	7	8
*	*) (*	11	12
r ₃	¥	15	16
17	18		Emery Walker sc

B. TABLE SHOWING COINS ON WHICH THESE ORNAMENTS OCCUR.

M.M.		M.M.	M.M.	M. M.
1.	317.	669, 802.	781, 785, 803, [13. 676.
2	319, 634, 668,			14. 676.
	714, 716, 717,	8. 619, 634, 638,	9. 637.	15. 665.
	718, 769, 799,	653, 666, 668,	10. 637.	16. 793, 868–9.
	819.	669, 672–676,	11. 667, 699, 703,	17. 855, 857, 858.
3,	373, 856.	678, 687–8,	751, 752, 753,	18. 859.
4.	373.	697, 708, 714,	798, 801, 875.	19. 881, 883–4.
	629.		12. 675, 803, 804,	
6.	630-1, 634, 668,	738–9, 765,	879.	

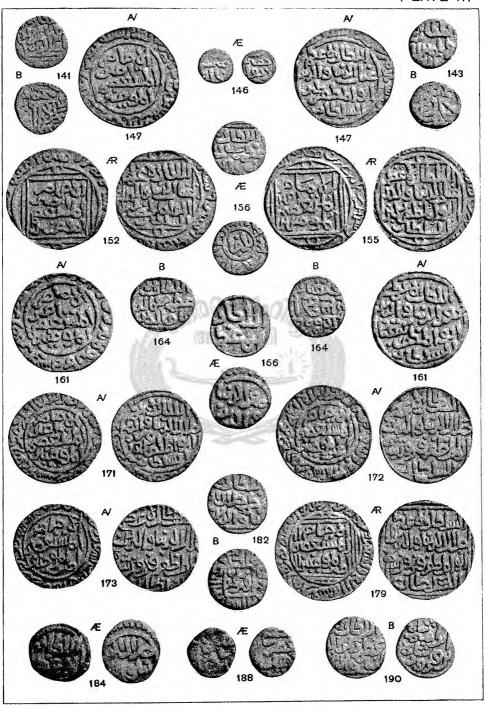


MUḤAMMAD-BIN-SÁM—MAḤMÚD-BIN-MUḤAMMAD— YALDUZ—ALTAMSH—FÍROZ I

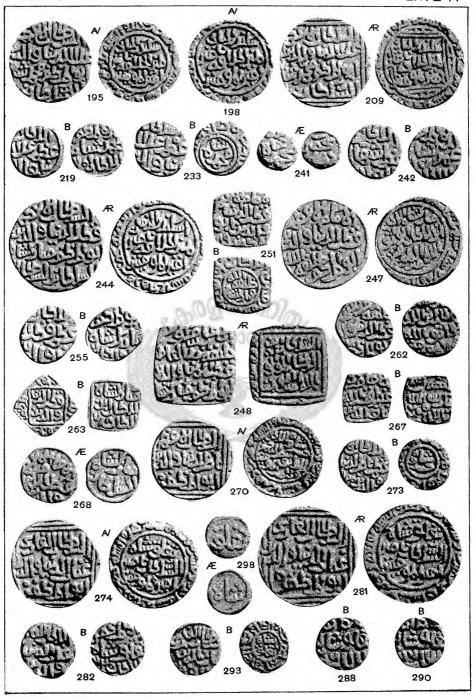


RAZIYA—BAHRÁM—MASAÚD—MAHMÚD I

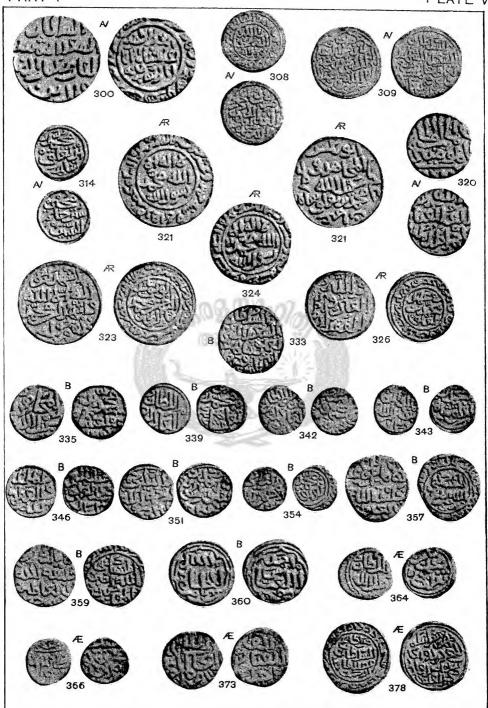
PART I

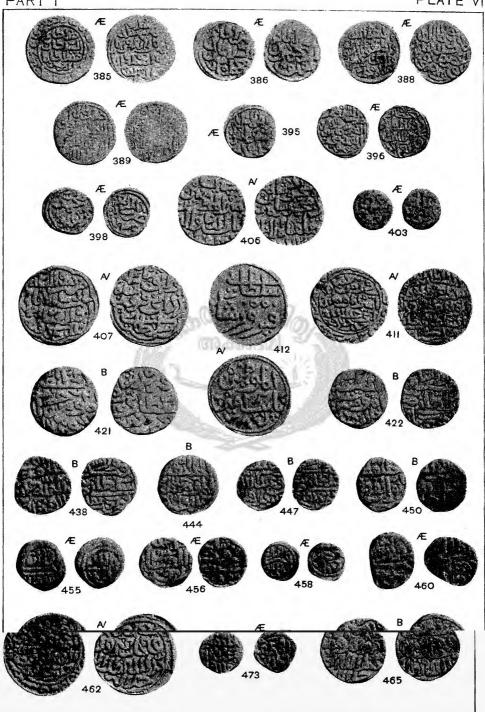


MAḤMÚD I—BALBAN—KAIQUBÁD—FÍROZ II—IBRÁHÍM I

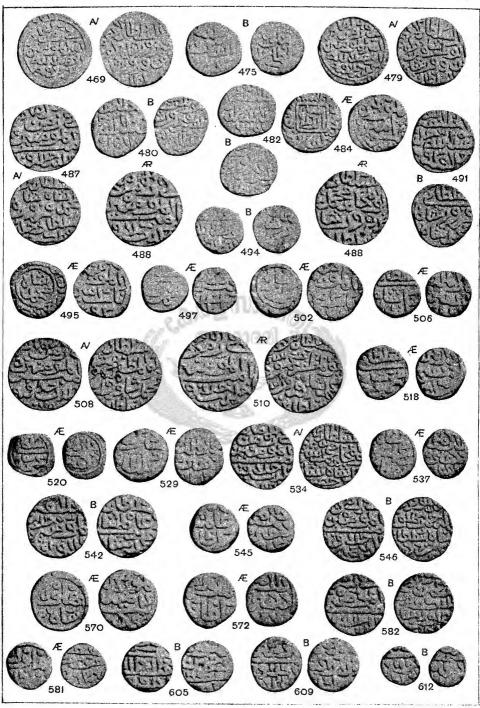


MUḤAMMAD II—ʿUMAR—MUBÁRAK I—KḤUSRÚ— TUGḤLAQ I



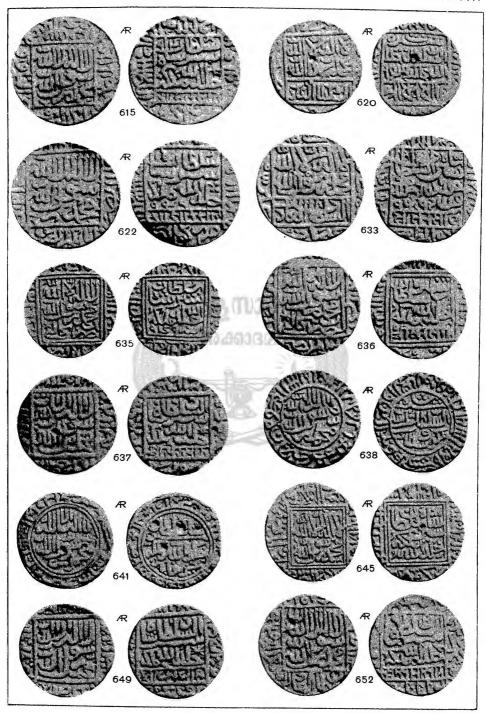


MUḤAMMAD III—FIROZ III—FATH KHÁN—ZAFAR

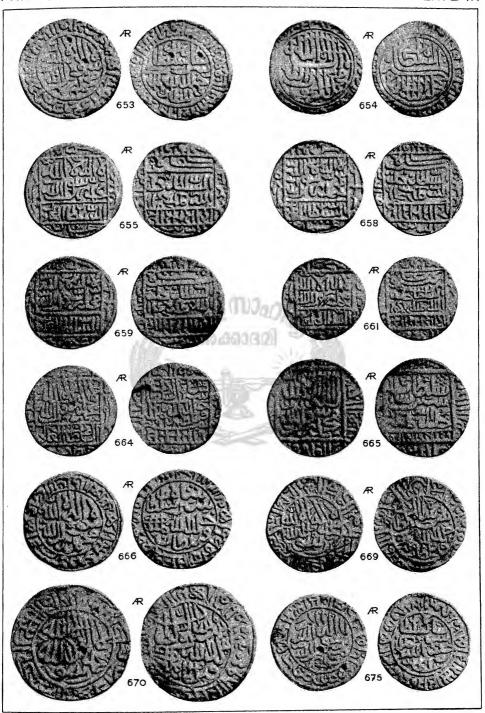


ZAFAR—TUGHLAQ II—ABÚBAKR—MUHAMMAD IV— SIKANDAR I—MAHMÚD II—MUBÁRAK II— MUHAMMAD V—ÄLAM SHÁH—BAHLOL— SIKANDAR II—IBRÁHÍM II

PART I



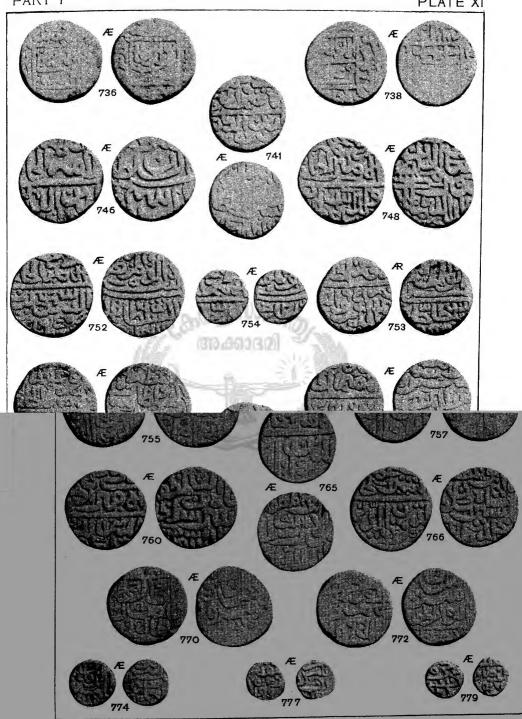
SHER SHÁH



SHER SHAH

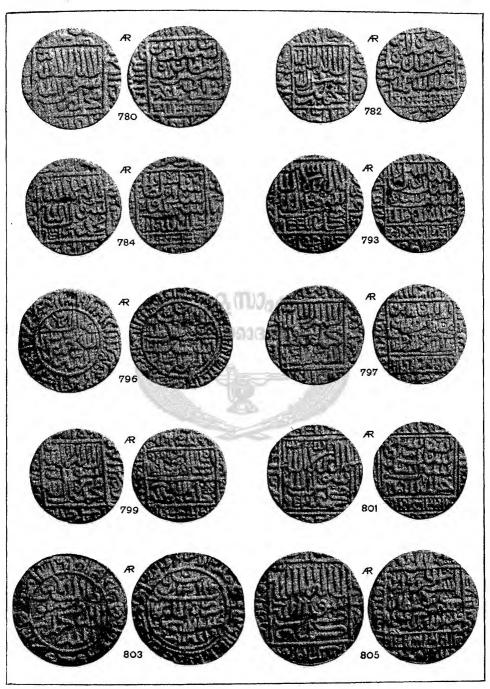


SHER SHÁH



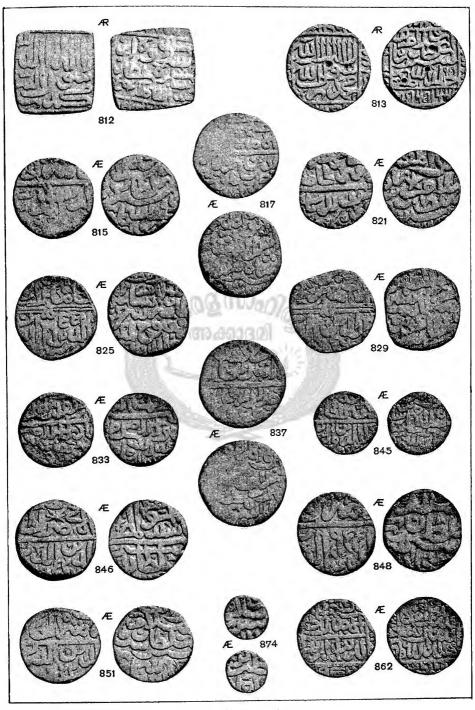
SHER SHÁH

PART I PLATE XII



ISLÁM SHÁH

PART I PLATE XIII



ISLÁM SHÁH



MUHAMMAD ÁDIL-IBRÁHÍM III-SIKANDAR III

PART II

CONTEMPORARIES OF THE SULTÁNS OF DEHLÍ IN INDIA

SECTION I

SULTÁNS OF BENGAL

A.—GOVERNORS UNDER THE EMPEROR OF DEHLÍ.

				A. H.	A.D.
	Muḥammad Ba <u>kh</u> tiyár <u>Kh</u> iljí .	•	•	599	1202
	'Izzu-d-dín Shírán	•		602	1205
	'Aláu-d-dín Mardán		•	605	1208
4.	Ghiyásu-d-dín Iwaz	•	•	608	1211
*5.	Násiru-d-dín Maḥmúd		•	624	1226
*6.	'Aláu-d-dín Jáni		•	627	1229
*7.	Saifu-d-dín Aibak			627	1229
*8.	Izzu-d-dín Tughril Tughán Khán			631	1233
	Qamaru-d-dín Taimúr Khán Kirán	•	•	642	1244
10.	Ikhtiyáru-d-dín Yúzbak (Mughísu-d-d	ín)		644	1246
*11.	Jalálu-d-dín Mas'aud Malik Jáni.	Va		656	1258
*12.	'Izzu-d-dín Balban	13	hou.	657	1258
*13.	Muḥammad Arsalán Tátár Khán		7334	659	1260
	Sher Khán	87/19	. }	Uncertain	datas
*15.	Amín Khán	-	.5	Uncertain	uates.
*16.	Mughisu-d-din Tughril			677	1278
	(House of Balba	n.)			
*17.	Násiru-d-dín Bughra Khán			681	1282
	Ruknu-d-dín Kaikáus			691	1291
19.	Shamsu-d-dín Fíroz Sháh			702	1302
20.	Shihabu-d-din (Western Bengal).			718	1318
	Ghiyásu-d-dín Bahádur (East Bengal)			710	1310
	Ditto (all Bengal)			719	1319
*22.	Násiru-d-dín Ibráhím Sháh (Lakhnau	tí)		723-6	1323-5
	Bahádur Sháh (restored)			725-31	1324-30
*23.	Bahrám Sháh (East Bengal) .			731-9	1330-8
	Qadr Khán (Lakhnautí)			726-40	1325-39
	Izzu-d-dín Ázamu-l-Mulk (Satgáon)			724-40	1323-39
	, ,				
	B.—INDEPENDENT I	King	s.		
26	Fakhru-d-dín Mubárak Sháh (East Be	noal)	739–50	1338-49
	Ikhtiyáru-d-dín Ghází Sháh (ditto			750-3	1349-52
	'Aláu-d-dín 'Alí Sháh (West Bengal)	- /		740-6	1339-45
20.	Trian a din tim sum (1, one pougar)	•	-	77	5 15 (5

Note.—Of those Sultans marked with an asterisk, no coins are known.

	(House of Iliyás Sháh.)	A TT	4 D
00	Shamsu-d-dín Iliyás Sháh	А.Н. 740	A.D.
	Sikandar Sháh I.		1339
	Ghiyasu-d-dín Á'zam Sháh	759	1358
		792	1389
	Saifu-d-dín Ḥamza Sháh	799	1396
*33.	Shamsu-d-dín	809	1406
	(House of Rájá Ganesh.)		
34.	Shihabu-d-dín Báyazíd Shah I (with Rájá		
	Ganesh)	812	1409
35.	Jalálu-d-dín Muḥammad Sháh	817	1414
*36.	Shamsu-d-dín Aḥmad Sháh	835	1431
	(House of Iliyás Sháh restored.)		
37	Násiru-d-dín Mahmúd Sháh I	846	1442
	Ruknu-d-dín Bárbak Sháh	864	1459
	Shamsu-d-dín Yúsuf Sháh	879	1474
	Sikandar Sháh II	886	1481
	Jalálu-d-dín Fath Sháh	886	1481
***	0 8 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		
4.40	(Habshi Kings.)	892	1486
	Sultán Sháhzáda Bárbak	892	1486
	Saifu-d-dín Fíroz Sháh	895	1489
	Násiru-d-dín Maḥmúd Sháh II		
45.	Shamsu-d-dín Abú Naṣr Muzaffar Sháh .	896	1490
	(House of Ḥusen Sháh.)		
46.	'Aláu-d-dín Ḥusen Sháh	899	1493
47.	Násiru-d-dín Nasrat Sháh	925	1518
	'Aláu-d-dín Fíroz Sháh	939	1532
49.	Ghiyásu-d-dín Mahmúd Sháh III	939	1532
	Conquest by Sher Shah Súrí	945	1538
	C Man America Cuppers of		
	C.—THE AFGHÁN SUPREMACY.		
	(House of Muhammad Sur.)		
	Shamsu-d-dín Muḥammad Sháh Ghází .	960	1552
51.	Ghiyásu-d-dín Bahádur Sháh II	962	1554
52.	Ghiyasu-d-dín Jalal Shah	968	1560
*53.	Son of Ghiyágu-d-dín Jalál Sháh—name	081	1560
	unknown	971	1563
	(House of Sulaimán Kararáni.)	
*54.	Sulaimán Kararáni	971	1563
	Báyazíd Sháh II	980	1572
	Dáúd Sháh	980	1572
	Conquest of Bengal by the Emperor Akbar.	984	1576
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	I 2	

INTRODUCTION

The coins dealt with in this section are those which were issued by the Muḥammadan rulers of Bengal between the years 1202 (A. H. 599) and 1576 (A. H. 984). In the first named year Bengal was invaded and conquered by Muḥammad Bakhtiyár Khiljí, one of the generals of Qutbu-d-dín Aibak, who was Viceroy of Dehlí on behalf of the Pathán Emperor Muḥammad of Ghor, and who four years later became the first independent Emperor of Dehlí: in 1576 (A. H. 984) Bengal was subdued by Muním Khán, general of the Emperor Akbar, and was absorbed into the Mughal Empire.

This space of more than three and a half centuries is conveniently divided into three distinct periods, viz.

- A. The initial period, 1202-1338 (A.H. 599-739), during which Bengal was governed on behalf of the Dehlí sovereigns by officers appointed by them: of these there were twenty-five.
- B. The period of independence, 1338-1538 (A. H. 739-945), during which twenty-four Sultans reigned at Gaur and Pandua.
- C. The period of the Afghán supremacy, 1538-76 (A. H. 945-84), commencing with the conquest of Bengal by Sher Sháh of the Súr family.

A list of these governors and independent kings, with the date of the accession of each, has been given above: they numbered fifty-six in all, but of these only twenty-nine are represented by known coins, and only sixteen by existing inscriptions in different parts of Bengal.

A. The Initial Period, 1202-1338 A.D. (599-739 A.H.).

The early history of Muhammadan Bengal during the initial period is extremely scanty, and depends mainly upon casual entries in the imperial histories, for the evidence of coins and inscriptions is very meagre. Of the twenty-five governors who ruled Bengal for the emperor, only six are represented by existing coins in any collection, while only four are mentioned in mural tablets.

These officials, separated by a journey of many weeks from the imperial court, held a position which was always semi-independent,

and long before the province broke loose from the Empire at the beginning of the fourteenth century it was constantly in a state of revolt whenever the governor was unusually powerful or ambitious, or the emperor of the day specially feeble. Moreover, Bengal was constantly the refuge of unsuccessful rebels or disgraced princes. Consequently the century and a quarter which elapsed after the conquest by Bakhtiyár Khiljí in 1202 (A. H. 599) till Bengal definitely threw off the yoke of Dehlí in 1338 (A. H. 739) was a time of much trouble and turmoil. Of its governors during that time only a short account can be given.

The first of those whom it is necessary to notice is Ghiyáṣu-d-dín 'Iwaẓ (No. 4), who ruled from 1211 till 1226 (A. H. 608-24), and who is the earliest ruler of Bengal of whom any coins are in existence: on becoming Governor of Bengal he assumed regal honours, which soon brought him into collision with the great Shamsu-d-dín Altamsh, Emperor of Dehlí. He was obliged to make submission, but again broke into rebellion and was defeated and slain in 1226 (A. H. 624). His successor was Náṣiru-d-dín Maḥmúd (No. 5), son of the Emperor, but he died at Lakhnautí (Gaur) three years later. Much confusion ensued till the time of 'Izzu-d-dín Tughril Khán (No. 8), who was Governor of Bengal under the famous Raziya Sultána, and he ruled the province for eleven years till his transfer to the government of Oudh in 1244 (A. H. 642).

In the year 1266 (A. H. 665) Ghiyásu-d-dín Balban, the greatest of the slave kings, succeeded to the throne of Dehlí, and in 1278 (A. H. 677) he appointed a favourite slave, Mughísu-d-dín Tughril (No. 16), to be Governor of Bengal. But if his predecessors had been weak this viceroy was too strong, and within a short time he broke into open rebellion. Two attempts to suppress this revolt failed, and it was not till the Emperor Balban headed the third expedition in person that the imperial forces were successful, and Tughril was defeated and slain in 1282 (A. H. 681). The emperor punished this rebellion with more than usual severity, and, in order to minimize the risk of such outbreaks in future, he appointed his second son, Náṣiru-d-dín Bughra Khán (No. 17), to be governor. From this time forward until Bengal became admittedly independent, more than half a century later, the province was always ruled by a scion of the House of Balban.

The new viceroy reigned over Bengal for nine years, till 1291 (A.H. 691), having apparently waived his claim to succeed to the throne of Dehlí in favour of his son Kai Qubád. Of his successors little is known, but about 1310 (A.H. 710) the province was split into two parts, and Western and Eastern Bengal were administered by separate governors who issued each his own coinage. Twelve years later,

Ghiyásu-d-dín, the first of the Tughlaq emperors of Dehlí, was called in to assist a deposed Sultán of Bengal, and he defeated and carried away the usurping viceroy, Ghiyásu-d-dín Bahádur (No. 21). After the death of the great Tughlaq in 1325 (A. H. 725) Bahádur Sháh was pardoned and restored, but in 1332 (A. H. 732) he was again in rebellion: in the following year the Emperor Muḥammad-bin-Tughlaq himself invaded Bengal, Bahádur Sháh was conquered and killed, and it is recorded that his skin was stuffed and paraded through the provinces of the Empire as a warning to insurgent viceroys.

Of the next three sovereigns little is known, but firm ground is reached again with the successful revolt of Fakhru-d-dín Mubárak Sháh (No. 26) in Eastern Bengal in or about 1338 (A. H. 739). A series of assassinations cleared the way for the accession, in the following year, of Shamsu-d-dín Iliyás Sháh (No. 29), with whom a new era and a new dynasty begin, together with the definite separation of Bengal from the Empire of Dehlí.

B. The Period of Independence, 1338-1538 A.D. (739-945 A.H.).

Iliyás Sháh is the first of the independent Sultáns of Bengal who merits the name of ruler, and though he reached the throne by assassination, he governed the province vigorously and well for nineteen years, and founded a dynasty which, with an interregnum of thirty-three years, reigned over Bengal for a century and a half. For the first thirteen years of his reign his assumption of independence was not questioned by the Dehlí Emperor Muḥammad-bin-Tughlaq, as he was fully occupied in other parts of his dominions. In 1352 (A. H. 753), however, he invaded Bengal, but without success, and in 1355 (A. H. 756) a treaty of peace was concluded by which Bengal was formally recognized as an independent kingdom. Iliyás Sháh died at Pandua three years later, and the peace and prosperity of his reign are attested by the inauguration of a national and typical coinage, and by the growth of a taste for the arts of peace, especially architecture, both of which were fostered by his son.

Sikandar Sháh (No. 30) proved to be as wise and capable a ruler as his father, and his reign extended over thirty-one years, 1358-89 (A. H. 759-92). He successfully repulsed an invasion by the imperial forces in the second year of his reign, and does not appear to have been molested by them again. The types of his coinage are numerous and varied, and the number and wide distribution of his mint-cities prove the extent and prosperity of his dominions. But his chief claim to honourable remembrance lies in the fact that he built the magnificent Adína mosque at Pandua to which his tomb is attached: this splendid

building was commenced in 1361 (A.H. 763) and finished in 1374 (A.H. 776). Sikandar Shah was eventually killed in battle with his son, who is said to have been driven into rebellion by the machinations of his step-mother.

Ghiyásu-d-dín Ázam Sháh (No. 31), son of Sikandar Sháh, ruled the province for nearly seven years, 1389-96 (A.H. 792-9), and was succeeded by his son Saifu-d-dín Hamza Sháh (No. 32), who reigned in peace and quiet for ten years, 1396-1406 (A.H. 799-809). It is believed that he completed the great Eklákhi mosque at Pandua with the tombs attached to it. It is remarkable that about this time Bengal was left undisturbed for a long series of years by the Emperors of Dehlí, but the explanation no doubt is that the Dehlí Empire was passing through a period of much suffering and misery: it was in 1393 (A.H. 796) that India was invaded by the Turk Taimúr, and in December of that year occurred the dreadful sack of Dehlí, the memory of which has not yet died away. On the death of Hamza Sháh he was succeeded by an adopted son Shamsu-d-dín (No. 33), who proved a mere puppet.

Meanwhile a Hindu zamindar of Bhaturia in the district of Dinajpur, named Rájá Ganesh,1 had acquired considerable power, and taking advantage of the weakness of the Sultan he rebelled and overcame him in the year 1409 (A. H. 812). During the next five years coins were struck at the capital in the name of a Sultan calling himself Shahabu-ddín Báyazíd Sháh (No. 34), but it is an open question who this ruler was. One view is that he was a puppet king, the son of the deposed Shamsu-d-dín, set up by Rájá Ganesh who wielded all authority as Wazír. Other authorities hold that Shihabu-d-dín Báyazíd was the new name of the Rájá himself who had become a convert to Islám. During this period Bengal was invaded by the Sultan of Jaunpur, Ibráhím Sháh, at the invitation of the famous Bengal saint Núr Qutb-'Alam; but the invader was eventually persuaded to withdraw by the saint who came to terms with Rájá Ganesh, the condition being that both the Rájá and his son should become converts to Muhammadanism. Rájá Ganesh died in 1414 (A. H. 817) and was succeeded by his son, Jalálu-d-dín Muhammad Sháh (No. 35), who ruled well for seventeen years. It is to be remembered that during the first half of the fifteenth century of the Christian era, and until the rise of the great Afghán House of Lodí, there was no government in Hindustán either in name or reality, though this period for want of a better name is known in history as the Government of the Savvids. Left to itself, and lying far from the scene of conflict, the province of Bengal prospered greatly. On the death of Jalálu-d-dín in 1431 (A. H. 831) he was succeeded by his eldest son Shamsu-d-dín Ahmad Sháh (No. 36), a

¹ By the Mulammadan writers this person is called Rájá Káns.

cruel and tyrannical prince who fell at last by the hand of an assassin in 1442 (A.H. 846).

After his downfall a revolution restored to the throne the dynasty of Ilivás Sháh in the person of Násiru-d-dín Mahmúd Sháh (No. 37). This prince reigned in peace and quiet for seventeen years, and was succeeded in 1459 (A.H. 864) by his son Ruknu-d-dín Bárbak Sháh (No. 38). True to the traditions of his family he was a great builder, and his reign of fifteen years is also remarkable for the fact that he raised a large bodyguard of negro and Abyssinian slaves: he is remembered as the first prince in Hindustán to venture on this dangerous experiment. His son Shamsu-d-dín Yúsuf Sháh (No. 39), who succeeded to the throne in 1474 (A. H. 879), was a man of learning and piety, and he perpetuated his name in Gaur by the building of two famous mosques. Yúsuf Sháh left no children, and when he died seven years later the nobles of the court placed upon the throne a youth of the royal blood, Sikandar Sháh (No. 40), who reigned but a few months only. He was deposed, and was succeeded by his uncle Jalálu-d-dín Fath Shah (No. 41). The new Sultan recognized the danger which lay in the growing power and influence of the Abyssinian slaves and eunuchs, but his efforts to check them cost him his life, and after a reign of five years he was murdered in a palace revolution, 1486 (A. H. 892).

The chief of the conspirators Bárbak (No. 42) seized the throne and assumed the additional title of Sultán Sháhzáda: he was the first of four slave kings who followed each other to the throne and the grave during the next seven years. The end of this tyranny came in 1493 (A. H. 899), when all the old nobility, headed by the Wazír, rose against the Abyssinian usurper Shamsu-d-dín Muzaffar Sháh (No. 45), and after a prolonged struggle overcame and slew him.

'Aláu-d-dín, the leader of this revolution, proved to be the best and greatest ruler that independent Bengal ever knew, and his name is famous to this day from the frontiers of Orissa to the banks of the Brahmaputra. He was by descent an Arab of Mecca, and had by learning, ability, and high personal character risen to be Wazír under the late tyrant, until the atrocities of the latter drove the country into rebellion. Husen Sháh reigned for twenty-five years, 1493–1518 (A. H. 899–925), and founded a dynasty which endured for half a century, and of which the two most famous members were himself and his son Náṣiru-d-dín Naṣrat Sháh. Of no Sultán of Bengal are there extant inscriptions so numerous and so widely distributed, while the coinage of himself and his son is profuse and varied. The first object of Husen Sháh was to consolidate his kingdom and regulate its internal affairs, and when this had been accomplished he turned his attention to

foreign conquest. He invaded Orissa and Assam and the wild country which is now Chutia Nágpúr, as the legends on his coinage show, and he made treaties of peace with the Dehlí Emperor, Sikandar Lodí: he gave an asylum to his namesake the defeated Sultán of Jaunpúr, Husen Sháh, who died and was buried at Gaur: his public buildings and endowments were numerous and magnificent, and he maintained a splendid court.

Husen Shah was the father of eighteen sons, and when he died in 1518 (A. H. 925) he was succeeded by the eldest and most capable of them, Násiru-d-dín Nasrat Sháh (No. 47). This prince reigned for fourteen years, and during that period he conquered North Bihar and extended his kingdom across the Gogra into the modern district of Azamgarh. Like his father, he too was a great builder, and constructed at Gaur two famous mosques, the Golden Mosque and the Qadam Rasúl. Nasrat Sháh was eventually murdered by the palace eunuchs in 1532 (A. H. 939), and was succeeded first by his son 'Aláu-d-dín Fíroz Sháh (No. 48), and afterwards by a younger brother, Ghiyásu-d-dín Mahmud Shah III (No. 49). This prince reached the throne by the murder of his nephew, but was not long allowed to retain it. Rebellion broke out and the rebels called in the aid of the Afghan governor who held South Bihár on behalf of the Afghán House of Lohání. This was the famous Sher Khán, afterwards, as Sher Sháh, Sultán of Bengal and Emperor of Dehlí from 1540-5 (A. H. 947-52).

In 1536 (A. H. 943) Sher Khán invaded and subdued Bengal, and drove out the usurping Sultán Mahmúd Sháh: the latter took refuge with the Emperor Humáyún, and two years later the imperial forces invaded Bengal and drove out Sher Sháh who retreated into South Bihár. Humáyún occupied Gaur, with which he was so much pleased that, it is said, he renamed it Jannatábád, the City of Paradise. But Gaur proved to him a veritable Capua: when he returned towards Ágra later in the year with his army enervated by the climate and the luxuries of the Bengal capital, he was at first beleaguered by Sher Khán and his Afgháns, and eventually overthrown near Chausá, barely escaping with his life.

C. The Period of the Afghán Supremacy, 1538-76 A.D. (945-84 A.H.).

As the Bengal Sultán, Maḥmúd Sháh III, had died some time before the destruction of the Mughal army at Chausá, that event left Sher Khán with no rival in Bengal, and he at once proceeded to Gaur and assumed the insignia of royalty with the title of Sultán Sher Sháh, 1538 (A. H. 945). A couple of years later Sher Sháh marched upon Ágra, and

in a decisive battle fought near Qanauj he totally defeated the Mughals, and became at last Emperor of Hindustán, retaining Bengal as a province of the Empire. Five strenuous years of war and conquest followed before the brilliant soldier and administrator met an untimely death in 1545 (A.H. 952) by the explosion of a powder magazine at the siege of Kálinjar in Bundelkhand.

Sher Shah was succeeded as Emperor of Dehlí by his second son Jalálu-d-dín under the title of Islám Sháh, and he appointed as Governor of Bengal a relative who assumed the title of Muhammad Sháh Ghází (No. 50), and ruled Bengal well during the life of his benefactor. Upon the death of Islám Sháh in 1553 (A.H. 961) the throne of Dehlí was usurped by his cousin who adopted the style of Muhammad 'Adil Shah. The vices and follies of this prince coupled with general jealousy of his Hindu favourite Hemú drove the nobles into rebellion, and among other provincial governors the Vicerov of Bengal asserted his independence. In 1555 (A. H. 963), however, he was defeated and slain near Kálpí in a battle with the imperial troops: he was succeeded by his son, who ascended the throne under the name of Bahádur Sháh (No. 51). A year later, having reorganized his army, he led them against the imperial forces: a hard-fought battle at Súraigarha, near Monghyr, resulted in the defeat of the Dehlí troops and the death of the emperor, Muhammad 'Adil Shah, with whom ended the short-lived dynasty of Sher Sháh. By this victory Bahádur Sháh secured the undisputed mastery of Bengal and part of Bihár. He died in 1560 (A. H. 968), and was succeeded by his brother Ghivásu-d-dín Jalál Shah (No. 52): the latter survived his elevation only three years, while his son (No. 53) was put to death at once, 1563 (A. H. 971).

Meanwhile Humayan had again obtained possession of Dehlí and Agra, and in face of the growing power and vigour of the Mughals the smaller kingdoms of Hindustan had not much longer to live; on the stage of Bengal only one more family rises to power before the province is absorbed into the Empire of Dehlí.

Under the Emperor Sher Shah and his successors the Afghan House of Kararani had become rich and powerful, and two brothers held provincial governorships. They played an important part in the troublous times which followed the accession of Muhammad 'Adil Shah to the throne of Dehli, and eventually, when the youthful son (No. 53) of Ghiyasu-d-din Jalal Shah was assassinated in 1563 (A. H. 971), they seized Gaur and established themselves there. The younger of the brothers occupied the throne as Sulaiman Shah Kararani (No. 54): he removed the seat of government from Gaur to Tanda, and invaded and conquered Kuch Bihar and Orissa. He died at his new capital in 1572 (A. H. 980), and was succeeded by his eldest son Bayazid Shah II (No. 55). This

prince was put to death within the year, and the nobles of the court raised his younger brother to the throne with the title of Dáúd Sháh (No. 56). The new Sultan believed himself equal to an encounter with the imperial government, and the wealth and resources of the province are shown by the fact that, according to the historians, he could muster an army of 40,000 cavalry, 140,000 infantry 'of different descriptions', 20,000 guns of various calibre, 3,600 elephants, and several hundred war-galleys. Elated by the possession of forces so great, Dáúd Sháh invaded the Mughal territories: the principal incident of the campaign which followed was the siege and sack of Patna in 1574 (A. H. 982) by the troops of the Emperor Akbar; he followed up this success by sending his victorious army into Bengal under Munim Khán, upon which Dáud Sháh took the road to Orissa; he was overtaken and defeated near Katak and made his submission to the emperor. Mughal general established himself at Gaur, but he had hardly done so before a terrible pestilence broke out, which carried off thousands of his army and of the inhabitants. Munim Khán himself died soon afterwards at Tánda; his death was the signal for a general insurrection of the Afgháns scattered through the province, and Dáúd Sháh the deposed Sultán put himself at their head. It was some time before Husen Qulí Khán, the new viceroy appointed by the Emperor Akbar, could arrive from Lahor, and it was not till the middle of 1576 (A. H. 984) that the revolt was suppressed, after Dáúd Sháh had been captured and executed as a rebel. With his death ended finally the rule of the Pathán Sultáns of Bengal which had lasted for nearly four centuries, and their place was taken by the Mughals from Dehlí. The coinage of the Empire is now substituted for the local issues.

With respect to the territory which composed the kingdom of Bengal under the Sultáns no exact information exists: the historians of the Empire say little about the geography of so distant a dependency, and most of the information available is derived from incidental notices, from mural inscriptions, and from the names of the mint-cities on the coinage. It seems likely that although there were frequent changes on the frontier, especially on the west and the north-east, the area and limits of Muhammadan Bengal remained practically the same during the whole period to which this note refers, viz. from the beginning of the thirteenth to the end of the sixteenth century of the Christian era, at which time they were formally recorded in the annals of the Mughal Empire.

In 1582 (A. H. 990) the province of Bengal was brought under assessment by Rájá Todar Mal, the Emperor Akbar's finance minister, and it

is almost certain that he recorded in his settlement papers what he found to be the existing facts: the province then contained, according to these records, 192 sirkárs or districts, with 682 maháls, and a total revenue of Rs. 1,06,85,944.

On the south the province was bounded by the swamps of the Sundarbans and by the dense forests which then made Orissa practically inaccessible: the eastern frontier followed the river Megna northward, and then turned eastward to include Silhat: thence it passed along the lower slopes of the hill country of Southern Assam to a point on the Brahmaputra near Dhúbrí. The northern boundary extended from this point westward along the south of the Kuch Bihár state, and thence along the Terai to the river Kosí. To the west and north-west the frontier extended little beyond that river, but under some of the earlier Sultáns the kingdom of Bengal included North Bihár as far as the river Gandak. South Bihár belonged to Bengal only for a short time, and the more permanent boundary line of Bengal to the south of the Ganges started from Colgong, including Rájmahál, passed to the confluence of the Barákar and Damúdar rivers, and then followed the western boundaries of the modern districts of Húghlí and Howrah down to the point where the Rúpnaráyan river runs into the Húghlí. Speaking generally, therefore, the dominions of the Sultáns of Bengal included most of the present districts of the Bardwan, Presidency, Dháká, Rájsháhí, Bhágalpúr and Patna (north) Divisions, and embraced an area of about 75,000 square miles. The centre and nucleus of the whole was formed by the districts of Málda and Dinájpúr, with the seats of government Gaur (Lakhnautí) and Pandua in the former district.

During the independence of Bengal three different cities, all situated in the modern district of Málda, became in turn the seat of government and the capital of the province: these were Gaur, Pandua, and Tánda.

The city of Gaur, the ancient Lakhnautí, covered an immense area of ground, variously estimated at from twenty to thirty square miles, and it contained an inner city or citadel which was strongly fortified on all sides. Gaur occupied a strong strategical position, for the west face of the city was washed by the main stream of the Ganges, and the south was protected by a small affluent, while on the east were perennial swamps, and on the north strong lines of fortifications. The whole area was guarded from inundation by great embankments: the population at the lowest estimate was 600,000 persons. Gaur remained the capital of the province throughout the whole period of independent or quasi-independent rule, i.e. from 1202 till 1576 (A. H. 599–984), except for a period of some sixty years when the seat of government was moved

to Pandua, and again when the last but one of the Bengal Sultans transferred his capital to Tanda. Gaur contained many magnificent buildings, the ruins of which are still standing: after more than three centuries of neglect and destruction the preservation and restoration of them has been undertaken upon the initiative of Lord Curzon when Viceroy of India in 1898–1905.

Pandua was situated about twenty miles from Gaur, and twelve from the more modern town of Málda, in a north-easterly direction from both. It first appears in history in 1353 (A. H. 754), when Iliyas Shah (No. 29), the first independent Sultán of all Bengal, transferred his capital hither from Gaur. It was never the great city that Gaur was, and is believed to have been rather a royal suburb, the Windsor of Bengal. The court name of Pandua was Fírozábád, and from the middle of the fourteenth century that mint-name appears on the coinage to the total exclusion of Lakhnautí. Pandua remained the seat of government during five successive reigns, and Gaur did not again become the capital until the reign of Jalálu-d-dín Muḥammad Sháh (No. 35), the zealous convert son of Rájá Ganesh. The archaeological and architectural interest of the city is not so great as that of Gaur, but it contains the ruins of a building which is to this day one of the most remarkable examples of Pathán architecture in India. This is the magnificent Adína mosque, which was built by Sultán Sikandar Sháh (No. 30) and completed in 1374 (A. H. 776). It was nearly 500 feet long by 300 broad, and contained about 400 small domes.

Tánda, Tándan, or Tánra, as it has indifferently been called, has entirely disappeared, and its site cannot now be accurately determined. It was made the seat of government by Sulaimán Sháh Kararáni in 1564 (A. H. 972), and after the final absorption of the province by the Mughals and the abandonment of Gaur after the pestilence of 1575, it remained an occasional residence of the Mughal Viceroys of Bengal until the middle of the following century.

The number of mint-towns of the Sultans of Bengal is a matter of some doubt, inasmuch as it is believed that several of the names are merely synonyms, and do not represent separate localities. It is a well-known incident in the history of India that a ruler should change the appellation of his capital in order to perpetuate the name of himself or his father, to celebrate some important event, or to gratify a passing whim. The theory of synonyms also receives some support from the fact that no sites can be found to correspond with most of the supposed synonyms, whereas in the great majority of cases the sites of the chief mint-cities have been identified with practical certainty. Assuming, however, that all the names which appear on the coins of Bengal are those of separate localities, their number was twenty-one, as follows:—

- 1. Lakhnautí (Gaur).
- 2. Fírozábád (Pandua).
- 3. Satgáon (near Húghlí).
- 4. Sunárgáon (near Dacca).
- 5. Mu'azzamábád (probably in Mymensingh).
- 6. Shahr-i-nau (on the Ganges).
- 7. Ghiyáspúr (near Gaur).
- 8. Fathábád (Farídpúr).
- 9. Husenábád.
- 10. Khalífatábád (Bágherhát).

- 11. Muzaffarábád (near Pandua).
- 12. Chatgáon (Chittagong).
- 13. Mahmúdábád.
- 14. Muhammadábád.
- 15. Arkán (Arrakan).
- 16. Tánda (near Gaur).
- 17. Rohtáspúr.
- 18. Jannatábád.
- 19. Nasratábád.
- 20. Bárbakábád.
- 21. Cháwalistán (alias Kámru).

Of these names Rohtáspúr is a somewhat doubtful reading, Jannatábád is perhaps a late synonym for Gaur, and Shahr-i-nau may be the name of a suburb of the same city, while Ḥusenábád, Naṣratábád, and Maḥmúdábád may be new names bestowed by the Sultáns Ḥusen Sháh (No. 46), Naṣrat Sháh (No. 47), and Maḥmúd Sháh I (No. 37) respectively. Of the mint-towns named above, three are not represented in the present collection, viz. Nos. 7, 11, and 17: on the other hand, there are several coins struck at 'the Mint', or 'the Treasury', without further specification.

Many of the mints of Bengal have special epithets which are regularly prefixed to them on the coins. Sunárgáon is entitled the Presence or Seat of Majesty. Satgaon has the word قصة tract, prefixed, or sometimes, according to Mr. Thomas, عرصة Fírozábád is styled بلدة or البلدة the city, or capital or large town. the fortified city, or simply حضرة Mu'azzamábád has the prefix اقليم district, and later, according to Mr. Thomas, enjoys the same title as Sunargaon خضرة جلال, but in the series now being described only بالدة , اقليم are found. Shahr-i-nau is sometimes called عرصة the cultivated or flourishing عرصة العمورة the cultivated or flourishing tract. Chatgáon is also styled عرصة. All these titles disappear after the time of Ahmad Sháh (No. 36), when a change took place in the form and arrangement of the coins, synchronising with the restoration of the dynasty of Iliyás Sháh in the person of Násiru-d-dín Maḥmúd Sháh I (No. 37). Marginal inscriptions were then abolished (with rare exceptions, which however only present the names of the four 'orthodox' khalifas), and the mint-name being placed below the area there was no room for the insertion of titles or epithets. Even when the Afghán Muhammad Ghází (No. 50) restored marginal inscriptions on the fine large coins formed upon Sher Shah's model the margins were reserved for titles of the king and the orthodox khalifas, and the mint-prefixes were not revived.

The coinage of the Sultans of Bengal was in both gold and silver, but specimens of the former are rare. Only one copper coin exists,

and that of doubtful authenticity: it is believed that the small currency consisted of cowrie shells.

The ordinary arrangement of the inscriptions on the coinage of the independent Sultans of Bengal is somewhat similar to that on the issues of their contemporaries at Dehlí. The areas are separated from the margins by borders, single or double, of various forms, circles, squares, lozenges, octagons, hexagons, and many-foiled or scolloped edges. The obverse area is generally reserved for the expression of the king's religious position as supporter of the Khalífate, for which, like the Sultans of Dehlí, the rulers of Bengal professed a devout respect. The usual formulas are: يعين المعاللة الم

The titles of the Sultans of Bengal, which always occupy the reverse and often extend over the obverse also, are constructed on much the same method as those of the Sultans of Dehlí. They usually begin with method as those of the Sultans of Dehlí. They usually begin with light (rarely الحال (rarely), but this is sometimes omitted, or light of the support of the Compassionate, is substituted for it, or, as on the coins of Fath Sháh (No. 41), and the sons and grandson of Husen Sháh (No. 46), is always المال المعال ا

of Sikandar Shah (No. 30), who appears to have arrogated to himself the , الامام الاعظم ابو المجاهد سكندر شاه ابن الياس شاه السلطان style of Imam, in the formula and who also employed the titles المجاهد في سبيل الرحمن The warrior on the path of the Compassionate, and الناصر الدين الله القاهر على الله The Aider of God's Faith, the Subduer of God, the latter, of course, being a mistake The Truster الواثق بتائيد الرحمن The Victor by God's help; and القاهر بالله The Truster in the support of the Compassionate, besides more ordinary formulas. خليفة الله بالحجت و البرمان Mahmud Shah II has the curious inscription Vicegerent of God in deed and proof, which apparently is applied to himself. Husen Shah (No. 46) introduced several new titles: السلطان ولدسيد المرسلين The Just, Generous Sultan, and the patronymic العادل الباذل السلطان الفاتر, There is also the remarkable legend recording his conquests, السلطان The Sultan conqueror over Kamru and الكامرو و كمته و جاجنگر و اريسة Kamtah and Jájnagar and Orissa, which is one of the most curious inscriptions in the whole of Indian numismatics. Iliyas Shah (No. 29) clearly borrowed a Dehlí type when he styled himself اسكندر الثاني The سكندر الزمان Second Alexander. 'Ali Shah (No. 28) adopted the form سكندر الزمان Alexander of the World, the distinguished by the grace of the Compassionate.

The titles, both when referring to the Khalifa or the Sultan, are commonly followed by the benedictory formula خلد الله ملكة or one of its variants.

The date formula presents little that is remarkable: up to the time of A'zam Sháh (No. 31), who died in 1396 (A. H. 799), the date is always given in words, and the formula runs as follows, ending with the date: ضرب هذه السكر (السكه المبارك و الفنة السك و الفنة). In the time of Ḥamza Sháh the full numerals were abandoned in favour of ciphers, the so-called Arabic numerals, which were henceforward exclusively employed.

As regards weight and standard of assay the Bengal coins were a mere imitation of imperial mint-series. The local standard weight was 166 grains Troy: many of the earlier coins were of full weight, but have been bored out or reduced subsequently to the lesser weight at which the later Sultans issued their debased coinage. As regards purity, while the Dehlí coinage generally gives from 990 to 996 grains to the test total of 1000, in Bengal the earliest coinages give a return of only 989 grains: in the time of Bahádur Sháh (No. 21) there was some rise of purity, but later the proportion fell so low as 962 grains in the time of A'zam Shah (No. 31). In many cases the execution of the Bengal coins is very poor owing to mistakes made by ignorant or careless engravers, and the difficulty of deciphering them is greatly increased by the frequency of counter stamps and cuts with a chisel: it is believed that these were made by the money changers and bankers in order to give an artificial depreciation to coins of a previous year or a previous reign.

CATALOGUE

A. GOVERNORS OF BENGAL

IV

GHIYÁSU-D-DÍN 'IWAZ

А. н. 608-624.

A.D. 1211-1226.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	· Reverse
1	_	617 or 619	Wt. 156·5 S. 1·1	SILT In a circle لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله الناصر الدين الله	VER الأ عظم الدنيا و الدين عوض بن الحسين ناصر امير المومنين و
			.e.8	امير المومنين Some Nágrí characters cut in, on the beginning words of the Kalima. Margin, fragmentary السكة في ربيع الأخر في سنة (سبع or) تسع عشرة و ستماية	ولى عهدة علا لحقق و الدين An inscription in Nágrí is cut in the right-hand upper side of the coin. It is partially deleted. 'जना' is legible.
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1881, No. 23, p. 67.	A.S.B.
2	_	620	Wt. 161.5 S. 1.1	In a circle لا الع الا الله محمد رسول الله Margin	In a dotted circle السلطان المعظم غياث الدنيا و الدين ابو الفتح عوض بن للمسين ناصر
				ضرب هذه السكة في شهور سنة عشرين و ستماية Rf. Thomas, Initial Coinage of Bengal, Pt. II, No. 4, p. 16. J.A.S.B., 1881, No. 21, p. 67.	عوض بن الحسين ناصر (امير المومنين) A.S.B.
3	-	621	Wt. 165·5 S. 1·12	In a double circle with dots between. Same as No. 1. Margin ضرب هذه السكه في جمادى الأخرة سنة احدى عشرين و	J - G J - J.
				Rf. J.A.S.B., 1881, No. 5, p. 57.	امير المومنين . <i>A.S.B</i> .Pl

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
4		(-16)	Wt. 160 S. 1·12	In a dotted circle لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله الله Margin السكه شهور سنة سته عشره	In a dotted circle السلطان المعظم غياث الد(نيا) و الدين ابو الفتح عو(ض) الحسين ناصر (امير) المومنين
5		-20	Wt. 161 S. 1-22	Rf. J. A.S.B., 1881, No. 22, p. 67. In a single circle with margin. Same as No. 1. Margin fragmentary, but perhaps	ابو الفتح
				Rf. B.M.C., 1, p. 9.	. مير المومنين الله ملكة

\mathbf{X}

MUGHÍSU-D-DÍN YÚZBAK

A.D. 1246-1258.

А. н. 644-656.

6	Lakh- nautí	653	Wt. 168 S. 1-1	In double square, in- scribed in a circle السلطان الا عظم مغيث الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر يوزيك السلطان In segments, arabesques. Rf. J.A.S.B., 1881, No. 11, p. 61.	In double square, in- scribed in a circle في عهد الامام المستعصم امير المومنين المومنين هذه الضرب بلكنوتي من خراج ارض بدن و نوديا في رمضان سنة ثلث و خمسين و ستماية A.S.B. Pl.

XVIII RUKNU-D-DÍN KAI KÁUS

А. н. 691-702.

A. D. 1291-1302.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
7	Lakh- nautí	691	Wt. 171 S. 1·1	In double square السلطان الا عظم ركن الدنيا و الدين ابو المظهر كيكاوس سلطان بن سلطان بن سلطان	In double square, in- scribed in a circle الامام المام المستعصم امير المومنين المومنين Margin احدى و تسعين و ستماية A.S.B. P.I
				Rf. Th. 149.	A.S.B. Pl.
8	,,	693	Wt. 168 S. 1-2	Same as No. 7.	Same as No. 7, but unit year ثلث A.S.B.

XIX

SHAMSU-D-DÍN FÍROZ SHÁH

		A. H	. 702–718.	A. D. 130	2–1318.
$A\!$				GO	LD
9	· -		Wt. 170 S. -95	In double square السلطان الاعظم شمس الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر فيروز شاه السلطان	In double square, in- scribed in a circle الامام المستعصم امير المومنين Margin gone.
Æ				SIL	VER
10	Lakh- nautí	715	Wt. 164 S. 1-1	Same as No. 9. Rf.Th.194. B.M.C., 3, p.10.	Same as No. 9. Margin عشرة و سبعماية A.S.B.
11	37	720	Wt. 168·5 S. 1·06	Same as No. 9.	Sameas No. 9, but margin ضرب هذه السكه لكهنوتي سنة عشرين و سبعياية A.S.B.
12	_	-	Wt. 167 S. 1.08	Same as No. 9. Rf. J. M. C., p.139(11061).	Same as No. 9.
					К 2

 $\mathbf{X}\mathbf{X}$ SHIHÁBU-D-DÍN BUGHRA SHÁH

А. н. 718.

A.D. 1318.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
13	Lakh- nautí	718	Wt. 168-5 S. 1-05	In double square السلطان الاعظم شهاب الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر بغرة شاة السلطان بن السلطان	In double square, in- scribed in a circle الأمام المستعصم أمير المومنين المومنين Margin ضرب هذه الفضه المحضوت لكنوتي سنة ثمان عشر و سبعماية الأمام fo ما Star above
				Rf. Th., p. 197, No. 168.	A.S.B. Pl.

XXI GHIYÁSU-D-DÍN BAHÁDUR SHÁH

		A. H.	710-723.	A. D. 1	310-1323.
14	Lakh- nautí		Wt. 165 S. 1-05	In square area السلطان الاعظم غياث الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر بهادر شاء السلطان بن سلطان	In double square, in- scribed in a circle الامام الستعصم امير المومنين Three dots above to of الامام Margin سنة
15	_	721	Wt. 166-8 S. 1-02	Rf. B.M.C., 4, p. 11. Same as No. 14.	A.S.B. Same as No. 14, but Margin ضرب احدى عشرين مرب A.S.B. Pl.
16	_		Wt. 159 S. 1.05	Same as No. 14.	Same as No. 14, but Margin ضرب هذه الفضةعاية A.S.B.

B. INDEPENDENT KINGS OF BENGAL

XXVI

FAKHRU-D-DÍN MUBÁRAK SHÁH

а. н. 739-750.

А. р. 1338-1349.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
17	Sunár- gáon	745	Wt. 167 S. 1	In a circle السلطان الأعظم فخر الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر مبارك شاه السلطان	يمين للليقة ناصر المير المومنين المومنين ضرب هذه السكه بحضرة جلال سنار گانو سنة خمس و اربعين و
			390	Rf. Th. 263, No. 220. B.M.C., 11, p. 13.	سبعماية A.S.B. Pl.
18	"	747	Wt. 168 S. 1	Same as No. 17.	Same as No. 17, but unit year مبع
19	22	748	Wt. 162.5 S96	Same as No. 17.	Same as No. 17, but unit year ثمان A.S.B.
20	9;	749	Wt. 163.5 S. 1	Same as No. 17.	Same as No. 17, but unit year تسع A.S.B.

XXVII

IKHTIYÁRU-D-DÍN GHÁZÍ SHÁH

		A. H. 7	750-753.	A.p. 13	349-1352.
21	Sunár- gáon	751	Wt. 166 S. ∙95	السلطان الا عظم اختيار الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر غازيشاه السلطان بن السلطان	In a circle يعين الخليفة ناصر امير المومنين المومنين Margin, injured by sar- ráf's stamps, ضرب هذه السكة بحضرة جلال سنار كاؤن سنة احدى خمسين و سبعمانة
				Rf. Th. 266, No. 222.	A.S.B. Pl.

XXVIII

'ALÁU-D-DÍN 'ALÍ SHÁH (Western Bengal)

а. н. 740-746.

А. р. 1339-1345.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
22	Fíroz- ábád	743	Wt. 168 S. 1.05	In a square السلطان الأعظم علا الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر عليشاه السلطان	In a square, inscribed in a circle المخصوص المخصوص بعنایت الرحمن ناصر امیر المومنین Margin
23	2)	744	Wt. 168 S. 1-05	Rf. Th. 265, No. 221. B.M.C., 15, p. 14. Same as No. 22.	ضرب هذه الفضة السكه في البلد فيروز آباد سنة ثلث و اربعين و سبعماية A.S.B. Pl. Same as No. 22, but unit year اربع A.S.B.

XXIX

SHAMSU-D-DÍN ILIYÁS SHÁH

				Visit State of the Control of the Co		
		A. H	. 740–759.	А. р. 1339	-1358.	
AV			GOLD			
23 (a)	_		Wt. 166 S. •94	السلطان العادل شمس الدنيا و الدين ابو لمظفر الياس شاه السلطان	In a square within a circle سكند الثاني يعين الخلافة المير المو[منين] Margin almost illegible, but perhaps as in No. 24.	
		ł i			The last State Course	
Æ					VER	
	TV	55.4	777.	Type A	- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
AR 24	Fíroz- ábád	754	Wt. 164 S. .95		VER In a circle سكندر الثاني يمين لخلافة ناصر امير المومنين Margin هذه الغضة السكه في البلد فيروز آباد سنة اربع خمسين و سبعماية	

AR. No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
25	Fíroz- ábád	754	Wt. 168 S. 1.06	Same as No. 24.	Same as No. 24. A.S.B.
26	"	757	Wt. 167 S. 1.02	Same as No. 24.	Same as No. 24, but unit year سبع
27	"	75-	Wt. 167 S. 1	Same as No. 24. Rf. I.M.C., p.141(11066).	Same as No. 24, but unit year gone.
28	25	753	Wt. 165·5 S. 1·15	Type B Larger flat coin, with bold lettering. Area same as No. 24, in a circle.	Same as No. 24, in a circle. Margin ضرب هذه السكه بحضرة فيروز إباد سنة ثلث و خمسين و سبعماية
29	"	758	Wt. 164-1 S. 1-5	Same as No. 28. Rf. I.M.C., p.141(11064). Type C	Pl. Same as No. 28, but unit year
30	Sunár- gáon	755	Wt. 167 S. 1	Same as No. 24, but double square in circle with pellets at the sides.	In a circle as on No. 24, but omitting ناصر Margin ضرب هذه السكة حضرة جلال سنارگانو سنة خمس و خمسين معماية الله A.S.B.
31	22	757	Wt. 167 S.	Same as No. 30, but no pellets at the sides. Rf. B.M.C., 25, p. 16.	Same as No. 30, but unit year ————————————————————————————————————
31 (a)	27	756	1.05 Wt. 166 S. 1.08	Same as No. 31.	Same as No. 31, but unit
31 (b)	27	758	Wt. 166 S. 1.09	Same as No. 31.	Same as No. 31, but unit year ثمان
32	27	754	Wt. 167·5 S.	Type D In a square, inscribed in a circle. Same as No. 24.	In a circle. Same as No. 31, but unit year

A. No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				Type E	
33	Fíroz- ábád	747	Wt. 164 S. •98	Same as No. 24, but in a square within a circle.	Same as No. 24, but in a square inscribed in a small circle. Unit year سبع A.S.B.
34	19	-4-	Wt. 168 S. ·95	Same as No. 33.	Same as No. 33, but only decade year decipherable اربعين A.S.B.
34 (a)	19	751	Wt. 167 S. 1.08	Same as No. 33.	Same as No. 33, but year
35	Shahr- i-nau		Wt. 166 S. 95	Same as No. 24. Rf. B.M.C., 17, p. 15.	Same as No. 33, but mint town شهر نو A.S.B.
36	***	74-	Wt. 157 S. 1.05	Same as No. 24. Rf. I.M. C., p. 140(11084).	Same as No. 35, but unit year missing.

(SID XXX

SIKANDAR SHÁH BIN ILIYÁS SHÁH

а. н. 759-792.			792.	А. р. 1358-1389.		
37	Fíroz- ábád	7 59	Wt. 166·5 S. 1	Type A In a circle شاء سكندر ابن الياس شاء السلطان	In a circle المجاهد في سبيل ألم ألم ألم ألم ألم ألم ألم ألم ألم أل	
38	Cháwal-	759	Wt.	Rf. <i>B.M.C.</i> , 27, p. 17. <i>Type B</i> In a circle	ضرب هذه الفضة السكه في البلد فيروز آباد سنة تسع و خمسين و سبعماية A.S.B.	
	istán, 'urf Kámrú		162 S. 1.02	المجاهد في سبيل الرحمن شاء سكندر ابن الياس شاء السلطان	يمين خليفة المدر الله ناصر امير الله ناصر امير المومنين الموتين ضرب هذه السكه ملك چاولستان عرف كامرو سنة تسع و خمين و سبعماية المديد ا	

ÆR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
39	Sunár- gáon	759	Wt. 167 S. 1	Same as No. 38.	Same as No. 38, but mint
				Rf. B.M.C., 29, p. 18.	A.S.B
40	"	760	Wt. 165 S. 1.02	Same as No. 38.	Same as No. 39, but year ستين A.S.B.
41	"	784	Wt. 165 S. 1.05	Same as No. 38.	Same as No. 39, but date
				Rf.I.M.C.,p.142(11073).	اربىع و ثمانين
42	Muʻaz- zamábád	760	Wt. 162 S. 1.02	Same as No. 38.	Same as No. 38, but Margin صرب هذه السكه اقليم معظم اباد سنة ستين و سبعهايه
				Rf. B.M.C., 30, p. 18.	A.S.B.
43	**	761	Wt. 166.5	Same as No. 38.	Same as No. 42, but date
			S. 1.06	അക്കാദമി	احدی و ستین $A.S.B$.
44	73	764	Wt. 163	Same as No. 38.	Same as No. 42, but date
			S. 1		اربع و ستين ا .A.S.B.
				Type C	11.012.
45			Wt. 168-5 S. .9	ابو المجاهد سكندر شاه السلطان ابن السلطان	In a circle الناصر الدين الله القاهر الأعدل الله
				Rf. B.M.C., 31, p. 18.	Margin illegible. A.S.B.
46			Wt. 153 S. 1.07	Same as No. 45.	Same as No. 45.
				Type D	
47	Fíroz- ábád	764	Wt. 163 S. 1·15	In a circle الأمام الا عظم ابو المجاهد سكندر شاء ابن الياس شاء السلطان	يمين خليفة يمين خليفة الله ناصر امير المومنين خلد الله خلافته Margin فيروز اباد اربع و ستين و سبعماية
				Rf. B.M.C., 32, p. 19. I.M.C., p. 143 (11069).	سبعماية

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
48	Fíroz- ábád	771	Wt. 158 S. 1.05	Same as No. 47.	Same as No. 47, but Margin فيروز اباد احدي سبعين وسبعماية A.S.B.
49	20	777	Wt. 165 S. 1-1	Same as No. 47.	Same as No. 47, but unit year سبع A.S.B. Pl.
50	Iqlím (Muʻa <u>z</u> - zamábád)	777	Wt. 158 S. 1.08	الامام الا عظم ابو المجاهد سكندر شاء ابن الياس شاء السلطان	In a circle يعين خليفة الله ناصر أمير المومنين خلدت خلافتة Margin ضرب هذة السكة في اقليم مسبع سبعين و سبعماية A.S.B.
51	_		Wt. 166 S. 1-12	Same as No. 47, but lettering slightly different. Rf. I.M.C., p.143(11070).	A.S.B. Same as No. 47, but lettering slightly different. Mint and date gone.
52	Fíroz- ábád	781	Wt. 166·5 S. 1·15	Type E In a circle الواثق بتاثيد الزحمن ابو المجاهد سكندر شاة ابن الياس شاة السلطان Margin الامام [ابوبكر] الاعظم [عمر] و لخليفة [عثمان] المعظم [على]	المونين المواقعة الله ناصر المواقعة الله ناصر المواقعين غوث الاسلام و المسلمين خلات خلافته المعرب هذه السكة المباركة في المدة فيروز اباد سنة احدى ثمانين و المعربة
53	33	7 87	Wt. 165 S. 1·2	Rf. B.M.C., 37, p. 20. Same as No. 52, but margin almost all gone.	A.S.B. Pl. Same as No. 52, but unit year
			. 1	Rf.I.M.C., p.143 (11067).	C
54	,,	-	Wt. 159 S. 1.23	Same as No. 52, but in rude lettering.	Same as No.52, but much defaced.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
55	Shahr- i-nau	78-	Wt. 162 S. 1·15	Type F In octagon المكندر شاه ابن الياس شاه السلطان السلطان Margin الواثق [ابوبكر] ئد [عمر] البو عثمان] المجاهد [على] Rf. B.M.C., 44, p. 21.	In ornamented lozenge یمین خلیفة الله ناصر امیر المومنین خلدت خلافته خلدت خلافته ضرب هذه السكه المباركة شهر نو سنة و ثمانین و سبعمایة A.S.B.
56	Satgáon	781	Wt. 167 S. 1·1	Type G In quatrefoil الب الباس شاة الب الباس شاة السلطان Margin [ابوبكر] الا عظم [عمر] العادل ابو [عثمان] المجاهد	
57	,,	782	Wt. 166 S. 1·1	Same as No. 56. Rf. I. M. C., p. 142(11076).	Same as No. 56, but unit year اثنین Pl.
58	,,	_	Wt. 166 S. 1·12	Same as No. 56.	Same as No. 57, but unit year illegible. A.S.B.
59	Fíroz- ábád	767	Wt. 166-5 S. 1-25	Type H In a circle ابو المجاهد سكندر شاه ابن الياس شاه السلطان Margin [المام [ابوبكر] الاعظم [عمر] الواثق [عثمان] بتائبد الرحمن [على] Rf. B.M.C., 47, p. 23.	In a hexagon يمين خليفة الله ناصر المير المومنين غوث الاسلام و المسلمين خلد ملكه Margin ضرب هذه السكه المبارك في بلدة فيروز اباد سنة سبع و ستين و سبعماية PI.

ÆR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
60	Fíroz- ábád	782	Wt.165.5 S. 1.12	Same as No. 59.	Same as No. 59, but date اثنین ثمانین و سبعمایة A.S.B.
61	23	783	Wt. 154 S. 1·1	Same as No. 59.	Same as No. 59, but unit year ثلث A.S.B.
62	"	786	Wt. 167 S. 1-1	Same as No. 59.	Same as No. 59, but unit year A.S.B.
				Type I	
63	Sunár- gáon	758	Wt. 164·5 S. 1	In a circle السلطان المعظم سكندر شاة ابن الياس شاة	In a circle يمين خليفة الله ناصر امير المومنين
			8,23	السلطان المحاددة المح	Margin ضرب هذه السكه بحضرة جلال سنارگانو سنة ثمان و خمسين و سبعماية
64	***	759	Wt. 168 S. 1.02	Same as No. 63.	A.S.B. Same as No. 63, but unit year تسع A.S.B. Pl.

XXXI GHIYÁSU-D-DÍN Á'ZAM SHÁH

Type A

А. н. 792-799.

A.D. 1389-1396.

A.S.B. Pl.

65	ábád	79-	Wt. 165 S. 1.12	in quatrefoil غياث الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر اعظمشاه ابن سكندر شاه ابن الياس شاه السلطان	In a square ناصر امير المومنين غوث الاسلام و المسلمين. خلد ملكة ضرب هذة السكة المحضرة فيروز اباد تسعين و سبعماية
66	"	79-	Wt. 167	Same as No. 65.	A.S.B. Same as No. 65.
			S. 1·15		A.C.R

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				Type B	
67	Fíroz-	793	Wt.	In quatrefoil	In a circle
	ábád		165 S.	غياث الدنيا	ناصر امير المومنين
			1.15	و الدين ابو المظفر	غوث الاسلام و المسلمين
				اعظمشاه	و المسلمين ا
				السلطان	خلد ملكه
				Margin	Margin
				السلطان الاعظم المويد بتائيد	ضرب هذه السكه في حضرة
			77	الملك الرحمن	بيروز اباد سنة ثلث و تسعين
		Ì		الملك الرحمن ا	سبعماية
				Rf. B.M.C., 60, p. 26.	A.S.B
68		799	Wt. 165	Same as No. 67.	Same as No. 67, but unit
	"		S. 1.15		year تسع
			. 8	of moon	A S.B.
69	**		Wt. 174	Same as No. 67.	Same as No. 67.
			S. 1	Rf. I.M.C., p. 144(8185).	
		700	W. 450	Company of the Compan	C. N. C. Int J.
70	27	788	Wt. 158 S. 1.1	Same as No. 67.	Same as No. 67, but date
			O. 1·1	Rf. I.M.C., p.145(11087).	ثمان و ثمانین و سبعمایة
71	**	788	Wt. 165	Same as No. 67.	Same as No. 70.
	"		S. 1.18	D0 7 75 0 4 17 (14 100)	
				Rf. I.M.C., p.145(11088).	
72	**	794	Wt. 165	Same as No. 67.	Same as No. 67, but unit
			S. ·95	[Smaller coin, with finer	اربع year
				execution.]	A.S.B
				Type C	
73	Fíroz- ábád	793	Wt. 166.5	In large quatrefoil غياث الدنيا	Same as No. 67.
	avau		S.	و الدين ابو المظفر	
			1.15	اعظمشاه ابن	
]				سكندر شاء ابن	
				الياس شاء	
				السلطان	
				Margin as on No. 67.	
				Rf. B.M.C., 63, p. 27.	A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
74	Mu [*] aggam- ábád	793	Wt. 165 S. 1·1	Type D In a square المويد بتائيد الرحمن غياث الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر اعظم شاة السلطان In segments ابو بكر ـ عمر ـ عثمان ـ على	الم eight-rayed star ناصر السلام و السلام و المسلمين يعين المسلمين يعين المير المومنين المير المومنين ضرب هذه السكه في البلد معظم إباد في الشالث تسعين و سبعماية
				Rf. B.M.C., 54, p. 25.	A.S.B.
75	27	7	Wt. 165 S. 1·15	Same as No. 74.	Same as No. 74, but date gone. A.S.B. Pl.
76	Jannat- ábád	-9-	Wt. 164 S. 1·15	Type E In a square Same as No. 74.	In a circle Same as No. 74, but Margin ضرب هذه السكه المباركة في جنتاباد سنة تسعين
				Rf. B.M.C., 52, p. 24.	A.S.B. Pl.
77	25	79-	Wt. 164 S. 1·15	Same as No. 74.	Same as No. 76, but date تسعين و سبعماية A.S.B.
78	Satgáon	7	Wt. 166 S. 1·15	Type F In a square with loop in each side. Same as No. 74. In the loops ابو بکر ,عمر ,عمان ,علی	In quatrefoil الا ناصر سلام و المسلمين امير المومنين يمين محرب هذة السكة في عرصة ستگانو سبعماية
				Rf. B.M.C., 59, p. 26.	A.S.B. Pl.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
79	Satgáon		Wt. 163 S. 1·15	Same as No. 78.	In quatrefoil, differently arranged ناضر الاسلام و المسلمين و المسلمين يمين امير المومنين A.S.B.
80	77	790	Wt. 163.8 S. 1.05	Same as No. 78. Rf. I.M.C., p.144(11227).	Same as No. 79, but year تسعين و سبعماية
81	"	790	Wt. 163 S. 1·15	Same as No. 78. Rf. I.M.C., p. 144(11228). Type G	Same as No. 80.
82	Muʻazzam- ábád	799	Wt. 166·5 S. ·95	Same as No. 74, but smaller coin, and better execution. Rf. B.M.C., 57, p. 25.	Same as No. 74, but unit year تسع A.S.B.
83	>>		Wt. 165 S. 1	Same as No. 82. Rf. I. M. C., p. 144(11085).	Same as No. 82, but margin incomplete.
84	Satgáon	-	Wt. 166 S. -85	سلطان سلطان غیاث (الدنیا) و الدین ابو المظفر اعظمشاه السلطان	In a circle ابد الله دولتة خلد الله ملكة Margin عرصة ستكانو سنة A.S.B.
85		_	Wt. 160 S. 1-02	In a circle غیاث الدنیا و الدین ابو المظفر اعظمشاء بن سکندر شاہ ابن الیاس شاہ السلطان	In a circle الامام المام يعين خليفة ناصر عليفة ناصر غوث الاسلام غوث الاسلام و المسلمين [Very poor execution.]
86		_	Wt. 162 S. -97	المويد بتائيد الرحمن غياث الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر اعظم شاه ابن سكندر شاه ابن الياس شاه السلطان	In multifoil, but too much defaced to be legible.

XXXII SAIFU-D-DÍN ḤAMZA SHÁH

а. н. 799-809.

А. р. 1396-1406.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
87	Fíroz- ábád		Wt. 164 S. 1-22	سيف سيف الدنيا و الدين ابو المجاهد حمزة شاة بن اعظمشاة بن سكندر شاة بن الياس شاة بن سلطان	In square area ناصر امير المومنين غوث الاسلام و المسلمين خلد ملكه ضرب هذه السكه في حضرة
				Rf. B.M.C., 65, p. 28.	A.S.B.
88	,,	814(%)	Wt. 165 S. 1.25	Same as No. 87.	Same as No. 87, but date
1			250.0	(810,461)(312)	Pl.

XXXIV

SHIHÁBU-D-DÍN BÁYAZÍD SHÁH

		А. Н.	812–817.	A. D. 14	09–1414.
89		812	Wt. 164 S. 1·15	In a circle المويد بتاثيد الرحمن شهاب الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر بايذيد شاة السلطان Rf. B.M.C., 67, p. 29.	In a circle ناصر المير المومنين غوث الاسلام و المسلمين Margin all lost except
90	Fíroz- ábád	817	Wt. 167 S. 1·26	In multifoil شهاب الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر بايذيد شاء السلطان خلد ملكة Rf. B.M.C., 71, p. 30.	In an enclosure sur- rounded by eight arcs ناصر امير المومنين غوث الأسلام و المسلمين Margin ابو بكر ضرب عمر فيروز عثمان اباد على ۱۷

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse						
91	Fíroz- ábád	816	Wt. 163 S. 1·2	In multifoil المويد بتائيد الرحمن شهاب الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر بايذيد شاه السلطان	In enclosure surrounded by eight arcs turning inwards ناصر المومنين غوث الاسلام و المسلمين و المسلمين ابو بكر إ ضرب عمر فيروز عمر المدونة على المداد سنة					Rf. B.M.C., 68, p. 30.	A.S.B.
92	,,	817	Wt. 169 S. 1.27	Same as No. 91.	Same as No. 91, but date						

XXXVJALÁLU-D-DÍN MUḤAMMAD SHÁH

А. н. 817-835.

				Type A	
93	Fíroz- á bád	818	Wt. 163.8 S. 1.25	In scalloped circle جلال الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر محمد شاه السلطان Rf. B.M.C., 72, p. 31. I.M.C., p. 146 (7872).	In quatrefoil ناصر الاسلام و المسلمين خلد ملكه خلد ملكه ضرب هذه السكه في فيروز اباد
94	19	819	Wt. 165 S. 1·2	Same as No. 93.	Same as No. 93, but date
95) 3	822	Wt. 166 S. 1·15	Same as No. 93.	Same as No. 93, but date
96	"	823	Wt. 165 S. 1·2	Same as No. 93.	Same as No. 93, but date Arr A.S.B. Pl.
97	"	824	Wt. 165 S. 1.15	Same as No. 93.	Same as No. 93, but date
98	"	828	Wt. 162-5 S. 1-15	Same as No. 93.	Same as No. 93, but date AFA A.S.B.

WRIGHT

Æ. No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
99	Satgáon	821	Wt. 155-5 S. 1-15	Type B Same as No. 93.	In a square in a circle ناصر امير المومنين غوث الاسلام و المسلمين خلد ملكة In segments ضرب هذة ستگانو
				Rf. B.M.C., 76, p. 32.	A.S.B.
100	,,	82-	Wt. 154 S. 1·1	Same as No. 93.	Same as No. 99, but unit year gone.
101	Muʻazzam- ábád		Wt. 166 S. 1·1	Type C In a plain area. Same as No. 93.	In a circle المومنين ناصر امير غوث الاسلام و المسلمين Margin معظم آباد
102		818	Wt. 166 S. 1-15	In multifoil السلطان العادل جلال الدنيا و الدين ابو محمد شاء السلطان المظفر	On eightfoil with incurving sides ناصر المير المومنين غوث الاسلام و المسلمين **Margin ابوبكر ضرب عمر على أمان عشم على أمان **A.S.B.
103	-	-	Wt. 158 S. 1·3	Rf. B.M.C., 79, p. 32. Type E In a circle (السلطان العا) دل جلال الدنيا و الدين ابو المجاهد محمد شاه السلطان Rf. I.M.C., p. 146 (9877).	Much defaced, but apparently in multifoil; same as No. 93.

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				Type F (Tughra cha	racters on both sides)
104	Fathábád	840	Wt. 161 S. 1·1	This coin is cracked right across. The reverse is counter-struck with shroff marks. In a circle جلال الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر جمد شاء السلطان Rf. B.M.C., 86, p. 35, but mint different.	In a circle خليفة الله ناصر (الأسلام و المسلمين) فتحاباد To the right مه. [There is some doubt as to the words in brackets.] A.S.B.
105	-	_	Wt. 168 S. 1.12	The Kalima.	Same as No. 104. A.S.B.
106		834	Wt. 161	Same as No. 104.	Same as No. 104, but date
			S. 1.22		Pl.
				Time G (Tughra char	acters on reverse only)
107		821	Wt. 166	Within a circle the	Same as obverse of No.
	0		S. 1·1	Kalima. Margin partly destroyed, but date Ari	104. A.S.B.
108	Fíroz- ábád	834	Wt. 164·5 S. 1·2	Same as No. 107, but <i>Margin</i> ضرب هذه السكة في الفروزاباد متة عبد السكة على الفروزاباد Rf. <i>B.M.C.</i> , 83, p. 34, but mint different.	Same as No. 107.
109			Wt. 161 S. 1·1	The Kalima in Tughra characters.	المويد بتأثيد المويد بتأثيد الرحمن خليفة الله (جلال) الدنيا و الدين محمد شاء سلطان
110	Chatgáon	834	Wt. 165 S. 1·2	Same as No. 104, in Tughra characters.	In a circle ناصر الاسلام و المسلمين خلد ملكه Margin ضرب هذه السكه في چتگانو سنة ۸۳۴

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
111			Wt. 163 S.	Same as No. 104, in Tughra characters.	In a double circle with arabesques between
			1.18		الجبار Pl.

XXXVII

NÁṢIRU-D-DÍN MAḤMÚD SHÁH

		A. H.	846-864.	A. D. 1442	2–1459.
112		-62	Wt. 166 S. 1	In an octagon formed by interlacing squares ناصر الدنيا و المظفر و الدين ابو المظفر معمود شالا سلطان	In multifoil الاسلام غوث و المسلمين ناصر معلم المسلمين العرب المسلمين المسلمين العرب المسلمين العرب المسلمين العرب المسلمين المس
113		848	Wt. 162·5 S. ·9	In a circle ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر محمود شاه سلطان No margin legible.	In a circle المويد بتائيد (الرحمن) خليقة الله خلد الله ملكه
114			Wt. 165·5 S. ·9	In a circle ناصر الدنیا و الدین ابو المظفر محمود شاه سلطان	In a circle المويد بتائيد الرحمن Margin gone.
115	_	-	Wt. 163 S95	Same as No. 114, but in rude lettering.	Entirely defaced. A.S.B.
116	Maḥmúd- ábád	858	Wt. 165 S. .9	Same as No. 112, but in a plain area.	In a circle غوث الاسلام و المسلمين خلد الله محمد اباد ۱۵۸ Margin illegible. A.S.B.
117	_	_	Wt. 162 S. .95	In double multifoil. Same as No. 112.	In a circle غوث الاسلام و المسلمين خلد الله السور (١) Margin illegible.
				1)	A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
118		-54	Wt. 164 S. 1.05	Same as No. 116, but rude lettering.	Defaced by punch marks, but of visible. A.S.B.
119	Fatḥábád (?)	86-	Wt. 157 S. 1.05	In multifoil. Same as No. 112.	In multifoil غوث الاسلام و المسلمين خلد الله فتحاباد ١٠٠٠ Punch marked and cut with chisel.
120	_	851 (³)	Wt. 164.5 S. 1.2	Same as No. 119.	In multifoil غوث الاسلام و المسلمين ۸۵۱ (۶) A.S.B.
121	_	860	Wt. 154 S. 1·2	Same as No. 119.	In multifoil غوث الاسلام و المسلمين خلد الله ملكة و سلطانة ? ^۲۰
122			Wt. 159 S. 1·15	In double circle with arabesques between ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو المجاهد محمود شاء السلطان	In a circle المويد بتاثيد الرحمن خليفة الله Margin illegible. A.S.B. Pl.
123			Wt. 161 S. •95	ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو المجاهد محمود شاة محمود شاة	Entirely defaced, and illegible. A.S.B.
124		_	Wt. 160 S. .95	In a circle سلطان ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو المجاهد معمود شاء The first long line is in Tughra characters and سلطان is attached to the elongated letters.	خلد الله سلطانة The rest of legend defaced by punch marks. A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
125	Nasrat- ábád	862	Wt. 166 S. 1.05	In Tughra characters الدنيا و الدين ابو ^{المجاهد} محمود (شاة) السلطان Rf. J.A.S.B., III, p. 218,	In a circle المويد بتائيد الرحمن خليفة الله (۱) نصرت اباد هاب (۱) ۸۲۲
				No. 7.	Pl.
126		862	Wt. 163 S. 1	Same as No. 125, but ابو المظفر	Same as No. 125. Much defaced, but date ATT A.S.B.
127			Wt. 163 S9	In multifoil الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر السلطان	Too much defaced to be legible. A.S.B.
128	_	_	Wt. 163 S. 1·15	Same as No. 126.	Illegible. A.S.B.
129	_	8-3	Wt. 166 S. 1	In a circle المرالدنيا و الدين ابو المجاهد محمود شاء السلطان A wavy line made of small arcs of a circle is outside in the margin. Each one has a dot in it.	In quatrefoil ناصر الاسلام و المسلمين خلد ملكة ۳-۸-۳
					Pl.
130		854	Wt. 164 S. 1.05	Same as No. 129.	Same as No. 129, but date
131	_		Wt. 167 S. •95	In a circle with dotted pattern outside ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو المجاهد معمود شاه السلطان	In a circle, as on No. 129. Margin ضرب هذة السكة. No mint or year. A.S.B.
100		070	W. 104	C N 101	Pl.
132	_	852	Wt. 164 S. ·97	Same as No. 131.	Same as No. 131, but year

XXXVIII

RUKNU-D-DÍN BÁRBAK SHÁH

А. н. 864-879.

A. D. 1459-1474.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
133	The Treasury	-64	Wt. 164 S. 1·15	In a circle لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله خرانه عهد(م)	السلطان (ركن) الدنيا و الدين ابو المجاهد باربكشاه السلطان بن محمود شاه السلطان
134	,,	-64	Wt. 164 S. 1.05	Same as No. 133.	Same as No. 133. <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
135		864	Wt. 163 S. 1-05	In a circle لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله اربع ۱۹۳۰ Margin unintelligible. Rf. B.M.C., 90, p. 37.	ضرب ضرب السلطان الاعد (?) السلطان الاعد (?) الا عظم باربكشاه سلطان ابن محمود شاه سلطان خلد الله ملكة و
136		873	Wt. 160 S. 1-05	Same as No. 135, but year	Same as No. 135. A.S.B.
137		-73	Wt. 165 S. 1.05	Same as No. 136.	Same as No. 135.
138	_	874 (1)	2)	In a circle, the Kalima only. Margin destroyed.	Same as No. 135, with perhaps date $\wedge \vee^*$ A.S.B.
139	_		Wt. 164 S. 1-05	Same as No. 138. In margin knots joined with curved lines and perhaps names of the Four Companions.	Same as No. 135. <i>A.S.B.</i>
140	The Treasury	-67	Wt. 163 S. 1·1	In a circle ركن الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر باربكشاه السلطان ابن محمود شاه السلطان السلطان	In a circle المويد بتاثيد الرحمن خليفة الله بالحجت و البرهان خزانه ۲۷ – خرانه <i>A.S.B</i> .

Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
The Treasury	868	Wt. 165 S. 1.1	In a circle لا اله الا الله محمد الرسول الله	Same as obverse of No 140, but in margin arcs with rays outside.
2	_	Wt. 165 S. 1	Same as No. 140, but in coarse lettering and no date or mint.	A.S.B Same as No. 140, but no margin. A.S.B
3	867	Wt. 164 S. 1-05	Same as No. 140, but with arabesques in margin.	المويد بتائيد الرحمن خليفة الله بالحجت و البرهان با اربع ٢٠٠ (Should be ٢٠٧)
4 -	867	Wt. 164 S. 1.05	In a rayed circle Same as No. 140.	Same as No. 140, but in a rayed circle. A.S.B.
5 -		Wt. 163 S. ·95	Same as No. 140, but no margin, and with coarse lettering.	Same as No. 140, but no date or mint.
The Treasury	871 (१)	Wt. 164 S. 1.05	In a circle لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله	A.S.B. In a circle السلطان العادل الا عظم باربكشاه ابن محمود شاه سلطان خليفة الله خزانا المحتواد عمل المحتواد عمل المحتود المحت
7 -		Wt. 164 S. 1·2	In a circle لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله السلطان العالم العادل Many punch marks. Margin defaced.	Pl. In a circle السلطان المعظم باربكشاء السلطان ابن محمد شاء السلطان Nothing in margin. A,S.B
The Mint	864	Wt. 166 S. 1·1	In Tughra characters ركن الدنيا و الدين ابو المجاهد باربكشاء السلطان ابن محمود شاء السلطان	In a circle السلطان ابن السلطان بدار الضرب بدار الضرب
3 The	e Mint	e Mint 864	166 S.	Margin defaced. Margin defaced. Margin defaced. In Tughra characters ركن الدنيا و الدين ابو المجاهد السلطان ابن محمود المربكشاء السلطان ابن محمود

XXXIX

SHAMSU-D-DÍN YÚSUF SHÁH

а. н. 879-886.

а. н. 886-892.

A. D. 1474-1481.

A. D. 1481-1486.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
149	The Treasury	881	Wt. 158 S. 1	In a circle لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله حزانه ۸۸۸ Margin illegible.	In a circle و الدين شمس الدنيا ابو المظفر يوسفشاه بن باربكشاة ابن محمود شاه سلطان شاه سلطان Margin illegible.
				Rf. B.M.C., No. 93, p. 38.	A.S.B.
150	_	-83	Wt. 162·3 S. 1·05	Same as No. 149, but در الف ۸۳	Same as No. 149, but lettering bolder.
				Rf. I.M.C., p. 146 (9238).	Pl.
151	_	_	Wt. 162 S. 1.05	The Kalima in a square within a circle. Margin much defaced, but apparently the Four Companions.	

XLI

JALÁLU-D-DÍN FATḤ SHÁH

N		ı		GO	LD
152	The Treasury	-87	Wt. 160 S.	Inacircle with anabesques in the margin السلطان	Inacircle with are in the margin وتعشاه الملطان الدر

152	The Treasury	-87	Wt. 160 S. ·82	In a circle with a rabesques in the margin llmldlin llmld	in the margin السلطان ابن محمود شاة السلطان
				و الدين ابو المظفر	-۸۷ خزانه Pl.
AR				SIL	VER
158	Fathábád	886	Wt. 159 S. .95	Inacircle with a rabesques in the margin جلال الدين الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر الوالدين المختشاة سلطان Rf. B.M.C., 94, p. 39.	In a circle with a rabesques in the margin ابن محمود شاء السلطان الحسين شاهي فتحاباد ۸۸۲. A.S.B.
				Rf. B.M.C., 94, p. 39.	Pl.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
154	Fathábád	886	Wt. 173 S. 1·1	Same as No. 153, but a larger coin.	Same as No. 153.
				Rf. I.M.C., p. 146 (8186).	
155	The Treasury	888	Wt. 163 S. 1·4	In a circle with a rabesques. Same as No. 152. A large thin coin. Rf. I.M.C., p. 147 (9878).	In a circle with arabesques. Same as No. 152, but date
156	Muḥam- madábád	88-	Wt. 162 S. 1∙1	In an octagon with in- curving arcs السلطان الحسين جلال الدنيا و الدين فتحشاة السلطان ابو لمظفر	In a circle. Illegible, but date and mint visible.
157	The Mint	890	Wt. 162 S. 1·2	In a circle with loops and dots outside it السلطان ابن السلطان جلال الدنيا جلال الدنيا و الدين ابول	Inacircle with a rabe sques outside it فتحشاه السلطان ابن محمود شاء السلطان حسين شاهي مدر ١٠٠ ار ضرب ١٩٠
				Rf. B.M.C., 98, p. 40.	A.S.B.
158		890	Wt. 162 S. 1-1	In a circle, the Kalima and 14.	In a circle السلطان ابن السلطان جلال الد نيا و الدين ابو المظفر فتے شاہ السلطان

XLIII

SAIFU-D-DÍN FÍROZ SHÁH

A. H.	892-	-895.
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A. D. 1486-1489.

159	-	892	Wt. 148-5 S. •95	In a circle, the Kalima and Agr	In a rayed circle سيف الد نيا و الدين ابو المظفر فيروز شاه خلد الله
				Rf. I.M.C., p. 147(9239).	• • • •

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
160	Fathábád	893	Wt. 164 S. 1	In an ornamented circle, the Kalima and ۱۶۰۰ ۱۹۳۰	In a rayed circle سیف الدنیا و الدین ابو المظفر فیروز شاہ السلطان خلد الله ملکه و سلطانه
161	The Treasury	893	Wt. 113 S. 1·1	In an ornamented circle, the Kalima and ۱۹۳ خزانه	In an ornamented circle Same as No. 160. A.S.B. Pl.

XLIV

NÁṢIRU-D-DÍN MAḤMÚD SHÁH II

	А. н. 8	395-896.	A. D. 148	39-1490.
162 —		Wt. 166 S. 1.02	In a circle surrounded by arabesques ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو لمجاهد محمد شاء السلطان شاء السلطان Rf. Similar to B.M.C., 104, p. 42.	In a circle surrounded by arabesques المويد بتائيد الرحون خليفة الله بالحجت و البرهان See also J.A.S.B., 1846, p. 331, where the last words are read فتحاباد

XLV

SHAMSU-D-DÍN MUZAFFAR SHÁH

		а. н. 8	96-899.	A. D. 149	0-1493.
163	Bárbak- ábád	896	Wt. 165 S. 1·1	In an ornamented circle, the Kalima and ۱۲(= ۱۹۱۱) باریکاباد In margin divided by arabesques the names of the Four Companions.	In multifoil الدنيا شمس و الدين ابو لنصر مظفر شاه السلطان خلد الله ملكه و سلطانه
164		8	Wt. 164 S. 1	In a circle, the Kalima and	In a circle الدنيا شمس و الدين ابو المظفر مظفر شاء السلطان خلد الله ملكة

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
165	The Treasury	898 (1)	Wt. 164 S. .95	In a circle, the Kalima and (۱) ۱۹۸۸ خزانه	In multifoil شهس الدنيا و الدين ابو النصر مظفر شاہ السلطان خلد الله ملکہ و سلطانہ
166			Wt. 161 S. 1	Rf. B.M.C., 105, p. 43. Much defaced, fragments of the Kalima.	A.S.B. Pl. Pl. In a circle السلطان شمس الدنيا و الدين ابو النصر مظفر شاه السلطان

XLVI

'ALÁU-D-DÍN ḤUSEN SHÁH A. H. 899-925. A. D. 1493-1518.

$A\!\!I$				GO	LD
167	The Treasury	899	Wt. 163·5 S. ·97	In an ornamented double circle لا اله الا الله محمد الرسول الله خزانه ۹۹۸	In a circle السلطان العادل الباذل ولد سيد المرسلين علا و الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر حسين شاه السلطان خلد الله ملكه و سلطانه
168	Muʻazzam-	907	Wt.	Rf. B.M.C., No. 108, p. 44. In double circle with	A.S.B. Pl. In double circle with
100	abad	907	164-5 S. -85	arabesques لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله معظم اباد ۱۰۰	arabesques between علا و الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر حسين شاه سلطان بن سيد اشرف خلد الله ملكة و سلطانة A.S.B. Pl.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
					VER
169	Fathábád	899	Wt. 155 S. 1-17	In a circle with small loops outside لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله فتحاباد ۲۹۹	In a circle with small loops outside علا و الدنيا و الدنيا و الدنيا شاء السلطان خلد الله ملكة و سلطانة
			:	Rf. B.M.C., 113, 114, p.45.	Pl.
170	"	899	Wt. 162-5 S96	Same as No. 169. Rf. <i>I.M.C.</i> , p. 147(7874).	Same as No. 169, but smaller coin.
171	The Treasury	905	Wt. 163 S. 1.04	The Kalima in a circle with small loops outside; date ۱.0 and mint خزانه	Same as No. 169.
				Rf. I.M.C., p.147(13423).	
172	,,	919	Wt. 164 S. 1.02	Same as No. 171, but date	Same as No. 169.
173	,,	7	Wt. 163 S. 1.05	Same as No. 171, but date apparentlyv	Same as No. 169. <i>A.S.B.</i>
174	,,	899		Same as No. 171, but date	علا و الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر حسين شاه السلطان خلد الله ملكه
175	Fathábád	89(9)	Wt. 160·5 S. 1·15	In a circle حسین شاه السلطان بن سید اشرف المسینی خلد ملکه و سلطانه فتحاباد –۸۹ Rf. I.M.C., p.148 (9247).	In a circle السلطان الفاتیح الکامرو وکمته و جاحنگر و اریسه علا و الدنیا و الدین ابو المظفر PI.
176	The Treasury	912	Wt. 160·5 S. 1·05	Same as No. 175, but ۹۱۲ خزانه Rf. I.M.C., p.148 (9246).	Same as No. 175.
177	Ḥusen- ábád	914	Wt. 163 S. 1.2	Same as No. 175, but in a double circle, and	Same as No. 175, but in a double circle. A.S.B.
178	The Mint	922	Wt. 162 S. 1·1	Same as No. 175, but دار الفرب ۲۲ Rf. I.M.C., p.149(13421).	Same as No. 175, but in a double circle.

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
179	Husen- ábád	919	Wt. 163 S. 1.02	Same as No. 177, with the addition of the word غليفة and ۱۱۹ خليفة Rf. B.M.C., 129, p. 48.	Same as No. 175, but within a double circle. A.S.B.
180	21	_	Wt. 163 S. 1.06	Same as No. 175, but the wording is خلد الله ملكة, and mint حسيناباد	Same as No. 175.
				Rf. B.M.C., 124, p. 48. I.M.C., p. 148 (7873).	
181	The Treasury	899	Wt. 167 S. .75	In double circle, the Ka- lima and خزانه ۱۹۹۹ This face of the coin is cut deeply with a chisel mark.	علا و الدنيا علا و الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر حسين شاه السلطان خلد الله ملكة و سلطانه
			. 88	Rf.Like B.M.C.,115,p.45, but thicker and smaller.	A.S.B. Pl.
182	Husen- ábád	900	Wt. 164 S. 1	In a circle السلطان العادل علا الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر	اn a circle شاہ سلطان حسین بن سید اشرف الحسین خلد مکلہ حسین آباد ۹۰۰
				Rf. B.M.C., 132, p. 49.	A.S.B.
183	Muʻazzam- ábád	907	Wt. 163 S. 1·1	Same as No. 182.	Same as No. 182, but mint and year معظم (اباد) ۱.۷ * A.S.B.
184			Wt. 163 S. ⋅97	Same as No. 182, but no circle.	شاة سلطان حسين (۱)بن سيد اشرف (الحس)يني خلد الله ملكة
185	<u></u>		Wt. 164 S. 1·12	Same as No. 182, but very corrupt lettering.	Same as No. 184, but very corrupt lettering and is upside down.
186	The Treasury	912	Wt. 163 S. 1.21	Same as No. 182.	In a double circle Same as No. 182, but mint and date عزانه

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
187	The Mint	907	Wt. 164.5 S. 1.19	Same as No. 182.	Same as No. 182, but mint and date ۹۰۷ دار الفرب
188	Ḥusen- ábád		Wt. 163 S. 1.05	السلطان العادل علا و الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر	Same as No. 182, but date gone.
189	,,	9	Wt. 164 S. 1.02	In ornamented circle السلطان العادل علا و الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر حسين شاء السلطان Rf. B.M.C., 119, p. 47.	In ornamented circle ابن سيد اشرف حسين خلد الله ملكة و سلطانه حسين اباد و
190	92	89-	Wt. 158 S. 1.05	Same as No. 189. Rf. I.M.C., p.148(13422).	Same as No. 189, but date
191	The Mint (?)	904	Wt. 162 S. 1.18	In a circle السلطان علا و الدنيا و الدين ابو لمظفر	In a circle حسين شاه سلطاني بن سيد اشرف الحسيني خلد ملكه دار ۲۰۴۰۰۰
192	17	904	Wt. 161 S. 1·16	Same as No. 191. Rf. I.M.C., p. 148 (9240).	Same as No. 191.
193	,,,	899	Wt. 161·5 S. 1·07	In a circle, the Kalima in coarse lettering and منزانه ۱۹۹۸ Rf. I.M.C., p. 148 (9244).	السلطان العادل الباذل سيد المرسلين الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر حسين شاه السلطان خلد الأ ملكة و سلطانة
194	Muḥam- madábád	900	Wt. 164 S. 1·18	In a double circle with dots between السلطان العادل علا الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر حسين شاء	In a double circle with dots between سلطان بن سيد اشرف الحسيني خدد ملكة و سلطانة محمد اباد ٩٠٠
195	27	909	Wt. 164 S. 1.25	Same as No. 194.	Same as No. 194, but date

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
196	Muḥam- madábád	912	Wt.161·5 S. 1·2	Same as No. 194.	Same as No. 194, but date
197	"	913	Wt.164.5 S. 1.25	Same as No. 194.	Same as No. 194, but date
198	The Treasury		Wt. 164 S. 1·2	In a circle السلطان ا لعادل علا الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر	In a circle شاة سلطان حسين اشرف الحسينى بن سيد خلد ملكة خزانة Lettering very corrupt.
199	Ḥusen- ábád		Wt. 164 S. 1	In a circle, the Kalima in bold lettering and حسيناباد	علا و الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر حسين شاه السلطان بن سيد اشرف لمل خلد ملكه
200	,,	899	Wt. 164 S. 1.05	Same as No. 199, but the circle is ornamented and date	Same as No. 199, but in a circle.
201		_	Wt. 164 S. 1·1	The Kalima in bold letters, within a double circle, of which the outer is ornamented.	السلطان المويد الله القايم بامر الناصر با عيانة الله سيد علا الدنيا و الدين المظفر حسين شاه

XLVII NÁȘIRU-D-DÍN NAȘRAT SHÁH

A. D. 1518-1532.

А. н. 925-939.

202 The Mint Fatḥábád	925	Wt. 164 S. 1-05	In a circle السلطان ابن السلطان ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر فتحاباد	In a circle نصرت شاة السلطان بن حسين شاة السلطان حسيني خادة (sic) ملكة دار الضرب ١٢٥ 965 = 925.
			Rf. B. M. C., 139, p. 51.	A.S.B.

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
203		-23	Wt. 164 S. 1-05	In a circle with dots outside Same as No. 202, but omitted.	Same as No. 202, but and -rr Mint-town doubtful. A.S.B.
204	The Mint	925	Wt. 163.5 S. 1.13	In a double circle Same as No. 203.	In a circle Same as No. 202, but خلد ملكة دار الضرب ١٩٢٥
205		925	Wt. 162 S. 1·14	In a double circle Same as No. 203.	Same as No. 203, but mint doubtful, perhaps and ۱۲۰ خلیفتاباد
206	Ḥusen- ábád	925	Wt. 161 S. 1.07	In double circle with arabesques between السلطان ابن السلطان ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر حسين اباد	In double circle with arabesques between نصرتشاء السلطان بن حسين شاء السلطان بن حسين شاء السلطان (sic) ملكة للدرانة aro خارانة A.S.B.
207	The Mint Ḥusen- ábád	925	Wt. 165 S. 1.06	Same as No. 206.	Same as No. 206, but دار الفرب
208	Nasrat- ábád	927	Wt. 164 S. .9	In double circle with dots between السلطان بن السلطان ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر	In double circle with dots between نصرتشاه سلطان بن حسين شاه سلطان الحسيني خلد ملكه نصرتاباد ٩٢٧ A.S.B.
209	"	930	Wt. 160 S. ·8	Same as No. 208.	Same as No. 208, but date
210	,,	2	Wt. 163.5 S95	Same as No. 208.	Same as No. 208, but date
211	<u>Kh</u> alífat- ábád	922	Wt. 154 S. ∙9	In a double circle السلطان بن السلطان ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر	In a circle نصرت شاء السلطان بن حسين شاء السلطان الحسيني خلد ملكه خليفتاباد ٩٢٣
-	GET		1		A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
212	Khalífat- ábád	922	Wt. 163.5 S. 1.02	In a double circle Same as No. 211.	In a double circle Same as No. 211.
213	Ḥusen- ábád	925	Wt. 148 S. 1-1	Same as No. 211, but with the addition of حسيناباد	In a circle with arabesques outside المرتشاة المطان ابن حسينشاة المطال السيد] الحسيني (1) خلد الله ملكة (و) المطانة ١٠٥
				Rf. Like B.M.C., 134, p. 50.	A.S.B.
214		927	Wt. 163 S. ⋅95	In a circle Same as No. 211, but rough execution.	نصرتشاه السلطان بن حسين شاه سلطان خلد الله ملكه و سلطانه ۹۲۷
			. 8	ng monolon	A,S.B.
215	The Mint	925	Wt. 163 S. 1·12	In a double circle with arabesques between Same as No. 206, but mint illegible.	In a double circle with arabesques and dots between Same as No. 202, but دار الضرب ١٢٥
216	Muḥam- madábád	934	Wt. 163 S. 1.05	In double circle with dots between Same as No. 203, but slightly different arrange- ment.	In double circle with dots between Same as No. 202, but عمداباد ۱۳۳۰ Pl.
217	"		Wt. 163-5	In a double circle with dots between	In a double circle with dots between
			S. .97	السلطان ابن حسين شاه السلطان خلد الله ملكة و سلطانه	السلطان ابن السلطان ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو لمظفر محمداباد Pl.
218	. ,,		Wt. 163 S. 1	Same as No. 217, but last line illegible.	Same as No. 217, but
219	_	_	Wt. 163 S. .95	In a circle شاه سلطان نصرت شاه حسين سلطان للسيني خلد ملكه	much defaced. In a double circle السلطان ابن السلطان ناصر الدنيا و الدين خلد ملكة

XLVIII 'ALÁU-D-DÍN FÍROZ SHÁH

А. н. 939.

A. D. 1532.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
220	Husen- ábád	939	Wt. 164 S. 10·7	In a circle with ara-besques outside السلطان بن السلطان علا علا والدين علا و الدين الفروز شاء السلطان السلطان السلطان السلطان السلطان السلطان	In a circle with arabesques outside بن نصرتشاء بن حسين شاه السلطان حسين خلد الله ملكة و سلطانة
				Rf. J.A.S.B., XLII, p. 298, No. 10.	A.S.B. Pl.
221	-	939	Wt. 154 S. 1.03	In a circle Same as No. 220.	In a circle Same as No. 220, but mint not clear.

XLIX

GHIYÁSU-D-DÍN MAḤMÚD SHÁH III

(PARTIAL RULE A. H. 933-939.

A. D. 1526-1532.)

А. н. 939-945.

A. D. 1532-1538.

222	_	933	Wt. 162 S. -95	In a circular area السلطان غياث بن السلطان غياث الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر محمود ابر المظفر محمود الله circle المعمود شاهي	In a circular area شاء السلطان بن حسين شاء الله الله السلطان خلد الله ملكة و سلطانة In the centre in a small circle شاهي بدر A.S.B.
223	_	938	Wt. 167 S. 1.02	Same as No. 222, but date	Same as No. 222.
224	Ḥusen- ábád	939	Wt. 163 S. 1	Same as No. 222, but date 171 Rf. I.M.C., p.149(13426).	Same as No. 222, but mint حسیناباد

M 2

Æ. No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
225	<u>Kh</u> alífat- ábád	942 (%)	Wt. 168 S98	Same as No. 222, but date air, perhaps meant for aer	
226		943	Wt. 164 S95	Same as No. 222, but date	Same as No. 222. A.S.B.
227	Husen- ábád	940	Wt. 162 S. 1-01	In a circle surrounded with arabesques Same as No. 222, but in bolder lettering, and without central circle and date 9°.	with arabesques Same as No. 222, but without central circle and
228		_	Wt. 156 S. 1·1	In a circle in bold let- tering السلطان بن السلطان غياث المنيا و الدين ابو المظفر معمود شاء	In a circle هاه السلطان بن حسين شاه السلطان الحسيني خلد الله ملكه و سلطان

C. THE AFGHÁN SUPREMACY

L

SHAMSU-D-DÍN MUḤAMMAD SHÁH GHÁZÍ

		А. н. 9	60-962.	A. D. 1552-1554.		
229	Arakán	962	Wt. 178.5 S. 1.26	In a square The Kalima. In the margins the names of the Four Companions.	In a square محمد شاء غازی خلد الله ملکه و سلطانه Margin شمس الدنیا و الدین ابو المظفر سنة ۱۲۲ ضرب ارکان	
				Rf. B.M.C., 152, p. 56. I.M.C., p. 150 (8908).	11.	

LI GHIYÁSU-D-DÍN BAHÁDUR SHÁH II

а. н. 962-968.

A. D. 1554-1560.

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
230		964	Wt. 174 S. 1·34	In a square The Kalima. In margins the names of the Four Companions of Muhammad.	In a square بهادر شاء ابن محمد شاء غازی خلد الله ملکه و سلطانه स्री वहादुर साही Margins غیاث الدنیا ۹۲۴ و الدین
				Rf. B.M.C., 155, p. 58.	Pl.
231	Spirace	966	Wt. 174-2 S. 1-3	Same as No. 230. Rf. I.M.C., p. 150 (8909).	Same as No. 230, but date
232		967	Wt. 173 S. 1.25*	Same as No. 230.	Same as No. 230, but date
233		968	Wt. 172 S. 1.24	Same as No. 230.	Same as No. 230, but date

LII GHIYÁSU-D-DÍN JALÁL SHÁH

A. D. 1560-1563.

а. н. 968-971.

234		969	Wt. 176 S. 1·17	In a square The Kalima. In margins the names of the Four Companions of Muhammad.	In a square سلطان جلال الدين محمد شاء غازى خلد الله ملكة Margins غياث * الدنيا ٩٢٩ و الدين ابو المظفر (Margin imperfect.) A.S.B.
2 35	_	970	Wt. 175 S. 1-25	Same as No. 234.	Same as No. 234, but date

LVI DÁÚD SHÁH KARARÁNI

а. н. 980-984.

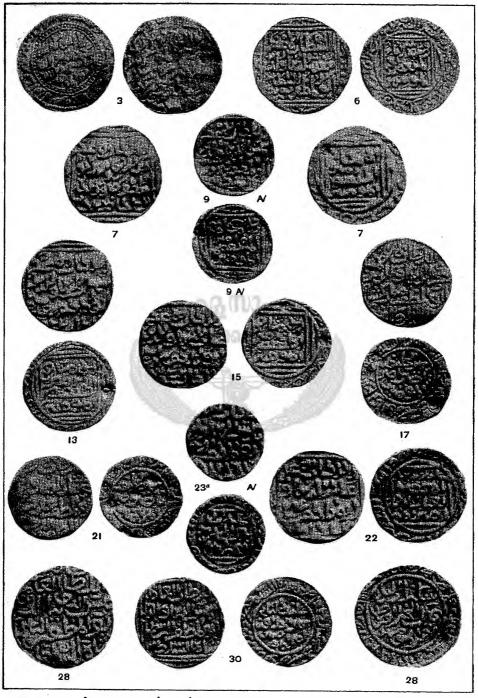
A. D. 1572-1576.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
236	Tánda	980 or 984	Wt. 178 S. 1·15	In a square The Kalima. In the left-hand lower corner #. Margins illegible.	In a square داود شاه سلیمان شاه کررانی خلد الله ملکه و سلطانه نز عام حافظ عام عام عام عام عام عام عام عام عام عام
			28	Rf. B.M.C., 160, p. 59.	A.S.B. Pl.
237	**	981	Wt. 173·6 S. 1·15	Same as No.236,but no H.	Same as No. 236, but date مسنة امرا and swastika.
				Rf. I.M.C., p. 150 (8910).	
238	,,	984	Wt. 176 S. 1.14	Same as No. 237.	Same as No. 236, but date

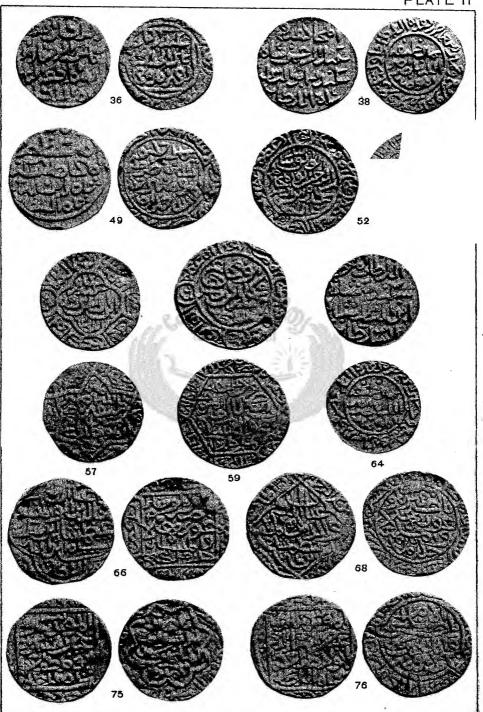
UNIDENTIFIED COINS

239		946 (1)	Wt. 162 S. 1	In a circle divided into six fields (۱) بارنا الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر بار بك (۱) شاه السلطان ابن	In a circle divided : six fields فرمان خلد لله ملکه و سلطانه و سلطانه	into
						Pl.
240		_	Wt. 157 S. •97	Characters on both side unlike Nágrí when turned u		not
	E		v.	difficult resident	phao down.	Pl.

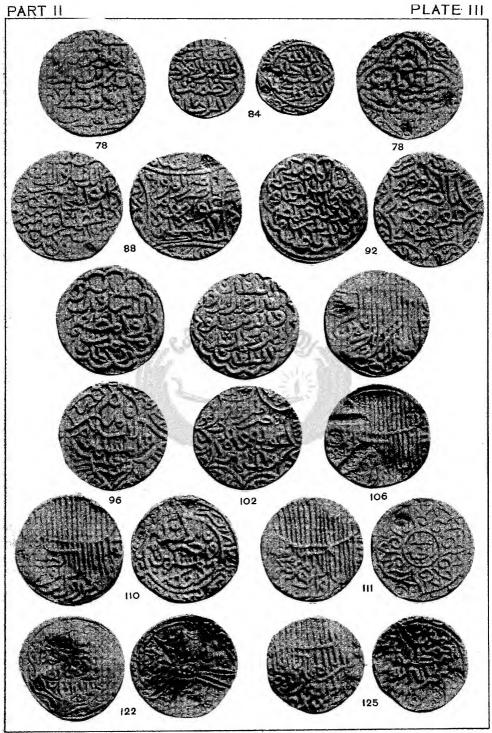
The above two coins were reported on by the Philological Secretary to the Bengal Asiatic Society. (Vide Proceedings A. S. B., 1898, pp. 169-73.)



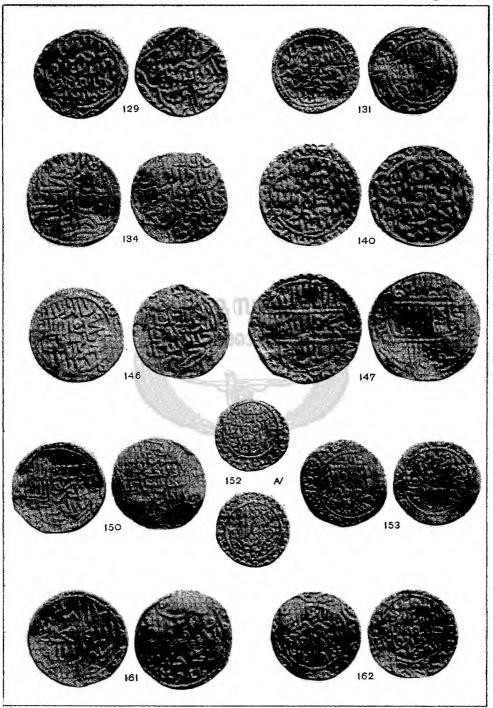
'IWAZ-YÚZBAK-KÁI KÁÚS-FÍRÓZ-BUGHRA-BAHÁDUR-MUBÁRAK-GHÁZI-ALÍ-ILIYÁS



ILIYÁS-SIKANDAR-AZAM



'AZAM—HAMZA—BÁYAŹID—MUḤAMMAD I—MAḤMÚD I



MAHMÚD I-BÁRBAK-YÚSUF-FATH-FÍRÓZ-MAHMÚD II

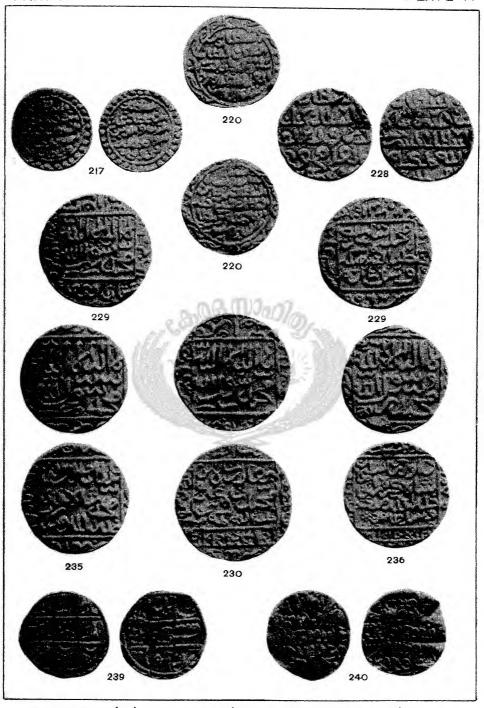
PART II PLATE V



MUZAFFAR-HUSEN-NAŞRAT

PART II

PLATE VI



NASRAT-FÍRÓZ II-MAHMÚD III-MUHAMMAD SÚR-BAHÁDUR II-JALÁL-DÁÚD

SECTION II

CONTEMPORARIES OF THE EARLY SULTÁNS OF DEHLÍ

INTRODUCTION

THE four independent rulers in North-West India and Sind of whom coins are published in this catalogue are—

- 1. Násiru-d-dín Qubácha of Sind.
- 2. Jalálu-d-dín Mang-barní of Khwárizm, son of Muḥammad bin Takash.
 - 3. Saifu-d-dín Al-hasan Qarlagh, general of Jalálu-d-dín.
 - 4. Násiru-d-dín Muhammad, son of Al-hasan Qarlagh.
 - I. Qubácha was appointed governor of Úchh by Muḥammad bin Sám in A.H. 600 (A.D. 1203). In the disturbed times following the death of that prince he assumed independence. His territories included the western part of the Punjáb and Sind. He was frequently obliged to defend them against invasions, and met with varying success. In A.H. 625 (A.D. 1228) he found himself opposed by Altamsh, and was besieged in the fort of Bhakkar. On the capture of this fortress Qubácha drowned himself.

His coinage consisted mainly of small billon pieces, following the weight and devices of what were known as *Dehlwáls*. Only two types are represented in this catalogue, both of which have been noticed in Thomas's *Chronicles*, pp. 100 and 101.

II. Jalálu-d-dín Mang-barní succeeded his father 'Aláu-d-dín Muhammad bin Takash in the government of Khwárizm. The Indian Museum possesses a large number of coins struck by Muhammad, but as they were issued from mints outside India they do not fall within the compass of this catalogue. Jalálu-d-dín driven from Ghazni, which his father had seized, by Changez Khán, retired across the Indus, and from thence into Sind. Here he overpowered Qubácha, but in A.H. 621 (A.D. 1224) set out for Tráq, leaving Uzbeg Pai commandant in his Indian provinces (بلاد الهند).

There is only one type of coin of this ruler in the cabinets of the Indian Museum and Asiatic Society which 184

may be with more or less certainty ascribed to Indian mints. It is the one mentioned by Mr. Thomas in his *Chronicles* on p. 91 (No. 74). No. 75 would appear both from the characters and wording to be a <u>Ghazni</u> issue.

III. Al-hasan Qarlagh was appointed Viceroy of Ghor and Ghazni by Jalálu-d-dín Mang-barní. He seems to have appeared first in India in A.H. 636 (A.D. 1239), and made himself paramount in Sind. He was killed while besieging Multán in A.H. 647 (A.D. 1249).

The weight of his silver coin (No. 12) indicates that it was struck in India. His billon coins also follow the Dehlí pattern.

IV. Muḥammad, son of Al-ḥasan Qarlagh, succeeded his father in Sind in A.H. 647 (A.D. 1249). Little seems to be known about him, but his coins are fairly plentiful, especially those with the rude device of a horse on the obverse and the prince's name in Nágrí on the reverse.

CATALOGUÉ

NÁSIRU-D-DÍN QUBÁCHA

A. H. 600. A. H. 625. A. D. 1203. A. D. 1228.

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
1 2 3	_		Wts. 53–52– 49 S. ⋅6	ناصر ناصر الدنيا و الدين قباچة السلطان	LON Chauhán horseman to right. Underneath, a star. To right स्ती हमीर:
4			Wt. 52 S. •6	As on No. 1.	As on No. 1, but crescent in place of star.
5 6 7	_		Wts. 54·5-54- 51	Bull to left in dotted circle. Around स्रो जुनाचा मुरिताण	Chauhán horseman to right. Around स्ती हमीरः

JALÁLU-D-DÍN OF KHWÁRIZM

A. H. 617-621 A. D. 1220-1224 } In India.

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
8 9 10 11	-		Wts. 53-50·5- 50-48 S. •6	BI Bull to left. On rump, crescent. Around स्री जनानद्ण	Chauhán horseman to right. Traces of 表記 表記 (9) A.S.B. Pl.

SAIFU-D-DÍN AL-HASAN QARLAGH

Driven from Ghazni into India A. H. 636.

A. D. 1239.

Died before Multán

А. н. 647. А. д. 1249.

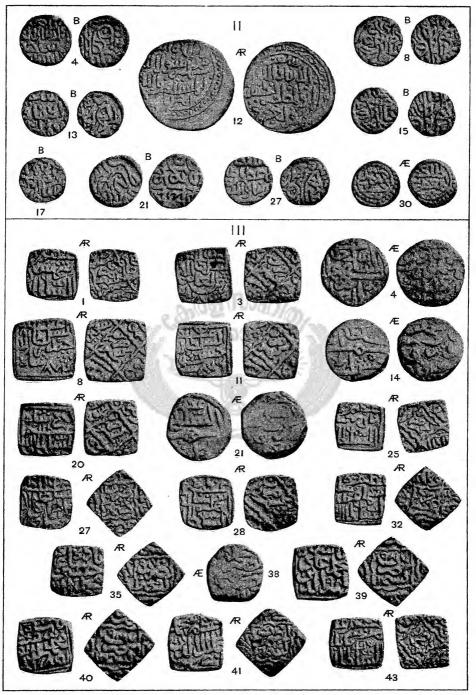
Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				SIL	VER.
12	?	3	Wt. 170 S. 1.1	Within treble circle, the centre one of dots لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله المستصر بالله امير المو (sic)	In circle سيف الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر الحسن قرلغ Margin في شهور سنة ثلث
					Pl.
В				BIL	LON
13 14	-		Wts. 55–53 S. -55	سيف الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر الحسن	Chauhán horseman to right. Traces of 我们表现了 Pl.
Æ				COP	PER
15 16 17 18 19 20			Wts. 58–56 53–50	Bull to left. On rump, crescent. Around स्त्री हसण कर्जक	Chauhan horseman to right. Traces of 表記 表記: (15-16) A.S.B. Pl.

NÁSIRU-D-DÍN MUḤAMMAD QARLAGH

Reigned in Sind from A.H. 647. A.D. 1249. Date of death uncertain.

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
21 22 23 24 25 26			Wts. 56-55- 53 S. •6	BIL Figure of horse to right. Around ناصر الدنيا و الدين	LON स्ती मह मद व रजुव (21-23) A.S.B. Pl.
27	-		Wt. 52 S. •6	السلطان الا عظم ناصر الدنيا و الدين	Chauhán horseman to right. Above عمد حسن To right स्ती स्मीरः A.S.B.
Æ 28			Wt. 48 S. ∙6	ناصر الدنيا و الدنيا و الدين	Pl. PER معمد بن حسن بن حسن قرلغ
29 30	_	-	Wts. 47–45 S55	In circle with outer circle of dots محمد حسن	In circle with outer circle of dots الملك المعظم (30) A.S.B. Pl.

PART II PLATE VII



II. CONTEMPORARIES OF THE EARLY SULTÁNS
III. KASHMÍR

SECTION III

KASHMÍR

								A. H.	A.D.
I.	Shams Sháh							735	1334
II.	Jamshír .							738	1337
III.	'Aláu-d-dín 'Alí S	Sher						740	1339
	Shahábu-d-dín							753	1352
v.	Qutbu-d-dín	•						772	1370
	Sikandar Sháh	•						788	1386
VII.	Amír Khán 'Alí	Sháh						813	1410
	Zainu-l-'ábidín							820	1417
IX.	Haidar Sháh							872	1467
	Hasan Sháh	1	na.	M)3	-00			874	1469
XI.	Muhammad Shah	1 80	04.65		44/	O),		886	1481
			BOIE	gog	(2)	4/3	Ph.	888	1483
	Muhammad (2nd				- 30			898	1492
	Fath Shah (2nd				3	1.51		919	1513
	Muhammad (3rd	-				2		920	1514
	Fath Sháh (3rd	_		W.				923	1517
	Muhammad (4th			96	-130			926	1520
XIII.	Názak Sháh (Ná			s)				934	1527
	Muhammad (5th							937	1530
	Názak Sháh (2n							944	1537
XIV.	Haidar Doghlat			yún)	•		•	948	1541
	Ibráhím Sháh	`.				:		960	1552
XVI.	Ismá'íl Sháh		•					963	1555
XVII.	Habíb (Mahmúd	on c	oins)					964	1556
	Ghází Sháh		. 1				•	967	1559
	Husen Sháh				•			970	1562
	'Alí Sháh .							977	1569
	Yúsuf Sháh							987	1579
	Yáqúb Sháh							995	1586
	Kashmir conque	red b	y Ak	bar		•		995	1586

INTRODUCTION

The chronology of the Salátín-i-Kashmír, given in this volume, has been taken, with two slight modifications, from the former catalogue compiled by Mr. C. J. Rodgers. As remarked by him, however, 'it does not agree with that given in several histories.' Sir Walter Lawrence, for example, who in his *Valley of Kashmír*, 1895 edition, quotes as his authority 'certain vernacular histories', gives the date of accession of Shams Sháh as A. D. 1343 (A. H. 744), and that of Sikandar Sháh as A. D. 1394 (A. H. 797).

The obscurity of the chronology is noticed at length in Mr. Lane-Poole's introduction to the Catalogue of the Coins of Kashmir in the British Museum (pp. xlvii-xlix), and though this was written more than twenty years ago no systematic attempt has yet been made to clear up that obscurity by an examination of the numismatic evidence. Little can be gleaned from the meagre collection here catalogued. Two points, however, may be noticed.

The dates given for the commencement of Yúsuf Sháh's reign are A.D. 1580 (A.H. 988) by Sir Walter Lawrence, and A.D. 1578 (A.H. 986) in the British Museum Catalogue, but coins Nos. 39 and 40 of the present catalogue indicate that Alí Sháh was reigning in A.H. 987 (A.D. 1579), and that Yúsuf Sháh succeeded him in the same year.

Mr. Rodgers quotes 971 as the year of Husen Sháh's accession. Coin No. 35, however, shows that he was reigning in A. H. 970, the year given by Mr. Lane-Poole.

The founder of the line of Sultans was Shah Mirza, who had been general and prime minister of the Hindu Rájá Udáyanadeva. On the latter's death his widow assumed power, but proved no match for Sháh Mirzá, who had himself proclaimed Sultán. His descendants occupied the throne of Kashmír for more than two hundred years. The best known among them are Sikandar Sháh, whose zeal for the faith of Islam earned for him the title of Butshikan or Idol-breaker, and Zainu-l-'abidín, whose 'long reign of fifty-two years is even now quoted by the Kashmírís as the happiest period of their history'.1 After the latter's death the power of his house commenced to decline, and the management of affairs was gradually absorbed by the leading members of a race of Chaks, who seem to have migrated into Kashmír during the Hindu period. Eventually, in A. H. 967 (A. D. 1559), Ghází Khán Chak declared himself king, but his dynasty was not destined to occupy the throne for more than twenty-seven years, for in A. H. 995 (A.D. 1586) Kashmir was annexed by Akbar and became part of the Mughal Empire.

¹ The Valley of Kashmir, p. 191.

کشمیر کشمیر In segments فی شهور ا سنة اثنی ا واربعین ا و ثمانمایة

The Sultans coined in gold, silver, and copper. Their silver coins were square, and weigh about 95 grains. The copper issues were round, and are seldom met with in a good state of preservation. They may be easily identified by the line with a knot or circle in the centre, which bisects the obverse legend. The gold coins are exceedingly scarce. There are none in the collection here catalogued.

CATALOGUE

I SHAMS SHÁH

A. H. 735–738. A. D. 1334–1337. Reverse Reverse	
No. Mint Date and size SILVER 1 Kashmír (१) Wt هغه In lozenge مرب هغه السلطان هغه السلطان In segments, ille	
1 Kashmír (१) Wt عظم عظم 96 S السلطان 65 In lozenge In lozenge In segments, ille	
قرب فرب شهس 96 مرب شهس S. السلطان السلطان In segments, ille	
S السلطان In segments, ille	
-65 In segments, ille	
date.	egible
	Pl.
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	. 1.
VI	
SIKANDAR SHÁH	
А. н. 788-813. А. р. 1386-1410.	
Æ COPPER	
كلا (١) الملكان الأعظم (١) Wt. السلطان الأعظم (١) Wt. السلطان الأعظم (١) Bar and knot. الملكان و في المكتاب المكتاب المكتاب (١) المكتاب المكت	
تسعین و فی Bar and knot.	
سبعماية هكندر شاه S.	A.S.B.
VIII	
ZAINU-L-'ÁBIDÍN	
А. н. 820-872. А. р. 1417-1467.	
R SILVER	
3 Kashmír 842 Wt. السلطان الأعظم In lozenge	

KASHMÍR

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
4 5	Kashmír	851	Wts. 88-82.5 S. .8	COP السلطان الأعظم Bar and knot. زين العابدين	PER ضرب کشمیر فی شهور سنة احدی و خمسین و ثمانمایة Pl.
6 7	Kashmír	_	Wts. 100-97 S. 8	عظم السلطان الأ زين العابدين Above legend, a knot.	In quatrefoil ضرف Outside, scroll-work. (7) A.S.B.

IX ḤAIDAR SHÁH

A. H. 872-874. A. D. 1467-1469. R SILVER							
8 sq.	Kashmír	874	Wt. 92 S. -7	In square السلطان الا عظم السلطان الا عظم المسلطان الا عظم المسلطان الا عظم المسلطان الا عظم المسلطان الا عظم المسلطان الا عظم المسلطان الا عظم المسلطان الا عظم المسلطان الا عظم المسلطان الا عظم المسلطان الا عظم المسلطان الا عظم المسلطان الا عظم المسلطان الا عظم المسلطان			
Æ 9 10	22	,,	Wt. 89 S. -8	و به المسلطان الأعظم الشهير السلطان الأعظم الله عظم الله عظم الله عظم الله عظم الله الله عظم الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل			

X ḤASAN SHÁH

Æ		Α.	н. 874-886.		69–1481.
11 aq.	Kashmír	876	Wt. 93 S. -65	In square السلطان الاعظم حسن حسن ۱۲۷۸ شاة	In lozenge ضرب کشمیر In segments فی شهور سنة ست و سبعین و نمانمایة

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
12	Kashmír	874	Wt. 90 S. -85	COP السلطان الأعظم Bar and knot. حسن شاة	PER ضرب کشمی <i>ر</i> فی شهور سنة و سبعین و شانهایة اربىع و ثمانهایة اربىع
13	"	876	Wt. 73 S. -75	As on No. 12, but circle in place of knot.	As on No. 12, but سنة ست in third line. A.S.B.
14	32	(3)	Wt. 85 S. •75	As on No. 13.	As on No. 12, but date indistinct.

XI MUḤAMMAD SHÁH¹

Æ			256.0	SIL	VER
15	Kashmír	846	Wt.	عظم	In lozenge
. sq.		(sic)	95 S. •6	مجمد أشاة السلطان الا	ضرب کشمیر
			.0	VI _E A	Segments illegible.
Æ					PER
Æ 16	. "	(3)	Wts.	السلطان الأعظم Bar and knot.	ضرب کشمیر
17 18			84–80 S. •75	Bar and knot.	فرب کشمیر فی شهور
19			-75	3 W 143	(19) A.S.B.

XII FATḤ SHÁH¹

R				S	SILVER
20 sq.	Kashmír	(3)	Wt. 95 S. -65	In square فتے شاہ عظم السلطان الا	In lozenge فرب کشمیر In segments فی شهور سنة
					Pl.

¹ Muhammad Shah occupied the throne on five and Fath Shah on three occasions for short periods between the years A.H. 886 and 944 (1481-1537 A.D.).

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
21 22 23 24	Kashmír	(?)	Wts. 84-81- 80 S. .75	COP السلطان الأعظم Bar and knot. فتع شاء	PER ضرب کشمیر فی شهور (24) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.

XIII NÁZAK SHÁH¹ (Nádir on Coins)

A.	1			SI	LVER
25	Kashmír	(1)	Wt.	In square	In lozenge
sq.			95	عظم ه	ضرب
			95 S. •6	نادر ' شا	كشمير
			.6	نادر' شا السلطان [الا]	In segments
			e 8	bing and North	فی شهور استان شهور
			100	അക്കാദരി	
				37/16	Pl,
Æ				CO:	PPER
26	,, (3)	(1)	Wt.	السلطا	Indistinct.
			73	Bar and knot.	
			(worn) S. •75	نادر شاء	A.S.B.

XIV HUMÁYÚN 2 (MUGHAL OF DEHLÍ)

Æ				SI	LVER
27 sq.	Kashmír	95-	Wt. 95 S. .6	عظم السلطان الا محمد همايون غاز <i>ی</i>	In lozenge ضرب کشمیر In segments فی شهور اسنة ۱۰ و خمسین و ۲۰۰۰ مایة ا
					Pl.

 $^{^1\,}$ Názak Sháh reigned twice between a. H. 934 (a. d. 1527) and 948 (a. d. 1541). $^2\,$ Kashmír was governed for Humáyún by Mirzá Haidar Doghlat.

XV IBRÁHÍM SHÁH

а. н. 960-963.

A. D. 1552-1555.

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
28 sq.	Kashmír	(3)	Wt. 95 S. -65	sII عظم : ابراهيم شا السلطان الأ	In lozenge ضرب کشمیر In segments; illegible date.
Æ 29 30 31	[Kashmír]	(1)	Wts. 84-79·5- 78 S. ·65	CO: السلطان [الا عظم] Bar and knot. ابراهيم شاه	Fragmentary legend as on No. 4. (29) A.S.B.

XVI

ISMÁ'ÍL SHÁH A. H. 963-964. A. D. 1555-1556.

A R 32 sq.	Kashmír	(3)	Wt. 95 S. ∙6	عظم ة عظم ة اسماعيل شا السلطان الأ	In lozenge ضرب ضرب In segments; illegible date.
Æ 33 34	[Kashmír]	_	Wts. 83·5- 77·5 S.	السلطان Bar and knot. اسماعیل شاه	Fragmentary. (33) A.S.B.
WR	IGHT				N

KASHMÍR

XIX HUSEN SHÁH

А. н. 970-977. А. р. 1562-1569.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				SI	LVER
3 5 sq.	Kashmír	970	Wt. 95 S. •6	باد شاء غاز <i>ي</i> حسين محمد الدين [نصر]	In lozenge ۹۷۰ ضرب کشمیر In segments; illegible
					date.

Æ		!		CC	PPER
36		"	Wt. 71 S. 8	السلطان Bar and knot. حسين شاء	نهصد و هفتاد
			-8	അക്കാദവ	A.S.B.
37		977	Wt. 72 S. .75	عازی Bar and knot.	نېمىد و ھفتاد و ھفت
38		_	Wt. 78·5 S. ·75	نصر نصر Bar and knot. حسین شاہ	Obliterated.

$\mathbf{X}\mathbf{X}$

А. н. 977-987.

MUHAMMAD 'ALÍ

A. D. 1569-1579.

Æ			1	SI	LVER
39 sq.	Kashmír	987	Wt. 95 S. •65	باد شاه محمد علی ۱۹۰ (sic) ظهیر الدین	In area ۱۸۷ فرب کشیر In margins
					Pl.

XXI MUḤAMMAD YÚSUF

А. н. 987-995.

A.D. 1579-1586.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
40 sq.	Kashmír	987	Wt. 95 S. -65	s: باد شاء محمد يوسف نصر الدين	ILVER In area As on No. 39. In margins في سنة نهمد و هفتاد و هفت
Æ 41			Wt. 71 S. .6	 Bar and knot, محمد يوسف	OPPER Illegible.

AKBAR (Mughal of Dehlí)

А. н. 995.

D. 1586.

Æ				SI	LVER
42 sq.	Kashmír	(?)	Wt. 94 S. •65	اعظم محمد جلال الدين اكبر	In area ضرب کشمیر کشمیر In margin فی شهور ا

UNASSIGNED

Æ			1	SII	VER
43 sq.	39	842 (%)	Wt. 95 S. ·6	عظم غا (?) مزىر بابل (?) السلطان	In lozenge ضرب کشمیر In segments
The second secon					فی شهور سنة اثنی واربعین Pl.

N 2

SECTION IV BAHMANÍS OF KULBARGA

	•							A. H.	A.D.
I.	Hasan Gangú		•					748	1347
	Muhammad Sháh	I	•					759	1358
	Mujáhid Sháh							776	1375
	Dáúd Sháh .							780	1378
	Muhammad Sháh	II	0.0	117.	07			780	1378
	Ghiyásu-d-dín	Shin	27.0		440	1	:	799	1397
	Shamsu-d-dín	(3)	0.46	nicia	N E	739		799	1397
VIII.	Fíroz Sháh .				Sul	. Ni		800	1397
	Ahmad Sháh I		ŵ.		31	- 1		825	1422
X.	Ahmad Sháh II		4		•			838	1435
XI.	Humáyún Sháh		105		- 3		7	862	1457
	Nizám Sháh		. 4	324		1		865	1461
XIII.	Muhammad Sháh	III	5					867	1463
XIV.	Mahmud Sháh							887	1482
XV.	Ahmad Sháh III							924	1518
XVI.	'Aláu-d-dín .							927	1520
XVII.	Walí-ullah Sháh			•	•	•		929	1522
XVIII.	Kalim-ullah Sháh	ì.		•				932	1525

INTRODUCTION

In the closing years of the reign of Muḥammad bin Tughlaq of Dehlí, Ḥasan Gangú, who from the humble position of a brahman's servant had risen in the Emperor's service to high command with the title of Zafar Khán, seized the opportunity of a failing monarchy to found a kingdom south of the Taptí. He assumed royal power in A. H. 748 (1347 A. D.). There were eighteen kings of his line, and at the period of the greatest prosperity, in the reign of Muḥammad Sháh III (A. H. 867–887), the kingdom extended from Berár in the north to the borders of Mysore on the south and from sea to sea on the east and west.

Its capital was Kulbarga or Ahsanábád, by which latter name it is known on the coins. Later on the seat of government was transferred to Bidar, the Muḥammadábád of the coins, a town founded by Ahmad Sháh I.

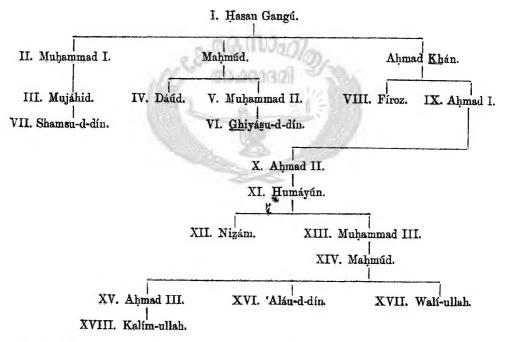
The history of the Bahmani dynasty may be found in a paper by Mr. James Gibbs in the *Numismatic Chronicle* of 1881, and in a supplementary notice by Dr. O. Codrington in the same journal of 1898. It was on the whole a peaceful one, the principal interruptions consisting of attacks on, or repulses of, the neighbouring Hindu Rajás of Warangol and Bíjánagar. These were generally successful, and tribute was exacted as the penalty of defeat. Quarrels with Málwa and Gujarát were followed with less decisive results and more varying success.

With the death of Muḥammad III and his able minister Maḥmúd Gáwan the prestige of the Bahmaní dynasty began to diminish, and in the remaining forty years before its extinction in the person of Kalím-ullah Sháh, A.H. 932 (A.D. 1525), Bíjápúr, Juner, Berár, and Golconda threw off the Bahmaní yoke and became independent states.

The number of coins of this series in the present collection, while showing an advance on those catalogued in 1893, is still very meagre—forty only, of which three are gold. With the exception perhaps of the silver coins of Fíroz Sháh and the silver and copper issues of Aḥmad Sháh II, the coins of the Bahmaní kings are scarce—particularly those in gold. The founder of the dynasty appears to have taken for his model the coins of 'Aláu-d-dín Muḥammad of Dehlí. His successors, however, struck out a distinctive line of their own, though a gold coin of Fíroz, figured by Mr. Gibbs, bears a close resemblance to a type of

Muḥammad bin Tughlaq both in its appearance and in its weight of 195 grains. As a rule both gold and silver coins weighed about 170 grains—more often a little under than over. The first two kings also struck small silver coins weighing from 15 to 26 grains. The copper currency appears to have followed no fixed standard, for the weights vary promiseuously from 255 grains down to 27 grains.

The coins of the Bahmanis are chiefly remarkable for the variety of the titles which they show the reigning prince to have assumed. The present collection contains no specimens that have not been described by Mr. Gibbs or Dr. Codrington.



Note.—The genealogy of the first nine kings is as given in Dr. Codrington's paper in the Numismatic Chrynicle, 1898, where the evidence in favour of it is discussed.

CATALOGUE

II MUHAMMAD SHÁH I

А. н. 759-776.

A.D. 1358-1375.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
					VER.
Ţ	Ahsan- ábád	775	Wt. 165 S. 1	سلطان العهد و الزمان حامی ملّة رسول الرحمن	In square ابو المظفر محمد شاء بن بهمن شاء السلطان بهمن شاء Top بعضرت Right احسناباد Bottom

V

MUHAMMAD SHÁH II

		А. Н	. 780-799.	A. D. 137	78-1397.	
AR		1			ILVER	
2	(3)	791	Wt. 164 S. 1·1	الناصر لدين الديان الحامي لاهل الايمان	In square الواثق بتائيد الرحمن ابو المظفر معمد شاء السلطان Margin Bottom ۷۹۱	
1						Pl.

VIII FÍROZ SHÁH

A.D. 1397-1422.

AR				SIL	VER
8	Ahsan- ábád	803	Wt. 165 S. 1	سلطان العهد و الزمان الواثق بتأكيد الرحمن ابو المظفر	In square تاج الدنيا و الدين فيروز شاء السلطان Margins Right احسناباد Bottom

а. н. 800-825.

BAHMANÍS OF KULBARGA

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse	
4	Aḥsan- ábád	805	Wt. 169	As on No. 3.	As on No. 3. Margin Bottom	
						A.S.B
5	33	812	Wt. 169 S. 1·1	93	Margins '' Left فرب Top العضرت Right احسنایاد Bottom ۸۱۲,	
						A.S.B
8	"	814	Wt. 169	,,	7) A I I [®]	
				nG (TU)-02_		A.S.B
7	ņ	815	Wt. 169-5	അക്കാദവ), A10	
			III 1	3/4/	2	A.S.B
8	22	816	Wt. 170-5		,, 611	
						A.S.B
9	93	817	Wt. 166	3)	3) A [V	
10	99	819	Wt. 168.5	"	,, 619	
					, and the second	A.S.B
11	99	822	Wt. 167	,,	,, APP	
					211	A.S.B.
12	"	823	,,	29	,, arr	
					,,,,	A.S.B
13	**	825	Wt. 168	"	» Are	
						A.S.B.

 \mathbf{IX} AHMAD SHÁH I

А. н. 825-838. А. д. 1422-1435.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
14 15		(1)	Wts. 117–116 S. .75	المويد بنصر الله الملك الحنان (؟)	ابو المغازى احمد شاء السلطان
16		837	Wt. 79 S. ⋅65	المنصور بنصر الله المثنان	ابو المغاز <i>ى</i> احمد شاه السلطان ۸۳۷
17		_	Wt. 73	DOG MILLONG	,, A.S.B.

AḤMAD SHÁH II

д. н. 838-862.

A. D. 1435-1457.

N	}				DLD
18	_	855	Wt. 169-5 S. 8	سلطان القوى الاسلام مع الفضل و العدل و الاحسان	ابو المظفر علا الدين الدين الدين الحمد شاة بن احمد شاة السلطان المعتونة ال
					P1.
AR 19	Muḥam- madábád (१)	859	Wt. 171 S. 1·1	السلطان الحليم الكريم الرؤف على عباد الله	In square As on No. 18, but الولى in place of البهمنى Margins Right محمداباد (?)

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
20			Wt. 165	As on No. 19, but last line الغنى المهيمن	As on No. 19. Margins Left ضرب Top
Æ				COP	
21	Tradesia.		Wt. 241 S. •85	المستوثق بالله للحنان (?) المنّـان الغنى	سلطان احمد شاء بن احمد بن لحسن البهمنی
22			Wt. 151 S. •7	In circle المتوكّل على الله الغني Margin deleted.	احمد شاه بن احمد شاه الولى البهمنى
23		841	Wt. 113 S. -65	الواثق بتائيد الملك لاله (sic) ابو المظفر	احمد شاء بن احمد شاء بهمنی ۱۹۲۸
24	-	845	Wt. 121	29	,, afo A.S.B.
25	state	846	Wt. 122 S. 7	91	,, ,,
26		848	Wt. 123	27	γ, ΑΥ ⁶ Α
27	-	(3)	Wt. 124	2)	A.S.B. No date visible. A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
28	-	84-	Wt. 105	As on No. 23.	As on No. 23. AP- A.S.B. Pl.
29	_	841 9	Wt. 82 S. •6	بالله المستنصر الغنى ابو المظفر	احمد شاء بن احمد شاء البهمتی (۱) اعم
30 31	_	(3)	Wts. 71-63	1)	A.S.B. No date visible. A.S.B.

XI HUMÁYÚN SHÁH

A .	Ħ.	2	62-	.8	65	

A.D. 1457-1460.

R				8I	LVER
32	Muham- madábád (†)	863	Wt. 169 S. 1	المتوكل على الله القوى الغنى ابو المغازى	In square علا الدنيا و الدين همايون هشا (sic) بن احمد شاة بن احمد شاء الولى البهمنى Margins Right (١)
Æ 33	-	_	Wt. 113 S. -7	المتوكل على كرم الله 	PPER AND PPER AND AND PPER AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN
					A.S.B.

XIII MUḤAMMAD BIN HUMÁYÚN

А. н. 867-887.

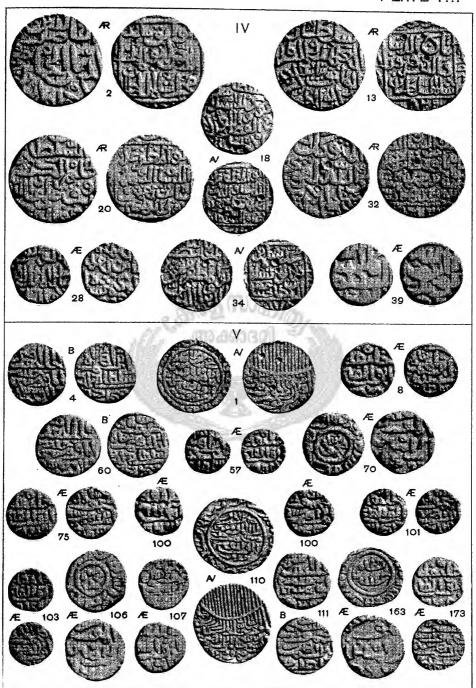
A. D. 1463-1482.

No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
					GOLD
34	Muḥam- madábád	878	Wt. 169 S. ⋅85	بالله المعتصم ابو المظفر شمس الدنيا و الدين	In square محمد شاء بن همايونشاء السلطان خلد ملكه Margins Right محمداباد Bottom ۸۷۸
7 D					
Æ	(0)				LVER
35	(1)	874 ?	Wt. 170 S. •95	As on No. 34.	As on No. 34. Margins Top حضرت Bottom ۸۷۴ ?
Æ			HE C	CC	PPER
36		87-	Wt. 148 S. .75	بالله المعتصم شمس الدنيا و الدين	محمد شاه بن همایونشاه السلطان ۲۰۰۰۰

XIV MAḤMÚD BIN MUḤAMMAD

		A.	н. 887-92	4. A. D. 148:	2–1518.
N			,		GOLD
37	Muḥam- madábád	(3)	Wt. 170 S. •9	المتوكل على الله القوى الغنى السلطان الا عظم	In square ابو المغازي محمود شاه بن محمد شاه الولى البهمني Margin Right
AR 38	(1)	8991	Wt. 169 S. •95	As on No. 37.	As on No. 37. Bottom margin A11? Other margins gone. A.S.B.

PART II PLATE VIII



IV. BAHMANÍS OF KULBARGA V. JAUNPÚR

XVIII KALÍM-ULLAH SHÁĦ

а. н. 932.

A. D. 1525.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
39	_		Wt. 170 S.	. (COP الله بنصر المويد	PER کلیم الله السلطان البهمنی
			.7		A.S.B. Pl.
40			Wt. 123 S. -65	مر, adding below الغنى	" A.S.B.

SECTION V JAUNPÚR

					A. H.	A. D.
I.	Khwájah-i-Jahán	•	•		796	1394
II.	Mubárak Sháh (adopted son of	I)			802	1399
III.	Ibráhím Sháh (brother of II)				803	1400
ĮV.	Mahmúd Sháh (son of III)				844	1440
V.	Muḥammad Sháh (son of IV)				861	1456
VI.	Husen Sháh (son of IV) .				863	1458
	Dethroned by Bahlol Lodí				881	1476

INTRODUCTION

THE founder of the Jaunpur dynasty was the eunuch Khwajah-i-Jahán, vazír of Sultán Mahmúd II of Dehlí. In A. H. 796 (A. D. 1394) he had been appointed governor of the eastern provinces of the Dehlí Empire, with the title of Maliku-sh-Sharq, and before his death in A. H. 802 (A. D. 1400) had by vigorous methods established his supremacy over Gorakhpúr to the north, and Tirhút and Bihár to the east. Taking advantage of the anarchy reigning at the capital he proclaimed his independence, but does not appear to have coined money in his own name. He left the throne to an adopted son Mubárak Sháh, but this prince died in the following year, and was succeeded by his brother The latter's reign extended over forty years, and Ibráhím Sháh. was on the whole a peaceful one. During it the city of Jaunpur was beautified by the construction of the Atála and other mosques, which exhibit to this day the finer features of the so-called 'Sharqi' From time to time ambitious designs drove Ibráhím to contemplate the subjection of Dehli, and on one occasion he advanced as far as the banks of the Jamná opposite the capital. however, forced to retire in consequence of the invasion of his own kingdom, and Qanauj may be considered the westernmost limit of the Sharqí influence. Ibráhím Sháh coined money in gold, silver, billon, and copper. The silver coins and the copper issues of his earlier years are seldom met with. The earliest of the latter in this catalogue is dated A. H. 818 (A. D. 1416), but in the cabinet of the British Museum is one of A. H. 803, the first year of the reign. The gold coinage, of which more than one type is known, is also scarce.

Ibráhím was succeeded in A. H. 844 (A. D. 1440) by his son Mahmúd, whose reign was marked by expeditions against Kálpí, Chunár, Orissa, Mahmud's coins are known in gold, silver, billon, and finally Dehlí. and copper, but those of silver are exceedingly scarce, and the gold are uncommon. The date of Mahmud's death is not free from obscurity as remarked by Mr. Lane-Poole in his introduction to the British Museum Catalogue (Muhammadan States, p. 1). An inscription at Dháka has been found bearing Mahmúd's name with the date A. H. 863, and General Cunningham informed Mr. Thomas (Pathán Kings, p. 323) that coins were known of A. H. 862 and 863. Against this is the negative evidence that neither in the cabinets of the Indian Museum and Asiatic Society nor in the published catalogues of the British and Láhore Museums are any coins of Mahmúd bearing date later than A. H. 861, that coins of his son Muhammad are found with the dates A.H. 861, 862, and 863, and that coins of Husen Shah are also known (vide No. 111 of this catalogue) of A. H. 862. It has been suggested that Mahmúd permitted Muhammad to issue coins in his own name during the last three years of his reign, but apart from the inherent improbability of this the existence of the date A.H. 862 on a coin of Husen Sháh would seem to be opposed to that theory. On the assumption of Mahmud's death in A. H. 861 the early date on Husen's coin would be intelligible, for there can be little doubt that Muhammad's claims to the throne were not accepted submissively, and Husen had assumed the regal state before his brother's death. Coin No. 100 of Mahmud, dated A. H. 865, must be regarded as a posthumous issue.

Much of Husen Sháh's reign was occupied by expeditions against or resistance to attacks by Bahlol Lodí. After meeting with some initial success he found the Dehlí monarch too strong, and was finally defeated and deprived of his throne in A. H. 881 (A. D. 1476). After ineffectual attempts to recover his kingdom, he died in Bengal in A. H. 905, but coins bearing his name were struck as late as A. H. 910. Bahlol Lodí also issued coins from the Jaunpúr mint between A. H. 888 and 894, and coins bearing the name of his son Bárbak, who was appointed governor of Jaunpúr, are also found. These latter are, however, not represented in this collection, and the former find a more fitting place with the Dehlí series.

CATALOGUE

III

IBRÁHÍM SHÁH

а. н. 803-844.

A.D. 1400-1440.

No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
1		841	Wt. 172 S. -85	GO: In circle في زمن الامام ناثب (sic) امير المومنين الو الفتع خلا خلافته	LD In Tughra الواثق بتائيد الرحمن ابو المظفر ابراهيم شاء السلطان
The second section with a second section beautiful to the second section secti			, e.8	هاوید Margin ضربت (8i0) هذا الدینار فی سنة احدی اربعین و ثمانمایة	Pl.
B 2	-	827	Wt. 143	BILI لخليفه امير المومنين خلدت	
			S. •7	خلافته ۱۸۲۷	ابراهیم شاه سلطانی خلدت مملکته
8		829	Wt. 142	yra yra	" A.S.B.
4		832	Wt. 145	" ""	,, Pl.
5		836	Wt. 137	" ۲۳۸	"
6		838	3 3	,, ^L^	
7	_	839	Wt. 145	or Amil	,, A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				COPPE	
8	_	818	Wt. 69	خليفة ابو الفتح ١٨٥	ابراهیم شاه سلطانی
			S.	ابو الفتح	سلطانے
			-6	^!^	I
9		819	Wt.	1)	"
			67.5	A19	A.S.
10		821	Wt.	,,	"
1			68	^F1	(11) A.S.
.2	_	822	Wt.	n	"
			71.5	OF UNIDA	A.S.
3	_	823	Wt.	(610/2610(312))	,,
4			65	- 1 - ATE - 1	(13) A.S.
5	-	824	Wt.		,,
.6			70	ALIE	(16) A.S.
.7		825	Wt.	,,	,,
.8			69	۸۲٥	(18) A.S.
		826	Wt.		
19		820	64	,, ATA	" (20) A.S.
					(20) 11.0.
12		827	Wt. 70	,, ^rv	37
					(22) A.S.
23	_	828	Wt. 65	», APA	27
1					(24) A.S

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
25 26		829	Wt. 64·5	As on No. 8, but	As on No. 8. (26) A.S.B.
27 28	. —	830	Wt. 70	», ^r-	" (28) A.S.B.
29 30		831	Wt. 69	۵۳۱	,, (30) A.S.B.
31 32	concern	832	Wt. 72)) APT	,, (32) A.S.B.
33 34	-	833	Wt. 67	APP OF THE PARTY O	,, (34) A.S.B.
35 36	_	834	Wt. 70	APP	,, (36) A.S.B.
37		835	33	,, aro	,, A.S.B.
38 39	_	836	Wt. 70·5	,, ,,	,, (39) A.S.B.
40 41		837	Wt. 67·5	,, APY	,, (41) A.S.B.
42 43		838	Wt. 69	., ara	,, (43) A.S.B.
44 45		839	Wt. 70	,, ,,,	,, (45) A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
46 47		840	Wt. 71·5	As on No. 8, but	As on No. 8.
					(47) A.S.B.
48	-	841	Wt. 72.5	٧٦.	,,
					A.S.B.
49 50		842	Wt. 71∙5	;, ላ ም ና	,,
					(50) A.S.B.
51 52	provide-40	843	Wt. 72	,, Alek	>>
					(52) A.S.B.
53	_	844	Wt. 68	Viele	"
			della	അക്കാദവ	A.S.B.
54		_	Wt. 60	As on No. 2, but no date.	As on No. 2 (slightly corroded).
			S. •65		A.S.B.
55	_	827	Wt. 32 S. .5	,, afy	22
56	20.77	828	Wt. 30)) AFA	"
57 58		841	Wts. 33 32	21 A# ["
59		843	Wt. 32	>> ∧۴۳	"

IV MAḤMÚD SHÁH

а. н. 844-863 (?).

A. D. 1440-1458 (?).

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
60		844	Wt. 142 S. .75	المالكا الخليفة امير المومنين خلدت خلافته ۱۴۴۴	ON محمود شاہ ابراھیم شاہ سلطانے خلدت مملکتہ
					Pl.
61		845	Wt. 139.5	», vk¢	,, A.S.B.
62	_	846	Wt. 146	അക്കാദുവി ^P4	" <i>A.S.B</i> .
63		847	Wt. 140	., V ₆ ∧	33
64	processor.	848	>>	33 APA	" A.S.B.
65		850	Wt. 145	,, ,,	"
66		854	Wt. 145 S. •7	A O P	,, A,S.B.
66 (a)		_	Wt. 56.5 S. .6	"	" A.S.B.
66 (b)	_		Wt. 45 S. •6	,,,	"

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
67	and the second s	850	Wt. 144 S. .7	COPPE In circle محمود شاة Margin بن ابراهيم شاة سلطان	المومنين نائب امير مه
68		852	Wt. 145	37	,,
69		853	33	"	1) AO[**
70		854	Wt. 146	23	,, ^op Pl.
71	-	856	Wt. 150	one monor	,, ^01
72 78		844	Wt. 70 S. .6	خليفة ابو الفتح ۱۴۴	محمود شاہ ابراهیم شاہ سلطانے
					(73) A.S.B
74 75		845	Wt. 70	V _{le} o	" (75) <i>A.S.B</i> Pl
76 77		846	Wt. 71.5	,,, ∧1 ₆ 1	" (77) A.S.B
78 79		847	Wt. 71), ^[ev	" (79) <i>A.S.B</i>
80 81	_	848	Wt. 73)) AteA	" (81) <i>A.S.E</i>
82	_	849	Wt. 71	2)2 A)6 9	" A.S.E

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
83 84		850	Wt. 76	As on No. 72, but	As on No. 72.
					(84) A.S.B
85	_	851	Wt. 71	31 A © I	,,,
***					A.S.B
86 87		852	Wt. 73	,, ^or	"
					(87) A.S.B
88 89		853	Wt. 75	,, 40**	23
8			75	701	(89) A.S.B
90	-	854	"	03 W2072	>>
91			188	(B) 4613(3)	(91) A.S.B
92		855	Wt.	3/4/1	
02		833	72	,, ,,00	" A.Ŝ,B
93		856	$\mathbf{Wt}.$		
00		850	74·5	,, LOV	"
					A.S.B
94 95		858	Wt. 75·5	,,	"
					(95) A.S.B
96		859	Wt.	,,	3 2
			68	POA	A.S.B
97		860	Wt.		
1		800	73.5	,, , LV	,,
					A.S.B
98 99		861	Wt. 73	,, A11	**
					(99) A.S.B

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
100		865(!)	Wt. 75.5	As on No. 72, but	As on No. 72. A.S.B. Pl.
101 102	۵		Wts. 60 57 S55	" but in place of date خلد خلافته	,, A.S.B. Pl.
103		848	Wt. 35 S. -55	As on No. 72, but	Pl.
104		852	Wt. 30	,, ,,	,,
105	_	853	162	@0.460?"]	,,

37

MUḤAMMAD SHÁH (Joint King)

а. н. 861-863.

A.D. 1456-1458.

Æ		1		COP	PER
106	_	862	Wt. 141 S. •7	In circle محمد شاه Margin بن محمود شاه بن ابراهیم شاه سلطانے	المومنين نائب امير ۸۲۲
					Pl.
107 108 109		,,	Wt. 69 S.	خليفة ابو الفتح ٨٢٢	محمد شاه بن محمود شاه بن ابراهیم شاه سلطانے
					(107) A.S.B. Pl.

VI ḤUSEN SHÁH

а. н. 863-881.

A. D. 1458-1476.

X No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
110	_	(1)	Wt. 184 S. •9	GO In circle في زمن الأمام امير المومنين ابو الفتي خلدت خلافته Margin illegible.	LD In Tughra الموميد بتائيد الله ابو المظفر حسين شاة محمود شاة ابراهيم شاة
B 111	-	862 (!)	Wt. 151·5 S. ·7	BIL الخليفة امير المومنين خلدت خلافتة ۸۲۲	LON المحمود شاه بن مجمود شاه بن ابراهیم شاه سلطانے خلدت مملکته
112		865	Wt. 144·5	.;; ATO	7.D.D. Pl.
113 114	- Charles	866	Wt. 143	,, ATA	" (114) A.S.B.
115		870	Wt. 149), AV.	", A.S.B.
116	gany na	871	Wt. 141	,, AV!	,, A.S.B.
117		872	Wt. 150	,, ^vr	"
118 119	-	874	Wt. 148	Avte 33	" (119) A.S.B.

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
120 121		875	Wt. 142	As on No. 111, but	As on No. 111.
					(121) A.S.B
122		876	Wt.	,,) ;
			150	FVA	$A_{i}S.B$
123 124		877	,,	,, AVV	**
147					(124) A.S.B
125		878	Wt. 152	,, AYA	59
					A.S.B.
126 127	*********	879	Wt. 154	m(G-111) 2"107-	**
			200	അക്കാദമി 🦭	(127) A.S.B
128 129	_	880	Wt. 156	,,	,,
120					A.S.B.
130 131	-	881	Wt. 157·5	39 AA	27
					(131) A.S.B
132 133		882	Wt. 156	» AAT	37
					(133) A.S.B
134	***************************************	883	Wt. 162.5	,, AAT	**
135		884	Wt. 157	27 AAP	23

136	-	885	Wt. 155	440	" A.S.B
					A.J. 10
137	, -	887	Wt. 151	,, AAY	23
					(137) A.S.B

JAUNPÚR

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
139		892	Wt. 152	As on No. 111, but	As on No. 111.
140 141	_	896	Wt. 156	,,, 1,1	" (140) A.S.B.
142		897	Wt. 151	,, A % v	,, A.S.B.
143 144		898	Wt. 155	,, , 9 A	,, (144) A.S.B.
145 146		899	Wt. 158	,,, A11	,, (146) A.S.B.
147		900	Wt. 142	അക്കാദവ	,, A.S.B.
148		901	Wt. 158	9.1	,, A.S.B.
149	_	902	Wt. 145	" •••	,, A.S.B.
150 151		903	Wt. 156	9.jr	" (151) A.S.B.
152	_	904	Wt. 153	o4. b	,, A.S.B.
153	_	906	Wt. 140	,,, 9.4 Posthumous.	1)
154		907	Wt. 153	" 1.v	,, A.S.B.

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
155 156		910	Wt. 152·5	As on No. 111, but	As on No. 111.
					(156) A.S.B.
157 158 159 160			Wts. 55 53 55 55 55 6	but no date, "	,, (159, 160) <i>A.S.B</i> .
Æ				COP	PER
161 162	_	866	Wt. 144 S. -7	In circle هاه حسين شاه Margin بن محمود شاه بن ابراهيم شاه سلطاني	المومنيين
			08	شاة سلطاني	(158) A.S.B.
163		867	Wt. 147	അക്കാദ്യവി	," Pl.
164	 .	868	Wt. 150	Ü	," A.S.B.
165		885	Wt. 152	,,	" ^^0
166		887	Wt. 151	23	" ************************************
167 168		862(1)	Wt. 71 S. •6	خليفة ابو الفتح ١٩٢٦	As on No. 111, omitting the last two words.
169	-	864(%)	Wt. 69	V.z.k. š	" A.S.B.
170		865	Wt. 67	,, A10	"
171	-	866	Wt. 70	,, ATT),

JAUNPÚR

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
172		867	Wt. 65	As on No. 167, but	As on No. 167.
173		868	Wt. 75	" ^Y^	,, A.S.B. Pl.
174	_	885	Wt. 75	,, AAO	,,
175 176		887	Wt. 70	,, ^^ V	,, (176) A.S.B.



SECTION VI

GUJARÁT

								A. H.	A. D.
I.	Muḥammad I (T	átár I	$\mathbf{X}\mathbf{han}$	•	•			806	1403
11.	Muzaffar I (Zafa	r Khá	in) .	•	•		•	810	1407
III.	Aḥmad I	•						813	1410
IV.	Muhammad II.		•	•		•		846	1443
V.	Aḥmad II .		•					855	1451
VI.	Dáúd,		•	•			,	863	1458
VII.	Maḥmúd I .		•					863	1458
VIII.	Muzaffar II .		•					917	1511
IX.	Sikandar .		•					932	1525
\mathbf{X} .	Maḥmúd II .							932	1525
XI.	Bahádur							932	1526
XII.	Muḥammad III	•	mOLI]	117.	10			943	1536
XIII.	Mahmúd III .	2 Br	man	POQ	440			943	1536
XIV.	Ahmad III	10	ma.ac	19/20	4	x_{3a}		961	1553
XV.	Muzaffar III .		1000000	COCYMIN	201	- 100		969	1561
	Gujarát conquer	ed by	Akbar		=1	- 10		980	1572
	CA THE	I The same				 India 			

INTRODUCTION

GUJARÁT threw off the Dehlí yoke in A. H. 806 (A. D. 1403) during the reign of Maḥmúd, the grandson of Fíroz Tughlaq, and remained independent for a century and three-quarters when it was subdued by Akbar.

The history of this period has been succinctly related by the Rev. G. P. Taylor, D.D. of Ahmadábád in an admirable paper contributed to the Journal of the Bombay branch of the Royal Asiatic Society in 1902. This work with its list of coins illustrative of the most extensive series of Gujarát issues hitherto collected by any private individual, has been for the purposes of this catalogue, as it must be for any study of Gujarát numismatics, a source of constant reference and help.

Appointed Governor of the province in A. H. 794 (A. D. 1391) Zafar Khan appeared to have none of the ambition which prompted the rulers of so many of the outlying provinces of the Dehlí Empire to

break off from the parent stock. His son Tátár Khán, however, was more impatient, and imprisoning his father assumed royal rank. reigned only two months, but is said to have struck coins though none has hitherto been found. On his death Zafar Khán regained the governorship, and in A. H. 810 (A. D. 1407) declared his independence. In his case also no numismatic evidence of kingship is available. Indeed the earliest dated coin of the Gujarát series appears to be the one of A.H. 828, illustrated in Thomas's Chronicles, p. 352, issued by Zafar Khán's grandson and successor Ahmad I, founder of Ahmadábád and Ahmadnagar. This king and Mahmud I who reigned for fiftyfour years, from A. H. 863-917 (A. D. 1458-1511), were the two most striking characters of the Gujarát line. Ahmad Sháh extended his influence both to the west as far as the sea and to the north in the direction of Idar (Ahmadnagar). He also invaded the neighbouring state of Málwa. Mahmúd's reign marks the zenith of the prosperity of Gujarát as an independent kingdom. Mahmúd appears to have been successful both as a general and an administrator. He reduced the forts of Girnár in Káthiáwár and Chámpánír near Baroda, and founded in their place the towns of Mustafábád and Muhammadábád in which he established mints.

During the last sixty years of the dynasty the throne was occupied by eight kings. Of these Bahádur, Mahmúd's grandson, alone appears to have shown any spirit. In A. H. 937 (A. D. 1530) he invaded Málwa and captured the fort of Mandú. For four years Málwa remained a dependency of Gujarát, and coins of the Málwa type were struck in Bahádur's name. He also carried his arms into Mewar and stormed Chitor, but in A. H. 941 he found himself opposed by the Emperor Humáyún of Dehlí, and, defeated at Mandisor, was obliged to fly for protection to the Portuguese at Diú. With their help he managed to drive out the Mughals from Gujarát, and was settling down to the peaceful occupation of his kingdom when he was treacherously murdered on a visit to the Portuguese at Díú at the early age of thirty-one. On his death the power virtually passed into the hands At length in A.H. 980 (A.D. 1572) the of ambitious ministers. Emperor Akbar, at the invitation of one of the principal nobles, Itimád Khán, invaded Gujarát, and capturing Ahmadábád took the king Muzaffar III back to Agra as a prisoner. Thus ended the dynasty of Zafar Khán and the existence of Gujarát as an independent state. In A. H. 991 Muzaffar succeeded in regaining his kingdom, only however to lose it again in five months, and after vain efforts for some years to drive out the Mughals he was betrayed and ended a miserable existence by suicide.

The Gujarát kings struck coins in gold, silver, billon, and copper.

In 1893 the Indian Museum possessed only twenty-two coins of the Gujarát series, of which two were gold and one silver. As indicated by Dr. Taylor the assignment of several of these has required modification. One hundred and twenty coins are described in the present catalogue. Of these three are of gold and fifty-eight of silver, the remainder being copper. The collection contains coins of nine kings, but it cannot be said to be as representative as might have been expected, and the copper coins are for the most part in poor condition. There are no specimens of the billon currency.

The names of five mint towns have been found on Gujarát coins, viz. Aḥmadabád, Aḥmadnagar (Ídar), Muṣtafabád (Girnár), Muḥammadabád alias Chámpánír, and Khánpúr. Of these only Chámpánír is here represented by more than one coin, while the reading on the specimens attributed to Aḥmadnagar and Aḥmadábád is not beyond doubt. Perhaps the most interesting coin in the catalogue is No. 51 of Muzaffar II which, if the reading can be accepted, was struck at Khánpúr in A. H. 926. 'Khánpúr,' says Dr. Taylor, 'is a town on the left bank of the river Mahi, and about midway between Baroda to the south and Dákor to the north.'

The metrology of the Gujarát coinage is somewhat complicated. Mr. Maskelyne has estimated the weight of the Gujarát ratí at 1.85 grains, and this estimate is borne out by the weights of the 100-ratí gold pieces of Maḥmúd III and Muzaffar III. The two gold coins of Maḥmúd III in this collection, six described in the British Museum catalogue, and one of Muzaffar III noticed by Mr. Thomas (Chronicles, p. 353) all weigh 185 grains. The issues of the earlier kings, however, are somewhat lighter, ranging between 176 and 179 grains. The gold coin, for instance, of Muzaffar II, No. 46 of this catalogue, though in very fine condition, only weighs 176 grains. Whether this change in weight is due to the use by Maḥmúd's predecessors of a lighter ratí as their unit or whether Maḥmúd III took greater care to issue full weight coins is not clear. The same coincidence is to be observed in the case of the silver coinage, but is not noticeable in the copper issues.

Mr. Thomas quotes two specimens of the rare silver issues of the first Ahmad, weighing 172 and 175 grains respectively, and of the silver coins of Mahmúd I there are in this catalogue six weighing from 165 to 174 grains, while eleven, evidently half-pieces, range from 85 to 88 grains. Dr. Taylor's table on p. 46 of his paper mentions six coins weighing from 160-176 grains, thirty-one half-pieces with a maximum of 88 grains, and three, which must be quarters, of 43 and 44 grains. All these would conform better to a 100-ratí standard of which the

unit was 1.80 grains than to one in which the maxima were 185, 92½, and 46½ grains.

Mahmud I seems also to have used the familiar 80-rati standard. Whether he issued any silver pieces of 144 grains is doubtful, for the coins approximating this weight mentioned in Dr. Taylor's table are of billon. Nos. 30 to 34, however, of this catalogue are evidently pieces of 40 ratis, while Dr. Taylor gives eleven others of similar weight and one of 33 grains which is doubtless a 20-rati piece. Muzaffar II, Maḥmud's successor, started yet another standard for his silver coinage, one of 64 ratis, of which seven examples with two halfpieces (Nos. 47-55) are described in this catalogue, while Dr. Taylor mentions sixteen weighing from 104 to 111 grains. These Maḥmud III retained, but as in the case of the gold coinage the weight increases, some of the coins weighing as much as 117 grains. This indicates a rati of 1.85 grains.

In the reign of Ahmad III the lighter weights again appear both in the 100-ratí and 64-ratí standard pieces, but the change was only temporary, for Muzaffar III's issues were evidently based on the unit of 1.85 grains.

For the copper currency Ahmad I used principally an 80-ratí standard, and to this all his successors remained constant, Muhammad II being the first to issue pieces of 120 ratís. Ahmad Sháh seems also to have struck a few coins of the 'purána' weight of 32 ratís, but this denomination may be said to have disappeared after his death.

Maḥmúd I introduced a 100-ratí standard with its halves and quarters, and this was largely adopted by his successors, except Maḥmúd III, concurrently with the 80-ratí standard. At the same time coins are found which appear to answer to none of the above recognized standards. Among these may be mentioned No. 56 of Muzaffar II, weighing 249 grains; Nos. 65, 66, 71, and 74 of Bahádur Sháh, weighing 247, 253, 122, and 95 grains respectively; No. 12 (α) of Aḥmad II of 122 grains; and Nos. 85-86 of Maḥmúd III weighing 267 and 260 grains. It is difficult to account for these vagaries.

For the sake of convenience these results may be summarized as follows:

The 100-rati standard was employed throughout for the gold currency, for the silver coinage by the whole line except Muzaffar II, Bahádur, and Maḥmúd III, and for the copper currency from the time of Maḥmúd I, omitting the reign of Maḥmúd III.

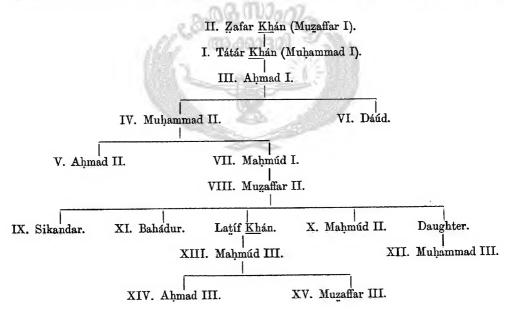
The 80-rati standard was used by Mahmud I for silver coins, and then, with few exceptions, not till the reign of Muzaffar III. For the copper currency it was in vogue throughout.

¹ Nos. 15 (a), 15 (b), 16, 18 of Dr. Taylor's catalogue.

The 64-ratí standard was established by Muzaffar II and used by all his successors. Except for a few exceptional issues this standard seems to have been confined to the silver currency.

These conclusions differ to some extent from those advanced by Dr. Taylor, who, I gather, prefers a 96-rati standard to one of 100 ratis.¹ The latter, however, is indicated with such certainty by the gold issues and is warranted by precedents in contemporary silver coinage that there seems no sufficient reason for finding a fresh standard in the case of Gujarát.

GENEALOGICAL TREE OF THE KINGS OF GUJARÁT



¹ Dr. Taylor has since written agreeing that the standard had better be regarded as of 100, rather than of 96, ratis.

CATALOGUE

III AHMAD SHÁH I

А. н. 813-846. А. д. 1410-1443.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
-					PPER
1	(Aḥmad- nagar)	843	Wt. 147 S. .75	السلطان الأعظم ناصر الدنيا و الدين ۱۴۳۰	In square السلطان احمد شاه Margins شهر Top
				3/16	Left همايون
2	"	846	Wt. 147	,, AP1	,,
					Pl.
3 4	_		Wts. 140 134 S. ·6	ناصر الدنيا و الدين	السلطان احمد شاء M. m. quatrefoil and circle. A.S.B.
5	<u>-</u>	838	Wt. 65.5 S. .65	As on No. 1, but	As on No. 1. Margins illegible. A.S.B.
6	-	844	Wt. 70	vele "	3)
7		_	Wt. 72 S55	As on No. 3.	As on No. 3. (8) A.S.B. Pl.

IV MUḤAMMAD SHÁH II

А. н. 846-855. А. р. 1443-1451.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
9		85-	Wt. 223 S. ·8	شاء باد شاء باد غياث الدين محمد سكة سلطان - ٥٥	باد و ماة مهر تاگردون قرص بدار الضرب
10	_	846	Wt. 141 S. •7	السلطان الا عظم غياث الدنيا و الدين	ابو المحامد محمد شاه السلطان ۸۴۲ <i>A.S.B</i> .

AḤMAD SHÁH II

A.	н.	855-863
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A.D. 1451-1458.

Æ			1	COP	PER
11 12	-	85-	Wts. 143 128 S7	قطب الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر	السلطان احمد شاء مم – مر (12) A.S.B.
12 (a)	_	862	Wt. 122 S. .7	خليفة المومنين امير خلدت خلافتة ١٢[٨]	قطب الدنيا و الدين احمد شاه السلطان
					Pl.

P 2

GUJARÁT

VII MAḤMÚD SHÁH I

а. н. 863-917.

A.D. 1458-1511.

Muḥam- madábád	896			
madábád	000		13	VER
Shahr-i- Mukar- ram	890	Wt. 171 S. ∙8	In plain and dotted circles السلطان الا عظم ابو الفتح ناصر الدنيا و الدين	السلطان السلطان محمود شاه Margins Right شهر مكرّم Top بحمد ؟ اباد ؟ Left اباد ؟
		. 0	03 mann	A.S.B. Pl.
>>	906	Wt. 171 S. -8	but no dotted circle.	Top and left margins clear.
				A.S.B.
,,	907	Wt. 173-5	n	In square محمود شاء السلطان Margins as on No. 13, but
				A.S.B.
(\$)	(\$)	Wt. 174	but no trace of circles.	In square السلطان شاء شاء محمود بن محمد Margins illegible.
Muham- madábád Shahr-i- Mukar- ram	90-	Wt. 174 S. •75	As on No. 13.	As on No. 16. Margins Right شهر مكرم Top محمد Bottom ۹ ه
	", (1) Muḥam- madabad Shahr-i- Mukar-	,, 907 (*) (*) Muḥam-madábád Shahr-i- Mukar-	7907 Wt. 173.5 (*) (*) Wt. 174 Muḥam-madābād Shahr-i-Mukar- 90- Wt. 75	### West

(3)	916	Wt. 165 S. •75	As on No. 13, but no dotted circle.	As on No. 16, but in double square. Bottom margin 111; rest illegible. A.S.B.
(3)	891			A.S.B.
(1)	991		1 1 1 1 1 1	هـ د داد
		88 S. •6	ناصر الدنيا و الدين ٨٩١ ابو الفتع	محبود شاة السلطان ? شهر
(3)	894	Wt. 87 S. •65	As on No. 13, but no dotted circle.	As on No. 13, but AMP in bottom margin. Other margins indistinct.
Muḥam- madábád ? Shahr-i- Mukar- ram	895	Wt. 86-5	nananan	ه وه Margin Right شهر مكرّم A.S.B.
,,	"	Wt. 87	'n	but in double square.
22	899	Wt. 88 S. •7	"	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
"	900	Wt. 87	33	سنة ٩٠٠ . A.S.B.
[Muḥam-madábád] alias Chám- pánír Shahr-i- Mukar- ram	19	Wt. 85 S. ∙75	As on No. 13, but in scalloped circle.	In square with peaked sides السلطان محمود شاه Margin (sic) شهرعرف چانپانیر
	Muḥam- madábád ? Shahr-i- Mukar- ram ,, ,, ,, [Muḥam- madábád] alias Chám- pánír Shahr-i- Mukar-	Muḥam- madábád ? Shahr-i- Mukar- ram ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Muḥam-madábád	Muḥam- madábád? Shahr-i- Mukar- ram " Wt. 87 " 899 Wt. 88 S7 " 900 Wt. 87 " 48 on No. 13, but in scalloped circle. Shahr-i- Mukar- Mukar- Mukar- Mukar- Mukar- " Wt. 85 S7 " Shahr-i- Mukar-

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
26	Muḥam- madábád alias Chám- pánír Shahr-i- Mukar- ram	903	Wt. 87 S. .75	As on No. 13.	In hexagon هماه محمود السلطان <i>Margin</i> ضرب شهر مكرّم محمداباد عرف چانپانير سنة ۹۰۳
					A.S.B. Pl.
27	"	"	Wt. 88 S. .65	As on No. 13, but no dotted circle.	As on No. 13, but
28	,,	908	Wt. 88	As on No. 13, but no circles and below	As on No. 13, but square has peaked sides.
			All Ca	@p.460320	A.S.B.
29	33		Wt. 88 S. •65	As on No. 13, but no circles.	As on No. 26, but margin clipped.
30	-		Wt. 68 S. ·6	n	As on No. 16, but in double square. Margin absent. A.S.B.
31	(3)	888	Wt. 66 S. -55	As on No. 19, but	As on No. 13. Margin illegible. Pl.
32	(1)	900	Wt. 66 S. •5	"	,, A.S.B.
33	(1)	901	Wt. 65	" 1-1	"
34	(3)	903	22	" 1 • [**	"

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Öbverse	Reverse
				COP	PER
35		907 ?	Wt. 214 S. 75	السلطان الأعظم ناصر الدنيا و الدين] ۶ ۹۰۰ ابو الفتع]	In square السلطان محمود شاة Margins illegible.
					A.S.B
36 37		909	Wts. 216 212	9.9	" (37) A.S.B
38		910	Wt. 215	.19 (sic)	" A.S.B
39		911	Wt. 219	nog milionos	پر Margin Right باد A.S.B
			166	(BD 46032)	V
40	Mustaf- ábád Shahr-i- á zam	883	Wt. 165 S. •7	ناصر الدنيا و الدين ۸۰۳ ابو الغتي	السلطان محمود شاه شهر ا[عظم] مصط[فی یاد] Pl
41		865	Wt. 139 S. •65	As on No. 35, but with- out ابو الفتح ۸۲٥	محمود شاه بن محمد شاه السلطان A.S.B
42		867	Wt. 144	but no date.	adding in last line
43	_	909	Wt. 145 S. •65	As on No. 35, but	As on No. 35.
44	_	910	Wt. 143	37 11 -	,, A.S.E
45	_	9113	Wt. 137	2, 111	"

VIII MUZAFFAR SHÁH II

А. н. 917-932.

A. D. 1511-1525.

A No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
46		924	Wt. 176 S. •8	GC المويد بتاثيد الرحمن شمس الدنيا و الدين ابو النصِر	In scalloped circle السلطان شاء شاء مظفر بن محمود عدد
AR 47	_	922	Wt. 110 S. -65	SIL As on No. 46.	PI. VER In square السلطان شاه شاه معبود معفو برن
48		923	Wt. 110	3	Pl. "
49 50		926	Wt. 111 S. .7	y	As on No. 47, adding below خلد الله ملكة, the whole enclosed in brackets within a circle
51	Khánpúr‡	"	Wt. 110 S. •7	As on No. 46.	Fl. In scalloped circle السلطان مظفر شاه ضربت خانپور
				Cf. Taylor, p. 56, No. 44.	A.S.B. Pl.

AR No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
52		930	Wt. 110 S. -7	As on No. 46.	In circle السلطان بن معمود شاء مظفر شاء معند شاء
					Pl.
53	, market and	932	Wt. 109 S.	As on No. 46.	As on No. 47, but arr, and within double brackets.
			•7		A.S.B. Pl.
54		92-	Wt. 54.5	As on No. 46.	As on No. 47.
			S. •55	nQ.(II)2-02	A.S.B.
55		930	Wt. 55	അക്കാദ്വ	within brackets 9.7(sic)
					Pl.
Æ				COP	PER
56		932	Wt.	الدنيا و الدين	In square السلطان
1			249 S.	شهس ۹۳۲	السطان بن محمود شاه
			.75	ابو النصر	مظفر شاه
					Margins absent.
					A.S.B.
57	_	918	Wt. 217 S. .7	As on No. 46, but with- out ابو النصر	As on No. 47, but
58		2)	Wt. 175 S. -65	As on No. 46, but الم	In square السلطان ساة مظفر
					Margins absent.
				A) a 4	A.S.B

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
59		924	Wt. 172 S. .65	Illegible.	As on No. 47, but are, and in circle.
60		925	Wts. 160 153 S75	As on No. 56, but	In circle السلطان معمود شاه بن مظفر شاه (60) A.S.B.
62		926	Wt. 163	As on No. 56, but	As on No. 60.
63		928	Wt. 167	97 97A	In circle السلطان معمود شاة بن بن مظفر شاة
				3/3/	A.S.B.
64		929	Wt. 166	yy Yrt	As on No. 63. A.S.B.

XI

BAHÁDUR SHÁH

		Α,	н. 932-94	3. A.D. 1526-1	536.
Æ					PER
65	_	937	Wt. 247 S. •7	قطب الدنيا و الدين ۱۳۰۰ ابو الفضل	Deleted.
66	_	940	Wt. 253	but %.	بن مظفر شاه بهادر شاه
67	-	932	Wt. 215	[قطب الدنيا و الدين] السلطان	A.S.B. In circle
			S. •75	1111	A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
68		938	Wt. 215	قطب الدنيا [و الدين] ابو الفضل ۱۳۸	بهادر شاه بن مظفر شاه السلطان
					A.S.B.
69	_	942	Wt. 170 S. •75	As on No. 65, but	In circle السلطان بن مظفر شاه بهادر شاه
					ر صر In margin
70		,,	Wt. 158 S. ∙75	ng Moon	but without margin. A.S.B. Pl.
71		938	Wt. 122 S. •7	As on No. 65, but	بهادر شاه بن مظفر شاه السلطان A.S.B.
72		(1)	Wt. 137	v	3 7
73		938	Wt. 126 S. •7	>>	بهادر شاه بن مظفر شاه <i>A.S.B.</i>
74		"	Wt. 95 S. ∙6	۹۳۸ قطب الدنيا و الدين	As on No. 71.
75		941	Wt. 70·5 S. ·5	As on No. 65, but	As on No. 71.
78	-	942	Wt. 68	As on No. 65, but	As on No. 71. A.S.B Pl.

GUJARÁT

XIII MAḤMÚD SHÁH III

а. н. 943-961.

A. D. \$1536-1553.

AZ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
77	_	947	Wt. 185 S. ·8	GC الواثق بالله المنان الفتح ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو	In double square within circle السلطان شاء شاء محمود بن لطيف Margin Bottom
78		960	Wt. 185 S. •8	n 461321	but 97. in area and dots in segments.
Æ 79		958	Wt. 115·5 S. ·7	SIL "	VER but the enclosing squares have peaked sides. Date in area 100 A.S.B.
80	-	961	Wt. 108 S. •6	ناصر الدنيا و الدين ابو الفتح المنان الواثق بالله ۱۲۱	الم.م.م. Pl. السلطان بن لطيف شاة محمود شاة Pl.
81 82	•		Wt. 110	but no date visible.	,, (82) A.S.B.
83 84	-		Wts. 55 54 S. -5	27	" A.S.B.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				CO	PPER
85 86		961	Wts. 267–260 S.	As on No. 80.	As on No. 80, but in square.
			.8		(86) A.S.B. Pl.
87		"	Wts.	As on No. 80.	As on No. 80.
88 89 90			172.5 167 161 S.		(89, 90) A.S.B.
91		947	Wt.	(sic) قطب الدنيا و الدين	In circle
			145 S.	۹۴۰ ابو الفضل	[بن لطیف شاه] محمود شاه
			.75	അക്കാദമി	Pl.
92	_		W t.	As on No. 77.	As on No. 77, but date absent.
			S6		A.S.B.
93 94		961	Wts. 131.5	As on No. 80.	As on No. 80, but in square.
95			131 125.5 S. .65		(94) A.S.B.
96		961	Wt.	As on No. 80.	As on No. 80.
			46 S. -5		A.S.B.
97		_	Wt.	As on No. 77.	As on No. 77, but no date.
			S. ·4		A.S.B.

XIV AḤMAD SHÁH III

а. н. 961-968.

A.D. 1553-1560.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
98		961	Wt. 168 S. -85	SITa المعتصم بالله الرحمن ابو ^{الم} حامد غياث الدنيا و الدين	VER In double square with peaked sides السلطان شاء شاء ۱۹۱ عهد ۱۹۱
99		962	Wt. 166	As on No. 98.	As on No. 98, but 917 A.S.B. Pl.
Æ				COP	PER
100		(3)	Wt. 214 S.	غياث الدنيا و الدين عهد	In square شاھ احمد
			•/		A.S.B.
101	_	968	Wt. 212 S. -75	Parts of legend as on No. 98.	In square as on No. 98, but 94. A.S.B.
102			Wt. 149 S. •7	غياث الدنيا و الدين	In double square السلطان شاء احمد
103		962	Wt. 81 S. -5	As on No. 98.	As on No. 98, but
104	_	967	Wt. 85 S. •6	Defaced.	In circle ۹۲۷ احمد شاه

XV MUZAFFAR SHÁH III

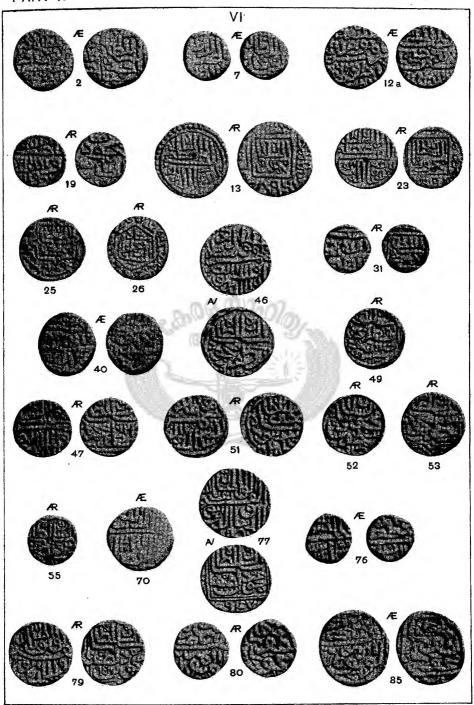
A. H. 968-980 and 991-992.

A. D. 1560-1573 and 1583-1584.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
105 106 107 108			Wts. 110 110 107 105 S75	SIL المويد بتائيد الرحمن شمس الدنيا و الدين ابو النصر	In square with peaked sides السلطان مظفر مظفر شاء شاء خلد الله ملكء (108) A.S.B.
109	? Aḥmad- ábád	978	Wt. 74 S. .65	As on No. 105.	In square with peaked sides السلطان ۱۷۰۸ شاء مظفر مظفر Margin Left احمد Pl.
110 111			Wts. 54 53 S6	As on No. 105.	As on No. 105. (110) A.S.B.
Æ				COT	PPER
112		971	Wt. 223 S. •75	شمس الدنيا ۱۷۹ و الدين	In square شاء مظفر No marginal legends.
113	(?)	97-	Wt. 217 S. -75	الدنيا النصر شمس و الدين ابو	In square الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم
					Pl.

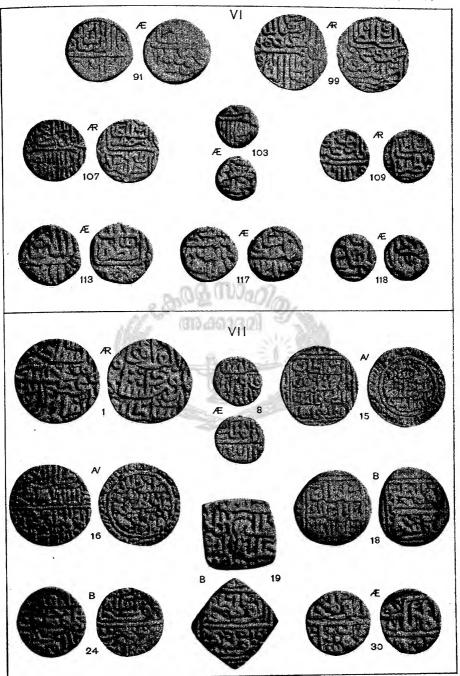
Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse	
1141			Wt. 211 S. •7	As on No. 113.	As on No. 112,	A.S.B.
115	-	97-	Wt. 176 S. .7	Parts of legend as on No. 105.	السلطان شاه شاه -۹۷ محمود مظفر بن	
116		969	Wt. 142 S. ·65	22	27 949	
117	· <u>-</u>	_	Wt. 137 S. -65	شمس الدنيا و الدين ابو المجاهد	In circle مظفر شاہ السلطان	Pl,
118		970	Wt. 85 S. -55	المويد بتائيد الرحمن	السلطان ۹۷۰ مظفر شاه	<i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
119		_	Wt. 68 S. -55	شمس الدنيا و الدين	مظفر شاء السلطان	. 1 ,

¹ The letters on this coin are inverted as in type.



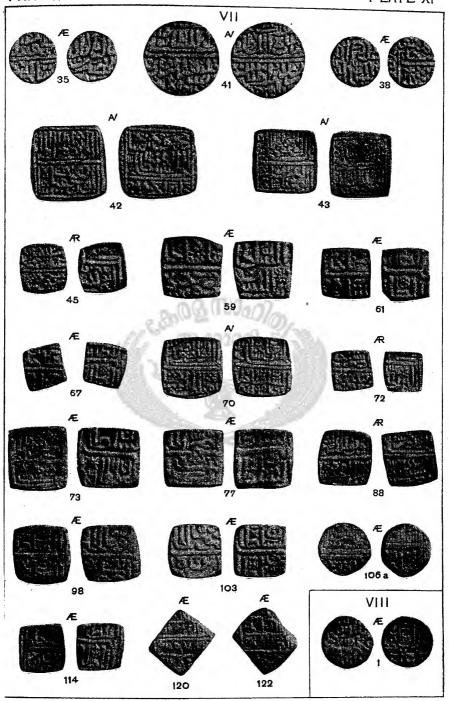
VI. GUJARÁT

PART II PLATE X



VI. GUJARÁT VII. MÁLWA

PART II PLATE XI



VII. MÁLWA VIII. UNIDENTIFIED

SECTION VII

MÁLWA

τ	Diláwar Khán <i>Ghorí</i>				А. Н.	A. D.
		•	•	•	804	1401
	Hoshang Sháh <u>Gh</u> orí (son of I)				808	1405
	Muhammad I Ghorí (son of II)				836	1432
IV.	Mahmúd I <u>Kh</u> aljí				840	1436
V.	Ghiyás Sháh Khaljí (son of IV)				873	1468
VI.	Násir Sháh <u>Kh</u> aljí (son of V).				906	1500
VII.	Mahmúd II Khaljí (son of VI)				916	1510
	Muḥammad II Khaljí (Rebel)			916-	-921	1510-1515
	Málwa conquered by Bahádur Sháh	of Gr	ijarát		937	1530
	Málwa conquered by Humáyún of				941	1534
VIII.					943	1536
IX.	Shujá Khán	17 -			949	1542
	Báz Bahádur	40)			962	1554
	Málwa conquered by Akbar .	2	30.		968	1560
	and the same of th		THE RESIDENCE	-		*000

INTRODUCTION

The history of independent Malwa in the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries is little but a record of military expeditions. It has recently formed the subject of a paper by Dr. L. White King in the Chronicle of the Numismatic Society, 4th Series, Vol. III, 1904, p. 356, and to that I am largely indebted for the following observations. Of the civil administration of the province we can gather practically nothing from contemporary records.

Málwa was subdued by the Dehlí Sultán Altamsh, and again, after revolt, by Ghiyásu-d-dín Balban. It would not be surprising if the coins of this latter monarch struck at Sultánpúr (vide J.A.S.B., Num. Supp. I, Vol. LXXIII, Pt. I, 1904) were issued from the Málwa town of that name.

The province was finally brought under the control of Dehlí by 'Aláu-d-dín Muḥammad in A. H. 705 (A. D. 1305) and so remained for a century.

In A. H. 804 (A. D. 1401) Diláwar Khán Ghorí, who had been appointed Governor of Málwa by Muḥammad IV of Dehlí some ten years previously, assumed royal state, but he is not known to have issued coin in his own

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name. That privilege was first asserted by his son and successor, Alp Khán, who took the title of Hoshang Sháh.

This king reigned twenty-seven years. He started inauspiciously, being taken prisoner by the invading forces of Muzaffar Shah of Gujarat in A. H. 810 (A. D. 1407), but on release in the following year soon regained supreme power. Between A. H. 813 and 826 (A. D. 1410-1421) fighting between Malwa and Gujarat seems to have been incessant, but Hoshang Shah took the opportunity of a lull in A. H. 823 to extend his territory by the acquisition of Kherla in Gondwara.

In A. H. 832 (A. D. 1428) Málwa was invaded by Ahmad Sháh Bahmaní, but the result was indecisive. In A. H. 835 (A. D. 1431) Hoshang Sháh made what proved to be his last expedition against Kálpí in Bundelkhand, dying on his way back to Mandú in A. H. 836 (A. D. 1432). He was followed on the throne by his son Muhammad I, who after a short and uneventful reign was poisoned, doubtless at the instigation of his minister Mahmúd Khaljí who usurped his master's throne. The date of Muhammad's death has hitherto, on the authority of Ferishtah, been supposed to be A. H. 839, but a gold coin from the cabinet of the Asiatic Society (No. 15 in this catalogue) clearly bears the date A. H. 840, and there is no reason for supposing the issue to have been posthumous. That being so the date of Mahmúd's accession must be taken as A. H. 840 (A. D. 1436).

The first year or two of the reign were spent in disposing of rival claimants and resisting an invasion by Gujarát. Having secured his position Maḥmúd spent the greater part of his long reign of thirty-three years in extending his influence, and under him the kingdom of Málwa reached its widest limits.

The neighbouring province of Mewar was the object of frequent expeditions which met with alternating success and defeat. Ráná Kumbhá was, however, forced to acknowledge the suzerainty of Málwa in A. H. 858 (A. D. 1454).

Further north Búndí, Kotáh, Biána, Rantambhor, and Kerauli were successively reduced, and in A.H. 859 (A.D. 1454) the province of Mandisor was occupied and the fort of Ajmír captured. War was waged against the independent rulers in Gujarát, Jaunpúr, and the Dakhan, and even the Dehlí Sultán was not left alone.

Towards the end of the reign troubles arose in the south by the capture in A. H. 870 (A. D. 1465) of Kherla by Muḥammad Sháh Bahmani, but in the following year the town was reoccupied and Elichpúr taken.

In A. H. 873 (A. D. 1469) Maḥmúd died on his way back from an expedition against Kachwara in the sixty-eighth year of his age. He was succeeded by his eldest son, Ghiyas Shah, who, like his father, reigned for thirty-three years, but in very different style. He gave

himself up to sensual excesses, and the only military event of any importance in his reign was the repulse of Bahlol Lodí from Rantambhor. The last year of his reign was disturbed by quarrels between his sons, the elder of whom, afterwards known as Náṣir Sháh, defeated his brother, captured Mandú, and caused his father to abdicate in his favour.

Násir Sháh reigned from A. H. 906 to 916 (A. D. 1500-1510). He appears to have kept his territories intact, but did not extend them. After suppressing internal revolts he undertook an expedition against Kachwára in A. H. 908 (A. D. 1502) and exacted tribute from Mewár in the following year. In A. H. 916 (A. D. 1510) his youngest son rebelled but was defeated, and it was on his return from pursuing him towards Dehlí that Násir Sháh died. His second son, Mahmúd II, thereupon had himself crowned at Mandú.

A three-cornered conflict ensued, Náṣir Sháh's eldest son Ṣáḥib Khán was proclaimed king by one party of nobles under the title of Muṇammad II, and coins are known to have been issued by him as early as A. H. 917 (A. D. 1511). Another party supported the younger brother Shahábu-d-dín, and on his death his son Makhṣúṣ Khán. Maḥmúd, however, succeeded in establishing his power, in spite of opposition by the Dehlí Sultán Sikandar Lodí. This was largely due to the ability of his minister Mední Rai, who in a short time became so powerful that Maḥmúd fled for protection to Gujarát. The Ráná of Mewár, Saṅgráma Simha, at the same time took the opportunity to wrest from Maḥmúd some of his territories, and to this period must be assigned the issue of the coins on page 259 of this catalogue.

With the help of Gujarát Mahmúd recovered his throne in A. H. 923 (A. D. 1517) only to be defeated and captured two years later by the Chitor Ráná. The latter, however, allowed his prisoner to return to Mandú, and Mahmúd reigned in peace for some years over a kingdom shorn of several of its provinces. On the death of Ráná Sangráma Simha in A. H. 934 (A. D. 1527) Mahmúd invaded Mewár, but the new Ráná, Ratna Simha, invoked the aid of Bahádur Sháh, king of Gujarát. The latter, whom an attempt on Mahmúd's part to interfere in the Gujarát succession had already rendered hostile, invaded Málwa and captured Mandú in A. H. 937 (A. D. 1530).

Mahmud and his sons were put to death by their conqueror, and Málwa remained a dependency of Gujarát till A. H. 941 (A. D. 1534) when the Emperor Bábar defeated Bahádur Sháh at Mandisor and took Mandú.

From A.H. 943 to 949 (A.D. 1536-1542) Málwa was under the rule of Qádir Sháh, who had been made Governor of Sárangpúr by Bahádur Sháh. No coins of this king are known, and in A.H. 949 he submitted

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to Sher Sháh Súrí. The latter appointed Shujá Khán to the government of Málwa, and on his death in A. H. 962 (A. D. 1554) his son Báz Bahádur declared his independence, striking coins in his own name. His rule lasted for six years only, for in A. H. 968 (A. D. 1560) Málwa was conquered by the Mughal Emperor Akbar. Báz Bahádur, after struggling ineffectually for some years, finally surrendered in A. H. 978 (A. D. 1570).

When Mr. Rodgers issued his catalogue of the Coins of the Indian Museum in 1893 there were but twenty Málwa coins in the imperial cabinet.

The present catalogue contains a description of 132 coins, and though far from complete the joint collection of the Indian Museum and Asiatic Society of Bengal may, on the whole, be called representative of the series.

There is every reason to think that of the first seven kings of Málwa all but Diláwar Khán issued coins in gold, silver, and copper, though no silver coin of Muḥammad I has yet been published. Copper coins only are known of Muḥammad II, Bahádur Sháh, and Báz Bahádur. The remaining princes appear to have struck no coins in their own name.

Maḥmúd I started in addition a coinage in billon, and a few coins of mixed metal were also issued by his three immediate successors.

The weight of the gold coins varies little throughout the series, ranging from 172 grains (White King, No. 70) to 164 grains (B. M. C., No. 361). There is, however, in the British Museum one exceptional piece of Ghiyás Sháh (dated A. H. 881) which weighs 207 grains. The silver coinage appears to follow the same standard, recorded weights of rupees ranging from 170 to 164 grains, of half-rupees from 84 to 75 grains, quarter-rupees from 43 to 37 grains, and eighths of a rupee from 20 to 18 grains. At the same time exceptional weights appear in the silver coinage, also e.g. No. 1 of Hoshang Sháh in this catalogue weighs as little as 142 grains, and No. 36 in Dr. White King's catalogue as much as 47 grains.

Turning to the copper coinage we find a much more complicated metrology. With a rati of 1.75 grains a 'black tanka' of 80 ratis would weigh 140 grains, and to this standard, with its subdivisions, the majority of the earlier coins adhere. In the closing year of Ghiyás Sháh (A.H. 905) occurs a well-defined class of high-weight coins—Nos. 46, 47, 48, 61, and 67—in which the full tanka ranges from 173 to 187 grains, and the half- and quarter-tankas weigh 88 and 42 grains respectively.

On the accession of Náşir Sháh these weights drop to about 160 grains, with halves and quarters to correspond. Eventually, however,

the old standard of 140 grains was reverted to and maintained as long as Málwa possessed a separate coinage.

Maḥmúd I appears to have also issued coins of the old purána standard (32 ratís = 56 grains), vide Nos. 34 to 37. It is difficult to explain the weight of No. 38 (42 grains). The coin has all the appearance of being copper, and is in very good preservation.

The coins of the earlier kings were of the usual round shape. Maḥmúd I started an issue of square coins, and this shape was adopted by his successors.

Shádíábád (Mandú) is the only mint town whose name is recorded on the coins. After the accession of Násir Sháh no mint name appears on the Málwa coins. About the same time the symbols known as mint marks, which are characteristic of this series, begin to be more freely employed. What the purport of these marks was is uncertain. evidence of the coins described in this catalogue would indicate a reference to a particular period of issue rather than to a particular mint. It is remarkable, for instance, that all the exceptionally highweight coins of Ghiyas Shah which were struck in A. H. 905 bear the same mint mark. Further, among the coins of Ghiyas Shah and Nasir Shah there are no two of the same year with different mint marks. There are very few of what I may call the commemorative type of coin in the Málwa series. Among the Sultáns of Dehlí and their successors extensions of territory or important events were frequently commemorated on the coins. Thus Ibráhím Lodí, when he took Chanderí, struck a coin in copper of the Málwa type. The only instance of such an issue in the present catalogue is the gold coin No. 41, which was struck in the name of Ghiyas Shah during his father's lifetime probably to proclaim the fact of his being declared heir-apparent. Dr. White King has noticed in his catalogue three such coins in copper, dated A. H. 864, 865, and 866.

The honorific titles assumed by Mahmúd I and Ghiyás Sháh were numerous. Their successors were less pretentious, the inscription being characteristic of the later issues. Two of these titles may be noticed as modifying the list given in Dr. White King's paper, viz.

الباذل —the Munificent—on No. 18 of Maḥmúd I.

الواثق بالصد لم يزلى —Trusting in the Lord, the eternal—on Nos. 68 to 71 of Nasir Shah.

CATALOGUE

IIHOSHANG SHÁH

А. н. 808-836. А. р. 1405-1432.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
1			Wt. 142! S. 1	SILVER السلطان الا عظم حسام الدنيا و الدين	* ابو المجاهد هوشنگشاه السلطان
Æ 2 3	Shádí- ábád	_	Wts. 71-69 S55	Rf. WK., 2. COPPER هوشنگشاه السلطان Rf. WK., 3.	PI. دار الملك شادياباد A.S.B.
4 5	73		Wts. 73–68	,, السلطان but & over	" (4) A.S.B.
6 7	"		Wts. 62-61	but m.m. 1 over السلطان	,, A.S.B.
8	13		Wt. 68	but m. m. 2 over السلطان	,, <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
9 10 11	"		Wt. 67	but m. m. 3 over السلطان	,, (9–10) A.S.B.
12 13 14	**		Wts. 68–63	but m. m. 4 over السلطان	" (12–13) A.S.B.

III MUḤAMMAD SHÁH

А. н. 836-840.

А. D. 1432-1436.

No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
	C1 4 14		****		PD
15	Shádí- ábád	840	Wt. 168 S. ∙9	In double square within circle السلطان الا عظم تاج الدنيا و الدين ابو المحامد Rf. WK., 6.	المحمد شاة بن محمد شاة بن محمد شاة بن موشنگشاة السلطان Margin ضرب هذة السكة بحضرت شادياباد سنة اربعين و ثمانماية A.S.B.

IV

MAHMÚD SHÁH <u>KH</u>ALJÍ

A. H. 840-873.

A. D. 1436-1468.

N		1 (GOLD		
16	Shádí- ábád	870	Wt. 169 S. •95	السلطان الا عظم علا الدنيا و الدين خلجي الدنيا و الدين خلجي ابو المظفر محمود شاه خلافته	In circle سكندر الثانى يعين الخلافة ناصر امير المومنين Margin	
					ضرب هذه السكه بحضرت شادیاباد سنة سبعین و ثمانمایة	
				Rf. WK., 8.	A.S.B. Pl.	
17	,,	(3)	Wt. 166	"	but margin imperfect.	
В				BIL	LON	
18		865	Wt. 173 S. .9	In double square within circle السلطان البَاذل علا البَاذل علا الدنيا و الدين ٢٥٥	In double square within circle ابو المظفر خلجي	
				Rf. WK ., 23, where, however, the obverse legend has been read as	A.S.B. Pl.	

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
19 sq.		871	Wt. 164 S. -85	السلطان الحليم الكريم علا الدنيا و الدين ٢٠١ Rf. B.M.C., 347.	In double lozenge ابو المظفر خلجے معمود شاہ
				10.2.2.0., 017.	Pl
20 sq.		883	Wt. 137 (worn)	", ^^	"
21 22 sq.		_	Wts. 157 156	"	" (21) A.S.B.
23	Shádí- ábád	847	Wt. 137 S. •8	لخليفة امير المومنين خلدت خلافتة ١٩٥٨	ابو المظفر معمود شاة خلجے ضرب بحضرت شادیاباد حضرت M. m. 5 over
				Rf. B.M.C., 350.	1
23 (a)	"	848	Wt. 130	n Ve	"
24	"	851	Wt. 128	,, A01	,,
İ					A.S.B. Pl.
25	"	853	Wt. 127	,, ^or	"
					AS.B.
26 sq.		870	Wt. 73 S. ·6	السلطان السلاطين علا الدنيا و الدين ۸۷۰	As on No. 19, but single lozenge.
				Rf. WK., 22.	A.S.B.
27	THE STATE OF THE S	-	Wt. 77	39	,, A.S.B.

B No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse	
28			Wt. 45 S. •6	السلطان الا عظم علا الد نيا و الدين Rf. WK., 19.	In double circle محمود خلجیے شاھ	S.B.
29	Shádí- ábád	_	Wt. 45 S. -6	As on No. 28. Rf. Cf. WK., 17.	As on No. 23.	S.B.
Æ 30	,,,	864	Wt. 131 S. ∙7	ابو المظفر المطفر خلجے محمود شاہ	د ار الملك م شادياباد م	
31	13	850	Wt. 68 S. -55	Rf. WK., 25.	• 27 • ^	S.B. Pl. S.B.
32 33	"	85-	Wts. 66–61		» A.S	S.B.
34	29	877	Wt. 51 S. •5	محمود خلجے شاھ Rf. <i>WK.</i> , p. 83, 27 (a).	شادیاباد ب خ ضرت ۸۷۷ <i>۵</i> ۸۸	S.B.
35 36	22	87-	Wts. 53-47	37	"	Pl.
37	,,		Wt. 47 S. •5	As on No. 30. Rf. WK., 28.	As on No. 30.	S.B.
38	_		Wt. 42 S. ∙55	As on No. 19. M. m. 6. Rf. Not previously figured.	As on No. 19.	S.B. Pl.
39 40	Shádí- ábád	85	Wts. 36-32 S. .5	As on No. 30. Rf. Not previously published.	As on No. 30.	S,B.

v GHIYÁS SHÁH KHALJÍ

А. н. 873-906.

а. р. 1468-1500.

A No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
41	Shádí- ábád	(3)	Wt. 167 S. .85	السلطان السلطان ول <u>ف</u> عهد خليفة الزمان العالمين	ابو الفتح لخلجي غياث شاء السلطاني ضرب بدار الملك شادياباد
				Rf. Cf. Th., p. 349 (5).	A.S.B. Pl.
42 sq.		880	Wt. 168 S. •9	In double square, the outer one dotted الواثق بالملك الملتجي البو الفتع غياث شاء M.m. 5.	In double square, the outer one dotted بن محمود شاة السلطان الخلجي
				Rf. B.M.C., 357.	Pl.
43 sq.		895	Wt. 168 S.	As on No. 42, but differently arranged and	As on No. 42, but differently arranged.
			•7	M. m. 7.	M. m. 7.
				Rf. Cp. B.M.C., 360.	A.S.B. Pl.
Æ				sır	VER
44 sq.	_	_	Wt. 82 S. •6	As on No. 43, but m. m. 8. Rf. B.M.C., 362.	As on No. 43.
45			Wt.	شاء بن	اكبر بالله ?
.pa			38 S. •55	غیاث خلجے محمود شاہ	M. m. 8.
				Rf. B.M.C., 365.	A.S.B. Pl.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
				COP	Per
46		905	Wts.	غياث شاء الخلجي	السلطان
47 48			187 178	ين معمود شاء	بن
sq.			173		السلطان
1		1	S.		1.0
			-757		M. m. 9.
				Rf. WK., 47.	A.S.1
49		889	Wt.	"	"
sq.			136		M. m. 4.
			S7	Rf. Cp. B.M.C., 368.	M. III. 4.
50		890	Wts.	59	»,
51			138-137		M. m. 4.
8q.			- 0	10 G (11/2012-	
52		896	Wt.	"	"
eq.			145	(810,461)(312)	M. m. 7.
				37/6/3	A.S.1
1					A.D.I
58		899	Wt.	100 11	,,,
sq.			138		M. m. 8.
1					A.S.I
					A,0.L
54	*******	901	Wt.	17	"
55			135		1.1
sq.					M, m. 10.
					(54) A.S.I
56		902	Wt.	"	39
sq.		00=	142	"	1.r
					M. m. 8. A.S.1
					A.D.I
57		903	Wt.	3)	? ?
вq.			136		M. m. 10.
					M. III. 10. A.S.1
					A.O.
58	-	_	Wt.	"	"
sq.			141		M. m. 11.
			B.		A.S.1

252

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
59 sq.		_	Wt. 141	As on No. 46.	السلطان ابن السلطان M. m. 12.
				Rf. Not previously published.	A.S.B Pl
60¹ sq.			Wt. 144	,,	As on No. 46. M. m. 8.
61 ² sq.		905	Wt. 88 S.	غیاث خلجے شاہ ۹۰۰	M. m. 9.
			•55	Rf. WK., 51.	A.S.B. Pl.
62 sq.		898	Wt. 65 S. ∙5	7, A9A Rf. WK., 53.	M. m. 8. A.S.B.
63 sq.		89-	Wt. 66	A half of Nos. 49 to 60.	M, m. 5.
64 sq.	_	_	Wt. 68	As on No. 46.	M.m. 4 in top line.
65 sq.		_	Wt. 64	22	A.S.B. M. m. 8 in lower line.
66 sq.		_	Wt. 65	27	A.S.B. M. m. 13.
67 ³ sq.	-1	905	Wt.	As on No. 61.	M. m. 9.
			S. •45	Rf. Not previously published.	<i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.

This is the only one of the copper coins on which is visible before on the obverse.
 This coin is evidently a half of Nos. 46 to 48. It bears the same date and mint mark.

³ The weight, date, and mint mark of this coin show that it is a quarter of Nos. 46 to 48 and a half of No. 61.

VI NÁȘIR SHÁH <u>KH</u>ALJÍ

А. н. 906-916.

A. D. 1500-1510.

A No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
68 sq.		908	Wt. 169 S. •7	GOI الواثق بالصمد لم ينر لي ابو المظفر ناصر شاه M.m. 3.	LD بن غياث شاة الخلجي السلطان خلد ملكة ٥٠٨
69 sq.		910	Wt. 168	Rf. Cp. <i>B.M.C.</i> , 377. M. m. 14.	,, 91. <i>A.S.B</i> .
70 sq.		914	Wt. 169	M. m. 15.	" 911° Pl.
Æ				SILV	71213.
71 sq.		_	Wt. 81 S. •6	M. m. 3. Rf. WK., 58.	,, A.S.B.
72 sq.	_	_	Wt. 37 S. •45	ناصر شاة خلجي بن غياث شاة Rf. WK. 59,	اکبر بالله ؟ M. m. 5. A.S.B.
				i.	Pl.
Æ		-		COPI	PER
73 sq.		906	Wt. 157 S. -7	ناصر شاء الخلجي بن غياث شاء The 'ye' of الخلجي forms a four-looped knot in the centre of the coin.	As on No. 46, but 1.1 M. m. 3 over date.
				Rf. Cf. WK., 63.	Pl.

MÁLWA

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
74 sq.		907	Wt. 161	As on No. 73.	As on No. 46.
75 76 sq.		27	,,,	,,	A.S.B. but m. m. 3 over ط and date over السلطان of ملا A.S.B.
77 sq.		908	Wt. 160	"	,, 1.A
78 79 sq.			Wts. 135 134 S. •6	lower line differently arranged. Rf. WK., 64.	A.S.B. Pl. M. m. 10 (inverted) over السلطان of السلطان A.S.B.
80 sq.	_		Wt. 78 S. ∙55	but " The half of Nos. 73-77.	M. m. 14. " A.S.B.
81 sq.			Wt. 82	"	M. m. 16.
82 83 sq.			Wts. 63–62 S5	but "	M. m. 17. (82) A.S.B.
84 sq.		910	Wt. 41 S. ·5	As on No. 80—date to left of sla. Rf. WK., 68. The quarter of Nos. 73-77.	M. m. 14.
85 sq.	-		Wt. 40		", A.S.B.
86 sq.	_		Wt. 42 S. •4	3 3	M. m. 18. " A.S.B.

VII
MAḤMÚD SHÁH KḤALJÍ II

а. н. 916-937.

A. D. 1510-1530.

AR. No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
87 sq.		918	Wt. 78 S. .65	SILT الواثق بالملك الصمدير ابو المظفر محمود شاء M. m. 19.	VER بن ناصر شاه الخـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
88 88 (a) sq.		919	Wt. 83	Rf. WK., 73.	but 111 A.S.B. Pl.
B 89 sq.		922	Wt. 161 S. -75	BIL. In circle as on No. 87. M. m. 19. Rf. Cp. WK., 71.	ION In circle as on No. 87 In circle as on No. 87 A.S.B.
89 (a) sq.	_	923	Wt. 168	"	but 9rr
89 (b) sq.		924	Wt. 168	but أبو الفتح in place of ابو المظفر M. m. 8 over ابو and m.m. فتح ard m.m.	but 1rr
Æ				COP	PER
90 sq.		918	Wt. 126 S. -65	محمود شاة <u>الخلجي</u> بن ناصر شاة	As on No. 46. M.m. 10 over س and مراه over السلطان in lower line.
				Rf. Cp. B.M.C., 399.	A.S.B.
91 sq.		919	Wt. 127	"	111
		1.			A.S.B.

MÁLWA

Reverse	Obverse	Weight and size	Date	Mint	Æ No.
As on No. 46, but	As on No. 90.	Wt. 127	920		92 sq.
A.8					
M. m. 19 over ط and و (sic) over السلطان of السلطان lower line.	25	Wt. 124	921		93 sq.
A.S.					
but m. m. 21.	"	Wt. 120	"		94 sq.
but m.m. 19 and arr	,,,	Wts. 129–127	922	-	95 96 sq.
A.S.	nag mana	08			
but m.m. 11 also in top li	അക്കായി	Wt. 129	923		97 sq.
A.S.		W.			
but m. m. 22 in top line.	"	Wt. 122	"	-	88 sq.
A.S.					
but m.m. 23 in top line.	,,	Wt. 125	"		99 sq.
A.S.					
As on No. 90, but 9re	"	Wt. 125	924		100 sq.
As on No. 93, but ara M. m. obliterated.	23	Wt. 120 (worn)	926		101 sq.
As on No. 46, but m. 10 over س and ٩٢٩ und in lower line	but m.m. 11 in lower line.	Wt. 129	929		102 sq.
A.S.					1

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
103 sq.		930	Wt. 129	As on No. 90, but no m. m.	As on No. 46, but m.m. 23 in top line and m.m. 21 over ما and ۱۳۰ (sic) over س in lower line.
					A.S.B. Pl.
104 sq.		935	Wt. 125	>>	but "' (sic)
105 sq.		936	Wt. 126	,,	but 977 A.S.B.
106		"	Wt. 128	35	As on No. 102, but 977 A.S.B.
106¹ (a)	7	(1)	Wt. 127 S. ·6	Rf. Not previously published.	As on No. 46. M. m. 26 in lower line. A.S.B. Pl.
107 sq.	_	(3)	Wt. 137	As on No. 90.	M.m. 10 in lower line. A.S.B.
108 sq.	_	(1)	Wt. 126	>>	M. m. 24 in top line. M. m. 21 in lower line. A.S.B.
108 ² (a) sq.		919	Wt. 109	,,	M. m. 25 over من and 111 over الله in lower line.

¹ Mr. C. J. Rodgers in his MS. catalogue of the coins in the cabinet of the Asiatic Society of Bengal has classified this as a coin of Maḥmūd II. It differs from the coins of that king and his two predecessors in being round. The weight, however, corresponds to the standard of Maḥmūd II's copper coins. It may, I think, belong to the period after Maḥmūd's defeat by Bahadur Shah when Malwa was under Gujarat supremacy—i. e. between 937 and 941 A. H. This would account for the coin being round. The inscriptions are of the Malwa type. Unfortunately the legend on the obverse is incomplete.

² I suspect this to be a later imitation of Mahmud's copper coins. The legends are defective and the weight short.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
108¹ (b) sq.	and the second	921	Wt. 114	As on No. 90.	As on No. 46. M. m. 21 over ه and ۱۹۱۱ (sic) over س in lower line.
					A.S.B.
901 pa		918	Wt. 65 S.	,,	but m.m. 10' over س and
			-55	Rf. WK., 80.	A.S.B.
110 sq.		934	Wt. 65	,,	but m.m. 21 over ع and عسم الله and (sic) over من in lower line.
					A.S.B.
111 sq.		9	Wt. 65	mananan ya	M. m. 19. " A.S.B.
112 113 sq.			Wts. 70.5-64 S.	but خلجے Rf. B.M.C., 405.	but no date over A.S.B.
				100.	А.р.р.
114 115 sq.			Wts. 60-56	ъ	M. m. 23 in top line. M. m. 21 in lower line.
					A.S.B. Pl.
116			Wt. 36 S.	"	M. m. 19 in lower line.
			· 4 5	Rf. WK., 82.	A.S.B.
117	. —		Wt. 27·5 (cut) S.	"	M. m. 10 in lower line.

¹ I suspect this to be a later imitation of Maḥmúd's copper coins. The legends are defective and the weight short.

MUHAMMAD SHÁH II

(In rebellion)

А. н. 916-921.

A. D. 1510-1515.

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
118 sq.	-	(1)	Wt. 131 S. .5 × .6	COP محمد شاء الخارجي Rf. WK., 84.	PER As on No. 46. M. m. 10 in lower line.

SANGRÁMASIMHA OF MEWÁR

	- 01 170	100	
A. D.	1509-1527.	A.H.	915-934.

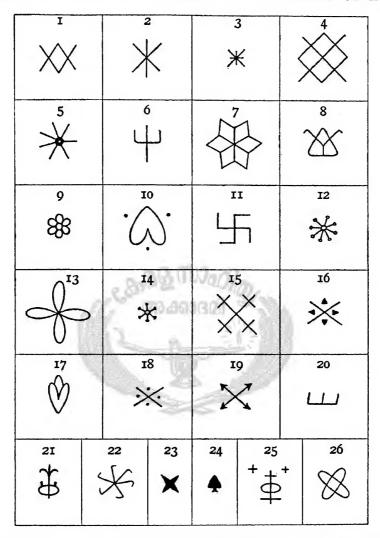
Æ		1	1000	ma Annani COI	PPER	
119	-		Wt. 126 S. ⋅65×⋅6	In a square स्तीरा सगम साही	السلطان بــــن السلطان	A.S.B.
120	(3)	A. D. 1516 A. H. 922	Wt. 127 S. •7 × •55	In a square गुमसा चत १५७४	Illegible.	
				(? 1574 Samvat)		<i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
121			Wt. 127 S. ⋅6 × ⋅55	In a square श्री र्ण गसस	Illegible.	<i>A.S.B</i> .
122	-		Wt. 114 S. ·65 × ·5	In a square सग साही	As on No. 119.	A.S.B.
						Pl.

MÁLWA

Æ No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse	
123	, Annual and a second s		Wt. 63 S. •5 × •45	 सग्रम स	As on No. 119.	.S.B.
124			Wt. 61 S. ·5 × ·45	. रा ण सगम 	As on No. 119.	.S.B.
125	_	_	Wt. 59 S. .45	In a square श्री राण सगम	As on No. 119.	
					A	.S.B.



A. TABLE OF ORNAMENTS FOUND ON THE COINS OF MÁLWA



B. TABLE SHOWING COINS ON WHICH THESE ORNAMENTS OCCUR

		18.	
M.M.	M.M.	M. M.	M. M.
1. 6, 7.	8. 44, 45, 53, 56, 60,	14. 69, 80, 84. 15. 70.	21. 89 (b), 94, 103, 104, 105, 108 (b), 110,
2. 8. 3. 9, 10, 11, 68, 71, 73	9. 46, 47, 48, 61, 67.	16. 81.	114, 115.
74, 75, 76, 77. 4. 12, 13, 14, 49, 50	10. 54, 55, 57, 78, 79, 90, 91, 92, 100,	18, 86,	22. 98. 23. 99, 103, 104, 105,
51, 64.	102, 106, 107, 109,	19. 87, 88, 88 (a), 89, 89 (a), 93, 95, 96,	114, 115.
5. 23, 23 (a), 24, 25 42, 63, 72.	, 117, 118. 11. 58, 97.	97, 98, 99, 101,	$\{25.\ 108\ (a).$
6. 38. 7. 48. 59	12. 59.	111, 112, 113, 116.	26. 106 (a).

SECTION VIII

UNIDENTIFIED

JALÁL SHÁH

No.	Mint	Date	Weight and size	Obverse	Reverse
1 2	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	841	Wt. 70 S. .6	فتے الدنیا و الدین ۱۴۱۸	جلال شاه سلطانی
				- PR 1975 1 W - W	Pl.

APPENDIX A

COMPARATIVE TABLE OF THE YEARS OF THE HIJRA AND OF THE CHRISTIAN ERA

FROM A.H. 589 TO A.H. 964

A. H.	A. D.	А. Н.	A. D.	A. H.	A. D.
589	1193, Jan. 7	627		665	
590	1193, Dec. 27	628		666	1267, Sept. 22
591	1194, ,, 16	629	1231, Oct. 29	667	1268, ,, 10
592	1195, ,, 6	630	1232, ,, 18	668	1269, Aug. 31
593	1196, Nov. 24	631	1233, ,, 7	669	1270, " 20
594	1197, ,, 13	632	1234, Sept. 26	670	1271, " 9
595	1198, " 3	633	1235, ,, 16	671	1272, July 29
596	1199, Oct. 23	634	1236, ,, 4	672	1273, " 18
597	1200, ,, 12	635	1237, Aug. 24	673	1274, ,, 7
598	1201, ,, 1	636	1238, ,, 14	674	1275, June 27
599	1202, Sept. 20	637	1239, ", 3	675	1276, ,, 15
600	1203, ,, 10	638	1240, July 23	676	1277, ,, 4
601	1204, Aug. 29	639	1241, ,, 12	677	1278, May 25
602	1205, ,, 18	640	1242, ,, 1	678	1279, ,, 14
603	1206, ,, 8	641	1243, June 21	679	1280, ,, 3
604	1207, July 28	642	1244, ,, 9	680	1281, April 22
605	1208, ,, 16	643	1245, May 29	681	1282, ,, 11
606	1209, ,, 6	644	1246, ,, 19	682	1283, ,, 1
607	1210, June 25	645	1247, ,, 8	683	1284, Mar. 20
608	1211, ,, 15	646	1248, April 26	684	1285, ,, 9
609	1212, ,, 3	647	1249, ,, 16	685	1286, Feb. 27
610	1213, May 23	648	1250, " 5	686	1287, " 16
611	1214, ,, 13	649	1251, Mar. 26	687	1288, ,, 6
612	1215, ,, 2	650	1252, ,, 14	688	1289, Jan. 25
613	1216, April 20	651	1253, ,, 3	689	1290, ,, 14
614	1217, ,, 10	652	1254, Feb. 21	690	1291, " 4
615	1218, Mar. 30	653	1255, ,, 10	691	1291, Dec. 24
616	1219, " 19	654	1256, Jan. 30	692	1292, ,, 12
617	1220, ,, 8	655	1257, ,, 19	693	1293, " 2
618	1221, Feb. 25	656	1258, ,, 8	694	1294, Nov. 21
619	1222, ,, 15	657	1258, Dec. 29	695	1295, " 10
620	1223, ,, 4	658	1259, ,, 18	696	1296, Oct. 30
621	1224, Jan. 24	659	1260, "6	697	1297, , 19
622	1225, ,, 13	660	1261, Nov. 26	698	1298, " 9
623	1226, ,, 2	661	1262, " 15	699	1299, Sept. 28
624	1226, Dec. 22	662	1263, ,, 4	700	1300, " 16
625	1227, ,, 12	663	1264, Oct. 24	701	1301, " 6
626	1228, Nov. 30	664	1265, ,, 13	702	1302, Aug. 26

A. H.	A. D.	A. H.	A. D.	A. H.	A. D.
703	1303, Aug. 15	756	1355, Jan. 16	809	1406, June 18
704	1304, " 4	757	1356, ,, 5	810 '	1407, "8
705	1305, July 24	758	1356, Dec. 25	811	1408, May 27
706	1306, " 13	759	1357, " 14	812	1409, ,, 16
707	1307, " 3	760	1358, ,, 3	813	1410, ,, 6
708	1308, June 21	761	1359, Nov. 23	814	1411, April25
709	1309, ,, 11	762	1360, ,, 11	815	1412, ,, 13
710	1310, May 31	763	1361, Oct. 31	816	1413, ,, 3
711	1311, " 20	764	1362, ,, 21	817	1414, Mar. 23
712	1312, ,, 9	765	1363, " 10	818	1415, ,, 13
713	1313, April 28	766	1364, Sept. 28	819	1416, ,, 1
714	1314, ,, 17	767	1365, ,, 18	820	1417, Feb. 18
715	1315, ,, 7	768	1366, ,, 7	821	1418, ,, 8
716	1316, Mar. 26	769	1367, Aug. 28	822	1419, Jan. 28
717	1317, " 16	770	1368, " 16	823	1420, ,, 17
718	1318, ,, 5	771	1369, " 5	824	1421, ,, 6
719	1319, Feb. 22	772	1370, July 26	825	1421, Dec. 26
720	1320, " 12	773	1371, " 15	826	1422, ,, 15
721	1321, Jan. 31	774	1372, ,, 3	827	1423, " 5
722	1322, ,, 20	775	1373, June 23	828	1424, Nov. 23
723	1323, ,, 10	776	1374, ,, 12	829	1425, ,, 13
724	1323, Dec. 30	777	1375, " 2	830	1426, ,, 2
725	1324, ,, 18	778	1376, May 21	831	1427, Oct. 22
726	1325, ,, 8	779	1377, " 10	832	1428, ,, 11
727	1326, Nov. 27		1378, April 30	833	1429, Sept. 30
728	1327, , 17	781	1379, , 19	834	1430, ,, 19
729	1328, " 5	782	1380, "7	835	1431, ,, 9
730	1329, Oct. 25	783	1381, Mar. 28	836	1432, Aug. 28
731	1330, ,, 15	784	1382, " 17	837	1433, " 18
732	1331, ,, 4	785	1383, " 6	838	1434, " 7
733	1332, Sept. 22	786	1384, Feb. 24	839	1435, July 27
734	1333, " 12	787	1385, " 12	840	1436, " 16
735	1334, ,, 1	788	1386, " 2	841	1437, ,, 5
736	1335, Aug. 21	789	1387, Jan. 22	842	1438, June 24
737	1336, ,, 10	790	1388, ,, 11	843	1439, ,, 14
738	1337, July 30	791	1388, Dec. 31	844	1440, ,, 2
739	1338, ,, 20	792	1389, " 20	845	1441, May 22
740	1339, ,, 9	793	1390, " 9	846	1442, " 12
741	1340, June 27	794	1391, Nov. 29	847	1443, ,, 1
742	1341, ,, 17	795	1392, ,, 17	848	1444, April 20
743	1342, ,, 6	796	1393, " 6	849	1445, ,, 9
744	1343, May 26	797	1394, Oct. 27	850	1446, Mar. 29
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746	1345, ,, 4	799	1396 5	852	1448, ", 7
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748	1347, ,, 13	801	1398, , 13	854	1450, " 14
749	1348, ,, 1	802	1399, " 3	855	1451, " 3
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752	1351, Feb. 28	805	1402, ,, 1	858	1454, " 1
753	1352, " 18	806	1403, July 21	859	1454, Dec. 22
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863	1458, ,, 8	898	1492, Oct. 23	932	1525, " 18
864	1459, Oct. 28	899	1493, ,, 12	933	1526, " 8
865	1460, " 17	900	1494, ,, 2	934	1527, Sept. 27
866	1461, ,, 6	901	1495, Sept. 21	935	1528, , 15
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869	1464, ,, 3	904	1498, " 19	938	1531, " 15
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871	1466, " 13	906	1500, July 28	940	1533, July 23
872	1467, ,, 2	907	1501, " 17	941	1534, ,, 13
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874	1469, " 11	909	1503, June 26	943	1536, June 20
875	1470, June 30	910	1504, ,, 14	944	1537, ,, 10
876	1471, ,, 20	911	1505, ,, 4	945	1538, May 30
877	1472, ,, 8	912	1506, May 24	946	1539, ,, 19
878	1473, May 29	913	1507, ,, 13	947	1540, ,, 8
879	1474, " 18	914	1508, " 2	948	1541, April27
880	1475, ,, 7	915	1509, April 21	949	1542, , 17
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882	1477, " 15	917	1511, Mar. 31	951	1544, Mar. 25
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884	1479, Mar. 25	919	1513,, 9	953	1546, ,, 4
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888	1483, , 9	923	1517, Jan. 24	957	1550, " 20
889	1484, Jan. 30	924	1518, " 13	958	1551, _,, 9
890	1485, ,, 18	925	1519, _,, 3	959	1551, Dec. 29
891	1486, ,, 7	926	1519, Dec. 23	960	1552, " 18
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894	1488, " 5	929	1522, Nov. 20	963	1555, " 16
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Agra	615	D	,,	948	Æ
	616	D	,,	948	Æ
100	617	D	,,,	949	Æ
	618	D	,,	949	Æ
	679	D	,,	950	Æ
	679(a)	D	,,	950	Æ
	680 `	D	,,	951	Æ
	681	D	,,	951	Æ
	780	D	Islám Sháh	952	Æ
	781	D	**	955	R
	875	D	Muhammad 'Adil	962	Æ
Aḥmadábád	109	G	Muzaffar III	978	Æ
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Aḥsanábád	2 1 3	Bah.	Muhammad I	775	AR
	3	Bah.	Fíroz	803	Æ
	4	Bah.	**	805	Æ
	4 5	Bab.	,,	812	R
	6	Bah.)1	814	Æ
	7	Bah.	»;	815	Æ
	8	Bah.	,,	816	Æ
	9	Bah.	21	817	R
	10	Bah.	**	819	R
	11	Bah.	**	822	Æ
	12	Bah.	"	823	R
	13	Bah.	,,	825	Æ

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	815	D	Islám Sháh	955	Æ
Arakán	229	В	Muḥammad	962	R
Bakar شيرگره	see Shergarh				
Bárbakábád	163	В	Muzaffar Sháh	896	R
Bhánpúr ?	619	D	Sher Sháh	949	Æ
Biána	684	D	,,	950	Æ
	685	D	,,	951	Æ
	686	D	,,	951	Æ
	782	D	Islám Sháh	953	Æ
	783	D	,,	953	Æ
Bilád-al-Hind	39	D	Altamsh		R
	139	D	Maḥmúd I		Æ
Chámpánír alias Muham-	13	G	,,	896	Æ
madabad شهر مكرم	14	G	,,	906	Æ
12 24	15	G	,,	907	R
	17	G	,,	90-	Æ
	21	G	"	895	Æ
	22	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	,,	895	Æ
	23		,,	899	Æ
- A	24	G	"	900	R
155	25	G	"	900	Æ
	26	G	n	903	Æ
	27	G	· , ,	903	Æ
	28	G	19	908	Æ
	29	G	20	_	AR.
Chatgáon	110	В	Muḥammad	834	AR.
Cháwalistán alias Kámru	38	В	Sikandar	759	AR.
Chunár	687	D	Sher Sháh	950	Æ
	688	D	,,	950	Æ
	689	\mathbf{D}	,,,	951	Æ
	690	D	**		Æ
	. 691	D	,,	950	Æ
	692	D	,,,		Æ
	784	D	Islám Sháh	953	R
	785	D	,,,	955	AR
Dáru-l-Islám [? Dehlí]	194	D	Muhammad II	707	AV
	195	D	"	710	A
	196	D	,,,	712	AV
	197	D	,,	713	AV AR
	213	D	,,	702	
	214	D	**	706	AR AR
	215	D	,,	707	AR AR
	216	D	21	710	AR.
	217	D	15-1-7-1- T	717	AR
	248	D	Mubárak I	111	AV
	277	D	Tughlaq I	725	A
	302	D	Muhammad III	725	AR
	322	D	>>	730	Æ
	378	D	22	1 . 20	1 224

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Dáru-l-Khiláfa	t [? Dehlí]	243	D	Mubárak I	71-	AV
Dara - Isman	. L	247	D	,,	717	Æ
		249	D	"	718	Æ
		269	D	"		Æ
Dáru-l-Mulk	7 Dehlí]	245	D	31	717	Æ
Dara I manie		246	D	,,	7199	
Dáru-l-Zarb		148	В	Bárbak	864	Æ
2444 1 4415		157	В	Fath Sháh	890	AR.
		178	В	Husen Sháh	922	Æ
		187	В	,,	907	Æ
		191	В	,,	904	Æ
		192	В	,,	904	Æ
		193	В	12	899	Æ
Γ1	[athábád]	202	В	Nasrat Sháh	925	Æ
Ĺ		204	В	,,	925	Æ
$\lceil H_{2} \rceil$	usenábád]	207	В	,,	925	Æ
L.		215	В	, ,	925	Æ
Daulatábád	بلدة تنحت گاه حضرت	300	D	Muḥammad III	726	A
	تنجت گاء	385	D	- (°);	731	Æ
	(1	389	D	29	730	Æ
	حصرت	396	D))	730	Æ
Dehlí	4,000		D	Passim		
Deogír	E Las	198	D	Muhammad II	714	AV.
	100000	199	D	,,	715	A
		218	D	13	714	Æ
	76	281	D	Tughlaq I	721	Æ
اعنى حضرت	قبة الاسلام	307	D	Muḥammad III	727	A
	'	308	D	"	728	A
Dhár	دره	379	D	"	731	Æ
		380	D	,,	731	Æ
		381	D	,,	731	Æ
Fathábád		620	D	Sher Sháh	949	Æ
		104	В	Muḥammad	840	Æ
		119	В	Maḥmúd	86-	Æ
		153	В	Fath Sháh	886	Æ
		154	В		886	Æ
		160	В	Fíroz Sháh	893	Æ
		169	B	Ḥusen Sháh	899	Æ
		170	В	,,	899	Æ
		175	В	,,	89-	Æ
T14 41 43	دار الضرب	202	В	Nașrat Sháh	925	Æ
Fírozábád	اليلدة	$\begin{array}{c} 22 \\ 23 \end{array}$	B B	'Alí Sháh	743	AR AD
		24	B	Iliyás Sháh	744	Æ
		25	В	9	754	Æ
		26 26	В	13	754	Æ
		27	B	39	757	Æ
	,	28	В	**	75- 753	Æ
	ا حضرت	29	B	**		AR AD
	- ()	20	ایر	29	758	AR.

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Fírozábád	()	33	В	Iliyás Sháh	747	Æ
111024544		34	В	"	-4-	AR.
	البلدة	34(a)	В	"	751	R
	()	37	В	Sikandar	759	R
		47	В	1)	764	R
		48	В	,,	771	Æ
		49	В	,,	777	Æ
	,	52	В	"	781	R
	(53	В	37	787	AR.
		54	В	,,		AR.
	} بلدة	59	В	"	767	AR.
	3000	60	В	,,	782	Æ
	1	61	В	,,	783	Æ
	1	62	В	, ,,	786	Æ
		65	В	Á'zam Sháh	79-	Æ
	- (66	B	,,	79-	R
		67	B	"	793	AR.
	1	68	$\tilde{\mathbf{B}}$,,	799	AR.
		69	B		7	
)	7 0	B	77 - 77	788	Æ
	} حضرت	71	B	,,	788	R
	1000	72	B	25 5 70 50	794	Æ
	165	73	B B	"	793	Æ
	4.00	87	В	Hamza Sháh		Æ
	1-17-20	88	B	0 - 80000	814	R
		90	B	Báyazíd	817	Æ
		91	B	"	816	AR.
		92	B		817	Æ
TM /1. / .1		93	B	Muhammad Sháh	818	Æ
Fírozábád		94	B		819	Æ
		95	B	,,	822	Æ
		96	B	**	823	Æ
		97	B	,,	824	Æ
		98	B	>>	828	
		108	B	>7	834	
a		621	D	Sher Sháh	949	1 .
Gwáliar		622	D		949	
		623	D	"	951	AR.
		624	Ď	"	951	
		625	Ď	,,	952	
		693	Ď	,,,	950	
		694	D	"	951	
		695	D	>>	951	
			Ď	"	951	1
		696	D	,,	95-	
		697	D	**		Æ
		697 (a)	D	Islám Sháh	952	AR
		786	D		955	
		787	D	,,	956	
		788	a	"	957	
		789 790	D	"	958	

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Gwáliar	791	D	Islám Sháh	959	Æ
	792	D	,,	960	Æ
	876	D	Muḥammad 'Ádil	961	R
	880	D	39		Æ
Hissár	698	D	Sher Sháh	950	Æ
	699-704	D	29		Æ
Ḥusenábád	177	В	Husen Sháh	914	Æ
	179	В	"	919	Æ
	180	В	"		AR
	182	В	"	900	R
	188	В	"		R
	189	В	39	9	Æ
	190	В	,,	89-	Æ
	199	В	"		Æ
0.00	200	В	"···	899	Æ
خزانه	206	В	Nasrat Sháh	925	Æ
خزانه دار الضرب	207	В			
دارانصرب	213	В	"	925	AR.
	220	В	Fíroz Sháh	925	AR.
	224	В		939	AR.
	227		Mahmúd III	939	R
Jahánpanáh [Dehlí]	700	B	01 "01 (1	940	AR.
aguan banan [Deniil]	626		Sher Sháh	946	Æ
100	627	D	29	947	AR.
	628-632	D	17	948	AR.
	633, 634	D	T 1 ()	949	Æ
Jannatábád	793	D	Islam Shah	955	Æ
Januatatau	76	В	A'zam Sháh	-9-	R
Jaunpúr	77	В	7 13 17 14	79-	R
Jaunpur	579	D	Bahlol Lodí	888	Æ
	580	D	**	889	Æ
\setminus	581	D	35 3	893	Æ
Jhúnsí	881	D	Muhammad 'Adil	963	Æ
Kálpí	877	D	C1 22 C1 12	964	R
Kaipi	635	D	Sher Sháh	949	Æ
	636	D	17	950	Æ
	705	D	***	949	Æ
	706	D	22	949	Æ
	707-709	D	22	950	Æ
	710-712	D			Æ
	794	D	Islám Sháh	953	R
	794 (a)	D	"	954	Æ
Kámrú <i>alias</i> Cháwalistán	816	D	ou "	952	Æ
عرصة	38	В	Sikandar bin Iliyás	759	R
Kashmír		K	Passim		
Khalífatábád	211	В	Nasrat Sháh	922	Æ
	212	B	when onen	1	
2	225	B	Mahmúd III	922	AR AD
Khánpúr	51	G	Muzaffar II	942 9	AR AR
Khazana	see Treasury		au uzanar 11	926	1 /H.

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Lakhnautí	138	D	Mahmud I	655	Æ
	139	D	-		A.
	140	D	33	65-	AR
1.	4 1 74	D	Balban		Æ
خطه شهر قليم	155	D		667	R
شف	328	D	Muhammad III	-	R
تَلْقَ	382	D		731	Æ
Lan-	6	В	Yúzbak	653	Æ
	7	В	Kai Káús	691	AR.
	8	B		693	AR.
	10	B	Fíroz	715	AR.
	11	B	2.1102	720	Æ
	1 12	В	Bughra Sháh	718	AR.
مضرت	14	В	Bahádur	_	AR
Mahmúdábád	116	B	Maḥmúd	858	Æ
Malot	714	D	Sher Sháh	950	Æ
	715	D		951	Æ
	716-718	D	33	_	Æ
	817-818	D	Islám Sháh	952	Æ
	819	$\tilde{\mathbf{D}}$	Igidii Sida		Æ
Mu'azzamábád	42		Sikandar bin Iliyás	760	AR
	ACCUSE LANGUAGE	B	79.30200	761	AR.
قليم	44	В	"	764	AR
1- 5	50	B	2	777	AR.
	74	B	Á'zam Sháh	793	AR
		B		7	R
ليلد	82	$\overline{\mathbf{B}}$	23	799	R
	83	B	99		R
	101	B	Muḥammad		AR
	168	В	Husen Sháh	907	A
	183	B		900	Æ
Muhammadábád	156	В	Fath Sháh	88-	Æ
	194	В	Husen Sháh	900	Æ
	195	B	•	909	R
	196	В	;; ;;	912	Æ
	197	В	,,	913	R
	216	B	Nasrat Sháh	934	Æ
	217	В	,,		Æ
	218	В	,,	_	R
	19	Bah.	Ahmad II	859	Æ
	32	Bah.	Humáyún	863	Æ
	34	Bah.	Muhammad III	878	A
	37	Bah.	Mahmud	_	N
	/ 13	G	Mahmud I	896	AR
	14	G	22	906	R
	15	G	,,	907	Æ
شهرمكرم	17	G G		90-	AR
سهرمسرم	21-22	Ğ	,,	895	Æ
	23	Ğ	,,	899	AR
	24	Ğ	;· ;;	900	R

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Muḥammadábád	(25	G	Maḥmúd I	900	Æ
III UIII III U	26-27	G	"	903	R
شهرمکرم عرف چانپانیر Multán سراعظم Mustafábád	28	G	"	908	R
•	29	G	"		Æ
Multán	82	D	Altamsh?		Æ
Mustafábád ملع اعظم	£ 40	G	Maḥmúd I	883	Æ
Nárnol	719-720	D	Sher Sháh	950	Æ
2.102	721	D	,,	951	Æ
	722	D	13	952	Æ
	795	D	Islám Sháh	960	Æ
	820	D		956	Æ
	878	D	Muḥammad 'Adil	961	Æ
Nașratábád	125	B	Mahmúd	862	Æ
11851666564	208	B	Nașrat Sháh	927	Æ
	209	$\widetilde{\mathbf{B}}$	-	930	R
	210	B	22	2	Æ
Qanauj <i>alias</i> Shergarh	see Shergarh	1	anani	_	216
Rasúlpúr	637	D	Sher Sháh	950	Æ
Sambhal	723	D		950	Æ
Bambhai	724-726	\mathbf{D}	**	951	Æ
Satgáon	324	Ď	Muhammad III	729	AR.
Datgaon	325	D	-1/30	730	R
33	327	D	29	733	R
4 1	10.00	D	27		Æ
عرصة	638	D	Sher Sháh	730 950	Æ.
	796	D	Islám Sháh		
	COURT CO.	D	isiam Shan	952	Æ
	797	В	Citi	957	R
	56	В	Sikandar bin Iliyás	781	AR.
	57	B	"	782	R
	58		1: " GI GI		Æ
عرصة	78	B	Á zam Sháh	7	Æ
		B	"		Æ
	80	B	"	790	Æ
	81	B	77	790	AR
	\ 84	В	"		AR.
	99	В	Muḥammad	821	Æ
CLIMITE INT.	100	B)) TT 1	82-	AR.
دارالملك Shádíábád		M	Hoshang		Æ
	15	M	Muhammad .	840	A
	16	M	Maḥmúd	870	A
	17	M	"		A
حضرت	. 23	M	"	847	В
-J	23 (a)	M	"	848	В
	24	M	,,	851	В
	25	M	33	853	В
	1 29	M	**		В
	() 30	M	,,	864	Æ
دار الملك	31	M	"	850	Æ
	(32-33	M	"	85-	Æ
دار الملك مضرت	34	M	"	877	Æ
مصرت	35-36	M	,,,	87-	Æ

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Shádíábád "III. I	37	M	Maḥmúd		Æ
ا دار الملك Shadiabad خضرت حضرت	39-40	M	·	85-	Æ
حضر دین	41	M	Ghiyás Sháh		A
Sháhgarh	821-823	D	Islám Sháh	959	Æ
Jimi gai	824	$\widetilde{\mathbf{D}}$	IBIOIN CHAIL		Æ
	882-884	$\tilde{\mathbf{D}}$	Muhammad 'Adil	961	Æ
Shahr-i-nau	35	B.	Iliyás Sháh	301	AR
Jiiani-i-nau	36	B	Iliyas Shan	74-	AR
	55	B	Sikandar bin Iliyás	78-	Æ
Sharífábá d	639	D	Sher Sháh	946	Æ
Snarnabau	640	D		948	AR
	641	D	**	949	AR
ClI	642	D	13		AR
Shergarh		D	"	947	AR.
	643-645	D	>?	948	AR AR
	646-647	D	1)	949	
	727	D	"	951	Æ
(733-734	D	,,	951	
ا قلعه	735	ת	12	952	Æ
l	736-739	D	"	0.71	Æ
	740	\mathbf{p}_{-}	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	951	Æ
Shergarh <i>alias</i> Bakar	648-649	D	1,	950	AR AR
. EE.	650	D	T.14, G1.41	951	AR
11/40	798	7	Islám Sháh	955	AR.
	799-799(a)		Sher Sháh	959	AR
Shergarh alias Dehlí	651	D	Sher Shah	949	AR.
	652	D	22	951	AR T
	728	D	33	950	Æ
-	729-731	D	19	951	Æ
	732	D	,,	952	Æ
	800	D	- 1. ²²	952	AR.
Shergarh <i>alias</i> Qanauj	825-826	D	Islám Sháh	955	Æ
	827	D	"	95-	Æ
	828-829	D	,,	956	Æ
	830	D	27	957*	
	831	D	37	-	Æ
Sultánpúr	305	D	Muhammad III		A
حضرة جلال Sunargaon	17	В	Mubárak Sháh	745	AR
-	18	В	,,	747	Æ
	19	В	,,	748	A
	20	В	,,	749	A
	21	В	Ghází Sháh	751	AR
	30	В	lliyás Sháh	755	Æ
	31	В	,,	757	AR
	31 (a)	В	,,,	756	Æ
	31 (b)	В	,,	757	Æ
	32	В	,,	754	A
	39	В	Sikandar bin Iliyás	759	Æ
	40	В	"	760	Æ
	41	В	"	784	A
	63	В	,,	758	Æ
	64	В	,,	759	AR

Mint	No. in Catalogue	Dynasty	Sulţán	Date	Metal
Tánda	236	В	Dáúd	980	Æ
Tirhut	384	D	Muḥammad III	731	Æ
Treasury خزانه	133-134	В	Bárbak	864	Æ
	140	В	"	867	Æ
	141	В	99	868	Æ
	146	В	,,	871	R
	149	В	Yúsuf Sháh	881	Æ
	152	B B	Fath Sháh	887	A
	155	В	,,	888	AR.
	161	В	Fíroz	893	Æ
	165	В	Muzaffar	898	AR.
	167	В	Husen Sháh	899	A
	171	B		905	Æ
	172	B B	,,	919	AR.
	173	В	"	7	Æ
	174	В	**	899	Æ
	176	В	"	912	Æ
	181	В	,,	899	AR.
	186	В	,,	912	Æ
	198	В	7/20		R
Tughlaqpúr alias Tirhut	384	D	Muhammad III	731	Æ
Ujjain	653	D	Sher Sháh	949	Æ

APPENDIX C

LIST OF SÚRÍ MINTS

SHER SHÁH		ISLÁM SHÁH		
m f Ab f u	Æ	Ágra	Æ	
Ágra	AR Æ	Alwar	Æ	
Alwar	Æ	Biána	Æ	
Bhánpur	Æ	Chunár	Æ	
Biána	Æ	Gwáliar	Æ	
Chunár	Æ	Jahánpanáh	$I\!\!R$	
Fathábád	Æ	Kálpí	$A \!\!\! R = A \!\!\!\! E$	
Gwáliar	AR Æ	Malot	Æ	
Ḥiṣṣár	Æ	Nárnol	Æ Æ	
Jahán panáh	Æ	Satgáon	Æ	
Kálpí	AR Æ	Sháhgarh	Æ	
Lakhnau	Æ	Shergarh [Bakar]	${A\!\!R}$	
Malot	Æ	" [Dehlí]	${R}$	
Nárnol	Æ	" [Qanauj]	Æ	
Rasúlpúr	Æ			
Sambhal	Æ			
Satgáon	Æ	MUHAMMAD 'ÁDIL		
Sharífábád	Æ	Agra	Æ	
Shergarh	AR Æ	Gwáliar	AR Æ	
" [Bakar] <i>A</i> R	Jaunpúr	Æ	
" [Dehlí]	Æ Æ	Jhúņsí	Æ	
" [Fort]	Æ	Nárnol	Æ	
Ujjain	$A\!\!R$	Sháhgarh	Æ	

APPENDIX D

GLOSSARY OF TITLES AND PHRASES ON THE COINS IN THIS VOLUME

may God perpetuate his government.

son (of).

father of victory. ابو الفتح

father of excellence. ابو الفضل

father of the warrior.

father of laudable actions.

father of the victor. ابو المظفر

father of battles.

.choice اختيار

I testify that.

obey God and obey the prophet and those in authority among you (Qurán IV. 62).

country (clime).

الأمام the religious chief.

الباذل the munificent.

الحامى الدين الديان the defender of the faith of the requiter (God).

لخامي لاهل الايمان the defender of the people of the true faith.

the clement.

لحليم الخطّاب (عمر) the eloquent ('Umar).

the legal dirham.

الدنيا و الدين the world and religion. hoping for the mercy of God the bountiful.

the merciful.

the kind to the servants of God.

السعيد the fortunate.

السلطان الاعظم the supreme sovereign.

السلطان السلاطين the sovereign of sovereign.

the great sovereign. السلطان المعظم the testifier. الشهيد the Lord the eterna the Lord the eternal.

الصديق (ابوبكر) the sincere (Abúbakr).

the just.

the glory.

العفان the defender.

the champion. الغازي

الغني the rich.

الفاتح the conqueror.

الفاروق (عمر) the timid ('Umar).

the silver coin.

القاهر the triumphant.

the constant.

القايم القوى الاسلام the strong in the faith of Islám.

the sufficient.

the bountiful.

trusting in the merciful one.

the warrior.

the chosen.

the accepted ('Alí). المرتضى (علي)

the seeker of aid from God. المستنصر بالله

established by God.

المعتصم بالله relying on God.

الملتجي seeking refuge.

dominion and greatness are of God. الملك و العظمة لله

> the beneficent. المتنان

المنصور the protected.

الموتد strengthened.

المهيمن the confiding one.

supporter of the religion of the requiter (God). الناصر لدين الديان

الواثق the one who trusts.

the guardian.

the commander of the faithful.

by the help of.

in deed and in proof.

in the support.

بعنایت by the bounty (of).

in or by the help (of).

.crown تاج so long تا گردون قرص مهروماه so long as the orb of the sun and moon remains.

the seat of the throne.

the glory.

glory be to God's protection and majesty.

defender of the faith of the prophet. حامی ملّة رسول sword. sufficient is the Lord.

خلد الله ملكه و سلطانه و اعلى امرة may God perpetuate his kingdom and sovereignty and exalted power.

> خلدت خلافته may his Khalifate be perpetuated.

may his kingdom be perpetuated.

خليفة الزمان Khalífa of the age.

the Khalifa of God.

دار الاسلام the seat of the faith of Islám.

دار اللافة the seat of the Khalifate (the capital).

the seat of the mint.

the seat of the kingdom (the capital).

may his sovereignty long continue.

درة pass (of).

the Lord of the two lights ('Usman).

رب العالمين Lord of the two worlds (heaven and earth).

the accepted.

the pillar.

سكندر الثاني the second Alexander. the Alexander of the age.

coined money current (lawful) in the time of the hopeful slave.

sovereign of the time and the age.

the sun. شبس

the bright star-meteor.

the great city (Mustafábád).

the blessed city (Chámpánír).

the shadow of God.

his servant and his prophet.

district. عرصة

He the sublimity.

علا للق the sublimity of the truth.

defender of Islám and Musulmáns. غوث الاسلام و المسلمين

the succour.

ornament. فنحر

.pearl فريد

in the time (of). في زمن or زمان

in the path (of).

in (the months of) the year.

the metropolis (lit. arch) of the tribes of Islam.

companion.

pole star. قطب

sovereignty is not conferred upon every man; some (are set over) others (Qurán IV. 62).

warrior.

reviver of the laws of the last of the prophets.

he who honours.

he who assists.

he who obeys the sovereign, truly he obeys the merciful one (God).

this tanka is sealed as current in the reign (of). مهر شد تنکع رائب در روزگار deputy.

.helper ناصر

God is the rich and you the poor (Qurán XLVII. 40).

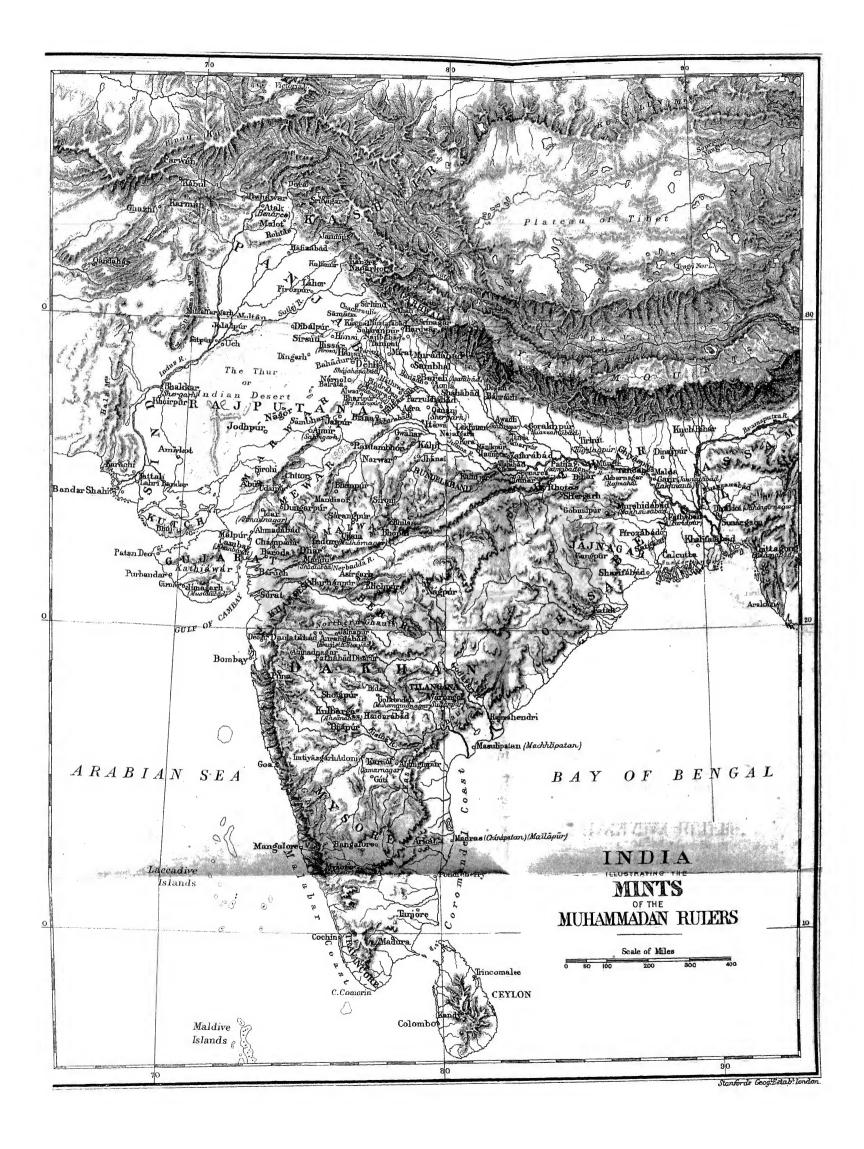
heir-apparent-vicegerent.

. Divine يزداني

the right hand of the Khalisate.

Note.—I have to thank Dr. O. Codrington for kind assistance in the compilation of this glossary.





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